Official Texas Historical Grave Marker Gregg County (Order #5134)

Location: Greenwood Cemetery, Magrill St., Longview

JOHN TYSON SMITH*
(OCT.29,1846-MAY 15,1916)***

IN 1855 ALABAMA-BORN JOHN TYSON

SMITH MOVED WITH HIS PARENTS TO

UPSHUR COUNTY, TEXAS. A CONFEDERATE

VETERAN, HE SETTLED IN LONGVIEW

ABOUT 1872 HE SERVED AS CITY TAX

ASSESSOR AND WAS JUSTICE OF THE

PEACE FOR TWO TERMS.HE WAS

ELECTED TO FIVE TERMS AS GREGG

COUNTY JUDGE, 1888-1898 ACTIVELY

INVOLVED IN DOWNTOWN REAL ESTATE

DEVELOPMENT, HE RAN THE SMITH

UPSTAIRS OPERA HOUSE, 1902-1915.

MARRIED TWICE, SMITH HAD SIX

CHILDREN WHO LIVED TO ADULTHOOD .**

RECORDED - 1978***

*1/2 inch lettering **3/8 inch lettering

***1/4 inch lettering

5134

FILE COPY-DO NOT REMOVE

APPROVED
Truett Latimer
Lychnic Read 2-12-18

JOHN TYSON SMITH
Oct. 29, 1846 - May 15, 1916

He was born near Anniston, Ala. In 1857, he came with his parents to family ferm near Forest Hills Church, in Upshur County. 1864, at 19, he entered General. John Hogruder's Army in Texas. 1865, he returned home. 1869, married & moved to 410 N. Center St., Longview. By 1876, had lost wife & both children by death. 1880, was Tax Assessor City of Longview. 1883, he married Mrs. Nancy Skaggs Keasler, widow. 1884-86, he was elected twice as Justice of the Peace, Longview Precinct. 1888-98, elected 5 terms Gregg County Judge. While County Judge, 1897, the 1st red-brick courthouse was built. 1902-15, he was owner & operator of Smith's Upstairs Opera House at Fredomia & Bank Streets, Longview. He was an extensive business- property owner.

Recorded - 1977

Note - The Historical Commission should choose what to eliminate to fit within the 16" x 12" grave plaque.

Source References

- 1 Handed down through family.
- 2 1880 U.S. Census, Gregg County, Texas.
- 3 Gregg County Marriage Records.
- (4) Gregg County Election Record Book.
- (5) Election Book & Gregg County Commissioners Munutes.
- 6 His estate still exists in Longview, today.

Earl D. Smith 406 E Methvin St., Longview, Texas

Phone (214) 753-2793

BRIEF BIOGRAPHY OF

JUDGE JOHN TYSON SMITH, SRE,

BY

EARL DAVIS SMITH (b. LONGVIEW 8/25/1900)

(His Youngest Child)

BIRTH AND PARENTS

He was born in Calhoun County, Alabama, near Anniston. (He told me as a 12-year old boy) His parents were John A. Smith and Louisa Caroline Kennard. b. Ala. 1823). b. Ala. 1828

(James Jones Kennard family records from Alabama) The extent of his formal schooling was "through the 4th grade." (He told me)

MOVE TO TEXAS

At the age of 9, in 1855, he, his parents and family of 12 children, including two half-brothers, came to a 230-acre family-farm in Eastern Upshur County, Texas, near Forest Hills Baptist Church. (1860 U.S. Census Upshur County, Texas Upshur County Deed Records)

CONFEDERATE ARMY SERVICE

Early in 1864, John Tyson Smith entered the Confederate Army under the command of Magnata, Headquarters at Houston, Tex. After Appomatox, early in 1865, he was mustered out at Hempstead, Texas. He and others walked from just west of Houston, in uniform with their rifles, to his home in Upshur County near Forest Hills Church. (As told to the author - also Hempstead 1865 muster-out out Records at Texas State Archives Library at Austin shows more than one John Smith, with no middle name, were mostered-out at that time.)

FIRST MARRIAGE

On Aug. 11, 1869, he married Elladora "Ellen" Keasler inwestern Harrison. Texas. (HarrisonCounty Marriage Book 6, p. 105.)

FIRST LONGVIEW HOME

On Oct. 9, 1872 he bought Lot No. 5, Block No 2 at 412 N. Center St., Longview, built a house and later moved into it. (Gregg County Book "B", p. 219 from Texas & Pacific Railway Co.)

CANDIDATE FOR FIRST PUBLIC OFFICE

In the first election for new officers of the just organized Gregg County held on June 25, 26, 27 & 28, 1873 with 5 election boxes in the county, at age 27 ran for first Sheriff of Gregg County among 8 candidates. M. S. Durham was elected first Sheriff. (May Term Gregg County Commissioners Minutes) Gregg County was declared "lawfully organized with all officers elected as of - 2:00 P.m. July 21, 1873." (County Commissioners Minutes, July 22, 1873.)

COMPLETE DEMISE OF ALL OF HIS FIRST FAMILY

By 1876, he had lost by death of suspected typhoid fever from a near-by water well, his wife and both of his children. (Peath dates on tombstones in Greenwood Cemetery Longview.)

FIRST RECORDED WORK AFTER FARMING

In1880, he was CITY TAX ASSESSOR, City of Longview.

(1880 U.S. Census Gregg County, Tex.)

It was handed down through the family that after his Confederate service and before he first married, he was in the business of mule-team hauling freight from the Port of Jefferson, Tex. to the City of Tyler.

SECOND MARRIAGE

On June 19, 1883, he married in Harrison County Mrs. Nancy Skaggs Keasler, his sister-in-law and widow of Longview lawyer, Robert Marion Keasler. (Gregg County Marriage License Records).

CHILDREN OF SECOND MARRIAGE

In his second marriage there were four girls and two younger boys, all of which lived to be married. (Three of his children are still living at 77, 81 & 92.)

JUSTICE OF THE PAECE, LONGVIEW PRECINCT

Aug. 8, 1884 he was appointed Justice of the Paece of Longview Precinct to complete an unexpered term. (Book "B", p. 195, Gregg County Commissioner's Minutes)

He was reelected Justice, Longview Precinct in Nov. 1884 & 1886. (Gregg County Commissioners' Minutes, Book "B". pp. 227, 337, 373.)

GREGG COUNTY JUDGE

Gregg County Commissioners' Minutes, Book "B", p. 441, shows -

Date 7/1/1882	County Judge John T. Kilgore	Date County Judge Nov. 1886 Evans S. Terry
	John T. Kilgore	2/18/1887 J. T. Smith
Nov. 1885	Evans S. Terry	Col. R. B. Levy, County Clerk

It appears to be the case of an unexpired term.

For 5 consecutive terms, 1888, 1890, 1892, 1894, 1896 & 1898, he was reelected County Judge of Gregg County, Texas. (Gregg County Election Record Book No. 1, p. 1)

BUILDING OF THE RED-BRICK FIRST Gregg County Courthouse

In May, 1897, late in his tenure as County Judge, the County Commissioners authorized the building of the red-brick 2-story courthouse. Included was the selling of \$30,000 bond issue in 5% \$1,000 denominations. J. W. Doneghey. In Nov. 1997 the was builder new courthouse was completed, inspected and accepted. (May Term 1907, the last of the 8-\$1,000 bonds were ordered paid off.)

COUNTY SUPERINDENT OF SCHOOLS

In the latter years of his tenure as County Judge, his duties were expanded to include Gregg County Superintendent of Schools for which he was paid \$150 per year. (Nov. Term, 1896, shows that he was paid \$150 per year as Gregg County School Supt.)

LATER BUSINES-PROPERTY RENTING ACTIVITIES

In Dec. 1898, and thereafter, he devoted his time mainly to business-property pursuits.

During the marriage of Nancy Skaggs Keasler to Robert Marion Keasler, Mr.

Keasler had acquired the lot and had built the store-building, in about 1880-83,

which is occupied today at 204 N. Fredonia St., Longview, Dragasi's Longview Drug

Store. Some early renters of this property were:

About 1910, Edward G. Spinks' Cash Drug Store

About 1915, Terrell's Drug Store

About 1930 Wilson & Knighton's Longview Drug Co.

About 1967, Dragasi's Longview Drug Co.

By Gregg County deed dated Jan. 21, 1884, he bought from O. H. Pegues & J. L. Finch the 25 x 200 ft. lot at 137 E. Tyler Ave. Longview, where Slade's Men & Boy's Store now is. The Bank St. end is now occupied by the center section of Bennett's McCarley Jewelry Store, 211 N. Fredonia St.

He built the Slade 2-story part about 1885-90 in collaboration with Tom Campbell., later Governor of Texas, at the same time the corner McIntosh Drug building was erected. Doctor's & lawyer's were upstairs, with a partnership stairway in the center from Tyler Ave. Some of the earliest renters remembered by the writer were:

DOWNSTAIRS- About 1905-10, Park Theatre, First Moving Picture Show In Longview, operated by a Mr. Lackey, Manager.

About 1910-15 Zeb Terry's Pool Hall

About 1920-28 Brewster-Goodwin Men's Store

About 1929-35 Woman's Wear Store

About 1935-Present Slade's Men & Boy's Store

(The deed for the purchase of this 25ft. x 200ft. west half of Lot No.1, Block No. 14, Original Longview Town Plat, from O. H. Pegues & J. L. Finch, was recorded in Gregg County Deed Records Jan. 21, 1884.)

UPSTAIRS - Some Early Renters-

T. D. Campbell's Law Office

Skinner's Photographic Studio

Culpepper's Photographic Studio

Robert L. Henderson's Law Office

Slades Stock Room.

McIntosh Christmas Wrapping Room

In about 1910, he built a one-story 25ft. x 80ft. brick store building facing on Bank St. It was on the North half of the Slade's Men's Store Lot. This store building was occupied by these renters -

About 1910, H. E. Piper Ice Cream & Candy Co.

About 1915, Horace Henderson Printing Shop

About 1918, "Shorty Phillip's Miscellaneous Repair & Locksmith Shop About 1924, to present— Center Section, Bennett's McCarley Jewelry

AT LONGVIEW JUNCTION

In about 1895, he built the 2-front 2-story store building now occupied by Wilson Distributing Co. 818 E. Methvin St., Longview. The first renter the writer remembers was the 2-front downstairs A. A. Batson Grocery Store. Our family on N. Center St., before the day of telephones, bought groceries from this Batson Store. In the early

morning, the driver of the mule-team light delivery wagon would call for the grocery want-list and deliver them later in the day. Wilson Distributing went into that building about 1950, and is still there, downstairs. The main renter upstairs, was about 1895-25, Railroad Brotherhoods Union Meeting Room.

(Deedof purchase of Lots 8 & 9 Block 5 of 1873 Original Town Plat of I & G N Town by his wife, Nannie M. Smith from Fannie E. Chaney, joined by her husband, R. R. Chaney Dec. 11, 1889 is recorded in Gregg County Deed Book "K", pp. 267-269.)
SMITH UPSTAIRS OPERA HOUSE

On June 4, 1901, he bought from J. L. terry and wife 2 lots, 25ft. x 200ft., at the northwest corner of Fredonia & Bank Sts. for the purpose of building downstairs two store fronts, 25ft.x 200ft. and a second story of the same size. This was done at each same time the adjacent three25ft. front H. L. Smith Dry Goods building was built. His downstairs south store was occupied by B. W. VanAllen Hardware Store and his north front was occupied by E. E. Crane. Later C. C. Conners Dry Goods Store occupied both fronts, followed by M. E. Moses Variety Store.

When the 2-story building was completed in 1902, he bought out Phil Pegues' opera house business on N. Green St. adjacent to the railroad. He then converted the whole spatiars into a theater auditorium, with elevated stage tiered audience theater seats, with third level balcony. He opened the SMITH UPSTAIRS OPERA HOUSE in 1902 with a full week stand of the San Carlos Opera Company. He continued as manager presenting mainly current stage dramas and black-face manstral shows, etc. until 1915.

LONGVIEW BILLPOSTER

In connection with his Opera House business, in 1902 he also became The Longview Billposter. He continued to exhibit 24-sheet commercial posters until his death in 1916.

(Gregg County Deed Records show that he purchased the Opera House lot on June 1, 1901 from Mr. & Mrs J. L. Terry.)

HIS DEMISE

He died at his home, 410 N Center St. Longview, May 15, 1916, at age 70, as a result of cerebral hemorhages and right-side strokes over a period of about 3½ years.

Longviely Nelvs-Iournal.

Thursday, February 27, 1992 Section C

used to be dangerous

What a grand place it was! And for a number of years after the turn of the century, it brought a little culture to East Texas.

"It was 1902 when John Tyson Smith, a Civil War veteran and a former Gregg County judge, estab-

lished what he called the Smith Upstairs Opera House. The struc-

ture was at

the corner

of Fredonia



and Bank Van streets in Craddock

downtown

Longview.

Actually, when Smith constructed the two-story brick building, he had no intention of opening an opera house. He was just looking for some income from tenants.

But when he was unable to lease the top floor of his building, Smith was approached by Phillip A. Pegues, who in addition to other business enterprises also operated the Longview Opera House.

Pegues asked if Smith would be interested in buying him out. Smith said yes, the would, and the new Smith Upstairs Opera House was opened on the second floor.

Now, Longview wasn't exactly the center of culture nine decades ago, but there was entertainment from time to time. The second and the second

In 1893, for example, the National Mexican Band played in Longview on its way to the World's Columbian Exposition in Chicago. And there was an occasional visiting minstrel and theater troupe. But Smith's opera house created a new era in local entertainment.

The second-floor opera house (a) hardware store was on the ground. floor), boasted an elevated stage, a large, auditorium, and even a balcony. According to one account, the stage curtains "rolled upward from the bottom around a wooden pole drawn with ropes by out-of-sight stage hands. Merchants had their advertisements on the first curtain in hand-painted letters:"

A spiral staircase ran from the box office to the auditorium above. Actors' baggage and props had to be raised by block and tackle from the ground to a stage-level door.

When it opened, Longview's new entertainment center offered East Texans a full week of grand opera. The opera house quickly became a mecca for culture-starved residents.

All the world's a stage

There were Shakespearean plays performed there along with a variety of band concerts, Vaudeville acts, troupes of singers and dancers.

Minstrel shows remained a popular attraction, including a W.C. Fields production. When the great orator and unsuccessful presidential candidate William Jennings Bryan came to Longview to make a speech (it was a fund raiser to help pay for a Confederate monument), he spoke at the Smith Upstairs Opera House, too. Carrier Service Land

Now, most of the attractions at the. opera house were greeted with enthusiasm.

... There was a time, however, when being an actor in East Texas could be pretty dangerous.

A case in point is the celebrated actor Maurice Barrymore, who almost died after a ne'er-do-well shot him following a performance in Marshall back in 1879.

Fortunately, Barrymore — the father of Lionel, Ethel and John and great-granddad of Drew - recovered from the wounds inflicted by Jim Currie, Another actor, Ben Porter, wasn't so lucky. Currie killed him in the same shootout.

At least the tragic incident didn't have to do with Barrymore's stage performance. Rather, it was over a woman.

Anyway, John Tyson Smith continued to operate Longview's opera house until 1915. Within a few years, though, with the emergence of the film industry, many opera houses such as Smith's either converted to movie theaters or closed their doors forever.

Van Craddock is Longview News-Journal entertainment editor. Forebears & Kin

of

John Tyson Smith, Sr.

and

Nancy Melvina Skaggs

by

EARL D. SMITH Longview, Texas

BILLY & JUDY SMITH 702 Delia Dr Longview, TX 75601

LIFE OF JOHN TYSON SMITH, SR.

10/29/1846 1855

- Born near Anniston, Ala., very probably in Calhoun Co.
 - At the age of 9, he came with his parents and family to the newly purchased 320 acre farm 15 miles east of Gilmer near Forest Hills Baptist Church. This was 7 years after the 4 Smith Brothers came to Harrison Co.

1855 to Late 1864 He helped his father farm the 320 acres. He told me, that he took a plug of tobacco with him to the fields, one day, to become a tobacco-chewer. He said the first chew made him so sick that he never chewed again. He did not smoke, either.

CIVIL WAR SERVICE

Late 1864

His father, John A. Smith, at age 36, had been in the Confederate Army a year or two in Louisiana, near Monroe. He wrote letters to his wife often. In one letter he said his health was not good and that John Tyson should hold himself in readiness "to recruit for him".

General John Bankhead Magruder had been assigned to Houston Headquarters, Oct. 10, 1862. Soon afterwards, he had captured Galveston. At age 19, probably early 1864, young John Tyson did go into the Confederate Army, as a private, under Gen. Magruder's command. We assume he went to Houston for the purpose.

In 1863, Gen. Edmund Kirby Smith had been placed in Command of The Trans-Missippi Department, with its capital at Shreveport, La. In early 1864, General Nathaniel P. Banks had captured New Orleans, and was proceeding North along Red River towards Shreveport. There were Union gunboats coming up Red River. General Banks had 25,000 union troops. Confederate Gen. Richard Taylor, son of Gen. Zachary Taylor, had 8,800 men.

The Battle of Mansfield was fought April 8, 1864. In March, 1864 Gen. Magruder had dispatched most of his troops to reinforce Gen. Taylor at Mansfield. Only 2300 of his troops were left in Texas. When John T. Smith's unit got to Mansfield, "Gen. Bank's had precipitately retreated", leaving the Confederates in charge of the field. The Union forces continued to retreat south down Red River.

5/26/1865 - Gen. Kirby Smith surrendered at Shreveport.

After the War, General Kirby Smith was President of Suanee Military College, for several years at Suanee, Tenn.

Date not Known After the Confederate surrender, John T. Smith was mustered out from Hempstead, Tex. near Houston. He, with others, walked in uniform with his rifle, from Hempstead to his home near Forest Hills, Upshur Co. From Kilgore he waded across Sabine River at the gravelly ford just below the present railroad bridge from Longview to Kilgore.

FIRST MARRIAGE AND LIVING SITUATION

8/11/1869 - At age 23, he married Elladora Keasler, daughter of deceased Jos. Keasler and Mrs. Keasler who lived near Lagsone's Chapel Northeast of Longview.

12/27/1870 - Volney Smith, a son, was born. 10/26/1872 - Volney Smith died, age 2 years.

About 1873 - He built a 2-bedroom house on his lot near the top of Methvin Hill on Center St. next to the Capps house at the top. He lived there during the remainder of his 1st marriage.

7/21/1873 - Gregg Co. declared lawfully organized.

June 25,26, - He ran for 1st Sheriff of Gregg Co. in a race of 10 candidates.

27,28,1973 M.S. Durham was elected first Sheriff.

9/17/1875 - Willie Smith, a daughter was born. 1/22/1876 - His wife, Elladora, died, age 22.

6/24/1876 - Willie, the daughter died, leaving him completely alone. During the 5 months after his wife died, he had a colored woman named, Aunt Cilla, help take care of the 2nd child before she died.

8/24/1876 - His Mother, Louisa Caroline Kennard Smith, died.

4/16/1882 - Robert Marion Keasler died.

BETWEEN MARRIAGES

- About 1876 After his first family all died, he decided to build another house on his lot for himself just south, down the hill, and rent the original house to railroad men and their families. The new house had 2 14 x 14 ft. bedrooms with a chimney between and a fireplace in each bedroom. A similar size dining room was attached to the east bedroom. Along the north side of the two east room was an 8 ft. wide porch, the east half of which, was enclosed for the kitchen.
- About 1876 He had built a one big room cabin with a fireplace for the cook,

 Aunt Cilla. It was located just to the back and north of the

 new house.
- About 1877 He provided 6 ft. diam. x 6 ft. high covered wood stave cistern for rain water off the roof, used for drinking and general purposes. A 3 ft. diam. well 40 ft. deep near the Center St. line was mineral water, unfit for general use.
- 1880 He was City Tax Assessor, City of Longview. 1880 U.S. Census, Gregg Co. Tex.
- Date It has come down through the family that at one time he was in Unknown the business of hauling freight, by mule team wagons from the Port of Jefferson, Tex. to Tyler, Tex., a distance of about 80 miles. The main freight hauled was bags of coffee, barrels of flour, bolt goods, etc.

2nd MARRIAGE & ELECTIVE OFFICES

- 12/19/1883 Married widow, Mrs. Robt. Marion Keasler (Nancy Melvina Skaggs Keasler). He was age 37 and she was 24.
- 8/8/1884 He was appointed Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1. (Longview) Gregg Co. Tex.

11/1884 - He was elected J.P. Pct. No. 1, Gregg Co.

5/9/1885 - Ruby Ione Smith was born.

11/1886 - He was re-elected Justice of the Peace.

2/14/1887 - Records show he was County Judge of Gregg Co. Tex. There must have been a special election. Records show that Evans S. Terry was Co. Judge 12/2/1886.

8/31/1887 - Lilla May Smith was born.

11/1888 - He was elected to 2nd term of Co. Judge.

About 1890 - He was admitted to Texas Bar Association.

9/25/1890 - Virgie Bell Smith was born.

Nov. 1890 - He was re-elected to 3rd term Co. Judge.

Nov. 1892 - He was re-elected to 4th term Co. Judge.

Nov. 1894 - He was re-elected to 5th term Co. Judge.

1/3/1896 - Nancy Skaggs Smith was born.

Nov. 1896 - He was re-elected to 6th term Co. Judge. He received \$150 per year as Gregg Co. School Superintendant.

Nov. 1898 - He did not run for Co. Judge. J. N. Campbell defeated W. M. Robinson for Co. Judge. Judge "Tice" Smith retired to private business.

12/22/1898 - John Tyson Smith, Jr. was born.

8/25/1900 - Earl Davis Smith was born.



HOME OF JUDGE JOHN TYSON SKITH, SR. 310 M. CENTER ST. LONWIES. ZM. (ABOUT 1907) Chember of Connerce Lot Inside of fence, left to right: Mrs. Smith, Nan Smith, Earl D. Smith; outside: Lorain Small, J.T. Smith, Jr. J.K.Small

Longview, Texas, May 15, 1972

Gregg County Commissioners Minutes, during the handling of THE RED-BRICK GREGG COUNTY COURT HOUSE MATTERS

- County Judge John Tyson Smith, Sr., Feb. 14, 1887 to Nov. 1898.

 May Term 1897 Authorized, under law of 1893, for building a new Court House (in the center of the court house square) the issuing of \$30,000 bonds, in \$1,000 denominations at 5% interest payable 10th of May and October.
- May Term, 1897 Paid J. C. Clemons, Pres. 1st National Bank, \$250 for money lost in bank robbery.
- Oct. Call, 1897 Ordered all trains from Galveston guarded because of yellow fever quarantine.
- Nov. Term, 1897 Completed new Court House inspected and accepted, built by J. W. Donaghey.
- May Term, 1898 Assessed 25¢ per \$1,000 valuation for paying interest and paying off Court House bonds.

 J. T. Smith, Co. Judge, T. E. Newell, Co. Clerk

 Paid J. T. Smith \$150 per year as Co. School Supt.
- Nov. Term, 1898 Paid R. B. Levy premium on \$10,000 Court House Insurance.
- Corner Stone for New Red-Brick Court House shows1897 J. T. Smith, Co. Judge
 Commissioners G. B. Richardson, W. T. Todd, J. K. Bradshaw,
 W. J. Blackburn
- Feb. Term, 1899 Hon. J. N. Campbell, Co. Judge
 Dushee Shaw, Co. Clerk, J. M. Hopkins, Co. Surveyor.
 O. H. Pegues, Treasurer of Gregg County.
- Aug. Term, 1899 Increased Court House Insurance from \$10,000 to \$20,000.
- Feb. Term, 1907 Last 8 Court House bonds (\$8,000) ordered paid off.
- Aug. 1, 1932 Old corner stone of the original Red-Brick Court House re-laid in the new present center-section of the light-brick Court House by The Grand Lodge A.F. & A.M. of Texas.

Records searched by -Bernice Holt Smith Earl Davis Smith

OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

About 1882

Our Mother owned the Longview Drug building which is on Fredonia St. adjacent to, and just north of, the First National Bank. Robert Marion Keasler, her 1st husband, had built the building just before he died.

About 1897

On property on the south side of Methvin St. between 5th and 6th St., bought in the name of Nannie M. Smith from R.R. Chaney 12/7/1889, he built two 2-story brick store fronts. The downstair parts were rented by A. A. Batson for his grocery store. Our family bought groceries from this store. The Negro driver of his 2-mule team wagon would come to our house on certain morning, receive the grocery list from our Mother, and drive back with the groceries later. The entire upstairs of this building was rented to a Railroad Brotherhood, as a meeting room.

About 1898

In cooperation with Mr. Tom Campbell, later Governor of Texas, and at the same time, the two 2-story brick buildings were built on Tyler Ave. at the Northwest corner at Fredonia St. There was a partnership stairway to the doctor's and lawyer's offices upstairs. Dr. C. W. Lawrence Drug Store was on the corner. In the part next to the corner, owned by out father, in about 1910, Mr. Lackey, brother of Firechief Lackey, operated the first picture show in Longview, called "The Park Theatre."

1901-1902

In cooperation with Mr. H. L. Smith, Sr. he built the 2-story, 2-front brick building at the northwest corner of Fredonia St. and Bank St. The store next to Bank St. was occupied by B. W. Van Allen Hardware and Furniture Co. The next front was occupied by E. E. Crain Grocery Store. The H.L. Smith Dry Goods Store opened in the three fronts north, upstairs and downstairs, in 1902.

There was no renter for the upstairs above the hardware and grocery store. Mr. Phillip Pegues, who operated the opera house on the south side of the 300 Block E. Tyler Ave. persuaded our father to buy him out and put the opera house up-stairs, at Bank St. and Fredonia St. It seated about 300 with a balcony for about 100.

1902

Because Opera House advertising required billposting, he was pursuaded to accept the agency for commercial billposting in Longview. He hired a Negro man, named Fred Brown, to do the posting work. Later it was done by us two boys after school and on Saturdays. There were four double 24 sheet poster boards on four main roads at the edge of town. Some posters, then, were for Wrigley's Gum, Comet Rice and Chesterfield cigarettes.

About 1908

He built the one-story brick building between Bank St. and the picture show building, now Turpee Slade's Men's Store. This was rented to the H.E. Piper Icecream and Candy Co. This building is now a part of Bennett's McCarley's Jewelry Store and is on Bank St.

- About 1910 On property on Fredonia St. he built 4 four-room residences at 419, 421, 425 and 427 N. Fredonia St. Back of these rent houses there was pasture for the family horse and cow. The houses were to be rent-free homes of the four daughters, as they married. Lilla and Ed Spinks occupied 419 and Virgie and Marcus Wood occupied 425 N. Fredonia St.
- About 1911 A fire occurred upstairs, over the Tyler Ave. picture show.

 The building was repaird completely. The 14 inch cube redrock solid-stone columns at the front of the store were replaced with small steel pipe columns.
- 1913-1914 Edward G. Spinks, his son-in-law, operated the opera house, as manager, until it closed.
- 1915 The upstairs opera house closed when the Grande Movie Theatre was built in the 100 Block, Methvin St., with Mr. Dana Prall, as manager.

HOME LIVING SITUATIONS AND DEMISE.

- About 1890 He added two more 14 ft. x 14 ft. rooms on the south side of the original two bedroom house. There was a front 8 ft. hallway and a back 8 ft. hallway between them. The front room was the "Parlar" for the piano and bookcases. A 10ft. wide front-porch, with jig-saw posts, bannisters and trimming, across the street-front side. The entrance from the front porch was into the front hallway. The added back room was 'Mama's bedroom" or the "side room".
- About 1900 The beenives were in a row, facing east, under a high oak tree between the garden gate at the back of the kitchen and Aunt Cilla's cabin. By this time Aunt Cilla had passed away and her cabin was used for horse and cow feed.
- About 1910 City water and sewerage came to Longview. The bath tub, commode and lavoratory was installed in the enclosed back-half of the northside porch. A new 14 ft. x 14 ft. kitchen was added east of the diningroom where the old rain-water cistern had been. Also a south-side kitchen porch and an east-side back screened sleeping porch was added for the two boys.
- Our father at age 67 had his first right-side stroke from cerebral hemmorhage. He finally was able to walk with a walking stick help and with a limp. There was a serious speech impedement. Later a colored man named "Jim" was hired during the day to be with him and drive him to town in his horse drawn buggy for visits with friends on the street.
- 5/15/1916 John Tyson Smith, Sr. died from continuing strokes. He

FAMILY LOT PURCHASES

Date	Buyer	Place (In Longview)	From (Seller)	Price
10/9/1872	J. T. Smith, Sr.	410-412 N. Center St. (1873 Home Place)	Tex. & Pac. Rwy. Co.	\$100.
10/9/72	J. T. Smith, Sr.	419-423 N. Fredonia (1922 Home Place)	Tex. & Pac. Rwy. Co.	\$100.
1/8/1874	J. T. Smith, Sr.	Magrill Lot, N. Center St. (Haven't found sale)	O. H. Pegues	\$400.
12/2/1876	R. M. Keasler	437 N. Fredonia St. (1877 R.M.K. Home Lot)	Clifford Galloway and wife	\$550.
_ 11/24/1879	R.M.K. & J.T.S.	Greenwood Cem. Lot	J. M. Comes & A.S. Taylor	\$15.
1/5/1881	R. M. Keasler	68 ft. more on R.M.K. Home Lot	Augustus Sumner and wife	\$140.
1/21/1884	J. T. Smith, Sr.	Slade's & McCarley's Lot 1, Blk 14 Tyler Ave.	O. H. Pegues & J. L. Finch	\$3,785.
12/11/1889	Nannie M. Smith	818 E. Methvin Lots Wilson Dist. Co.	Fannie Channey & husband	\$1,650.
6/4/1901	J. T. Smith	Fredonia at Bank St. Upstairs Opera House	J. L. Terry & wife	\$1,300.

Note - Have not yet found R. M. Kealer purchase of the Fredonia St. Drug Store lot.

Recollections of Earl D. Smith (as a boy, 8 to 15) About SMITH'S UPSTAIRS OPERA HOUSE, 1902-1915, at Bank and Fredonia Streets, Longview, Texas.

The Smith Upstairs Opera House was built by Ex-County Judge, John Tyson Smith, Sr. on the Northwest corner of Bank and Fredonia Streets, and opened in 1902.* Prior to that time, Mrs. McCullough's boarding house was located on that lot. He bought this lot from Mr. & Mrs. J. L. Terry, June 4, 1901.

It was constructed, as a 75-foot front, at the same time as the H. L. Smith Dry Goods building, which was a 150-foot front. The Opera House was 3 stories high. The ground floor was occupied by B. W. Van Allen Hardware Store on the Bank Street corner. Next door was E. E. Crain's Grocery Store. The 2nd floor had the elevated stage to the east, with the auditorium and the 3rd floor was the balcony, called the "peanut gallery" and "buzzard roost".

The box office was at the west end, along Bank Street. A spiraling stairway, with confortable landings led from the box office to the tiered auditorium.

The stage was elevated at the east end. Actor's baggage and show equipment were lifted by rope, block and tackle, from mule drawn flat dray wagons on the ground in Bank Street, to a door at stage level.

Outside stair fire-escapes led from the back of the balcony and auditorium to the ground at Bank Street. A second escape stairway led from the front of the auditorium to Bank Street.

"The Billboard", the monthly show-business publication listed, for opera house managers, shows that were available for scheduling. This publication has continued to the present day.

All seats in the auditorium, with wire man's hat retainer underneath were sold by numbered reserved-seat tickets. Advanced ticket sales were made at the Cash Drug Store (Edward G. Spinks, Sr. Owner) which was where the Longview Drug Store is now located.

Some of the shows that appeared were:

W. C. Field's Blackfaced Minstrels with "Lassies White". DeArmond Sisters Stock Company -

"East Lynn"

"Ten Nights In A Barroom"

"The Ku Klux Klan"

"St. Elmo"

Stage curtains rolled upward from the bottom around a wooden pole, drawn with ropes by out-of-sight stage hands. Local merchants had their advertisments on the first curtain, in hand-painted letters. James E. Hughes, Jr. sign painter, did most of these signs.

^{*} According to Mrs. Frankie Whaley Tate.

The second curtain contained a "Street Scene", in the language of that day, a background for the singer and comedian who occupied time needed between acts for changing scenery and furniture for the next act.

One ballad singer, regardless of his song, always announced the title: "It was Grandma's Toenail That Tore The Sheet".

Minstrel shows usually had their own marching-band. As an advertisement for the night show, the band and colored end-men gave a late afternoon parade down Fredonia Street.

Daily advertisements for the shows appeared in "The Times-Clarion". One, two and three sheet posters for the shows were posted on boards at strategic locations, about a week to ten days in advance of shows.

Most shows had an "Advance Man" who came to town early, to supply copy about his show and actors for the newspaper, and supply his posters to the local bill poster.

Local furniture stores supplied the special stage furniture and other "Props" for the show. Such procedure always assured complimentary tickets to the "Prop" supplier's family.

Local job-printing offices supplied the printed programs given by the ushers to all patrons, as they were seated.

As a necessary asset for the Opera House, the owner-manager set up the first Longview Poster Advertising business.

Teen-age boys were hired after each show to sweep up around the theatre seats, which always required removal of peanut hulls.

In 1913, J. T. Smith Sr. experienced a paralytic stroke and Ed. G. Spinks, Sr. became Opera House manager.

In 1915, the Opera House was closed. The whole building was then occupied by Conner's Dry Goods Co. The upper floors were used as storage rooms.

In 1937, the building and lot were sold to the Longview National Bank by the J. T. Smith, Sr. Estate to make way for the first part of that bank building.

Recollections by Ruby Smith (Mrs. Paschal Eugene) Johnson On The Early Smith Upstairs Opera House in Longview

- As told to Earl D. Smith

The 1st remembered opera house in Longview was on the east side of Green St., north of and next to the T & P Railroad. It was near Hoyler's Livery Stable, which was located on the Northwest corner of Green St. and Tyler Ave.

When Ruby was 8 or 9 years old, 1893-94, she recited from the stage of that 1st opera house the story of "Jack and the Beanstalk". Her younger sister, Lilla Smith, was in the school play there that night.

The 2nd - remembered opera house was a wood frame building located o the south side of Tyler Ave., east of Green St. Mr. Phillip Pegues was its owner. She remembers seeing stage plays by stock companies there.

The two-story brick building of Ex.-County Judge John Tyson Smith, Sr. at the northwest corner of Bank St. and Fredonia, had been completed with renters in the two ground level store fronts about 1902. No tenant was found for the upstairs. Mr. Pegues pursuaded Judge Smith to buy out his opera house business and the new 3rd opera house was installed upstairs in that new building.

The 1902, Longview High School graduation exercises were held in the 2nd Opera House. There were then eight grades. The names of the graduating class were: Ruby Smith, Pearl Gans, Fannie Mae Berlew, Della Pegues, Julia Butt, Sam Morrow, Verda Eckman and Viola Eckman.

The Jack Howard family lived across the street from the 2nd opera house. The Bass family lived on the same side of the block with the 2nd opera house. (South side of Tyler Ave. east of Green St.)

The Smith Upstairs Opera House opened in the fall of 1902 with a full week of Grand Operas by the San Carlos Opera Co. A week of grand opera was also scheduled later.

The opera house "Season" was from October through April. It now is the same for the "legitimate stage" season.

The road shows had regular season routes at that time and Longview was on that route.

All of the black-face minstrel shows of the day were booked in Longview. There were 2-night stands of Ole Olsen's Minstrels and 1-night showings of Hans Hanson Minstrels. Albert Taylor Stock Co. played by the week and had a 6-night repertoire of different shows.

Ruby was often ticket-seller down-stairs for the opera house. On one occasion her attention was called that she had accepted a counterfeit \$1 bill.

Occasionally she substituted for the piano player. One time, when she played a selection of Chauncy Alcott, which was popular at the time, she got, understandably remembered, unusual applause.

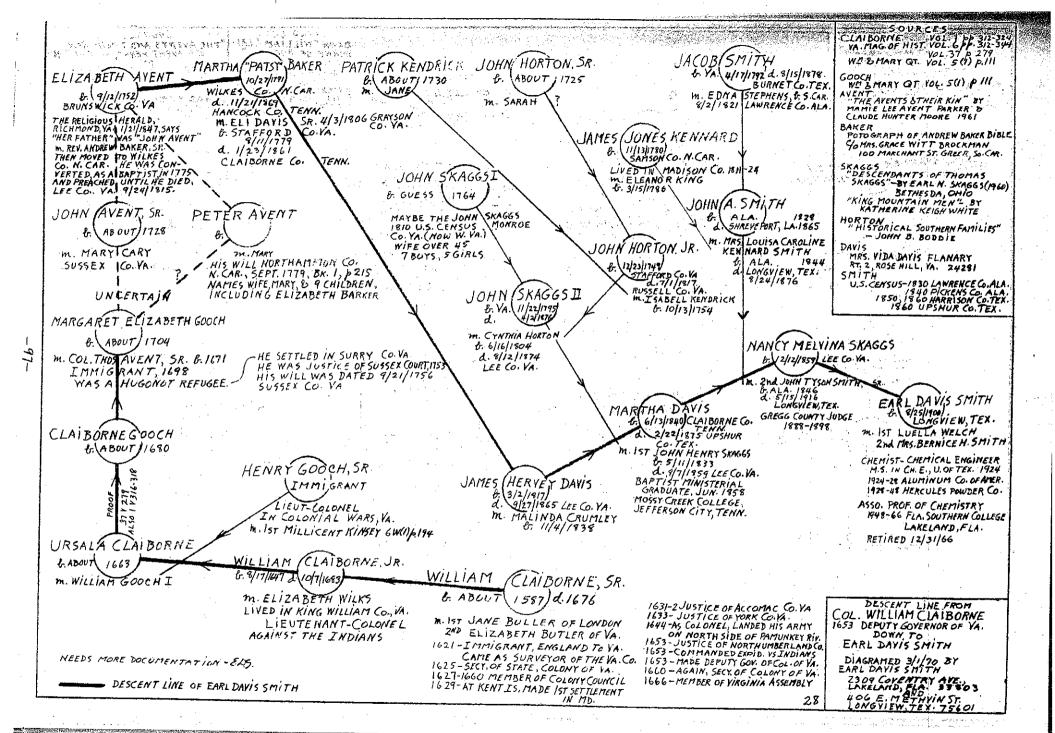
A Mr. Holloway, Alton Holloway's brother, was editor of the Longview newspaper. He was the local theatre critic of the day. He was later the editor of the Gladewater newspaper.

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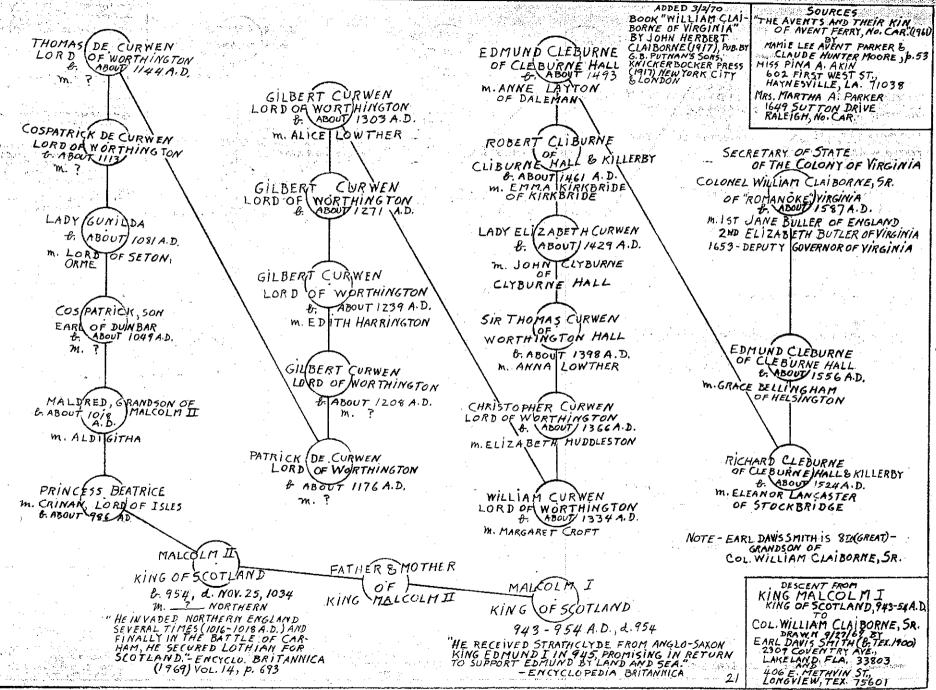
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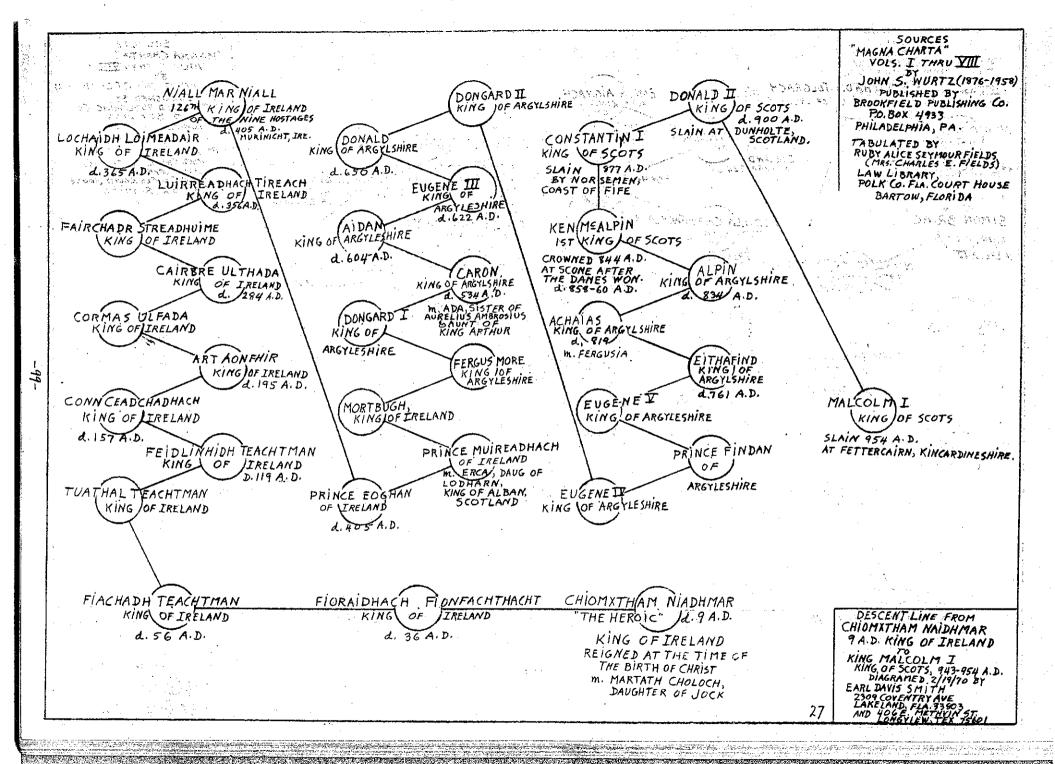
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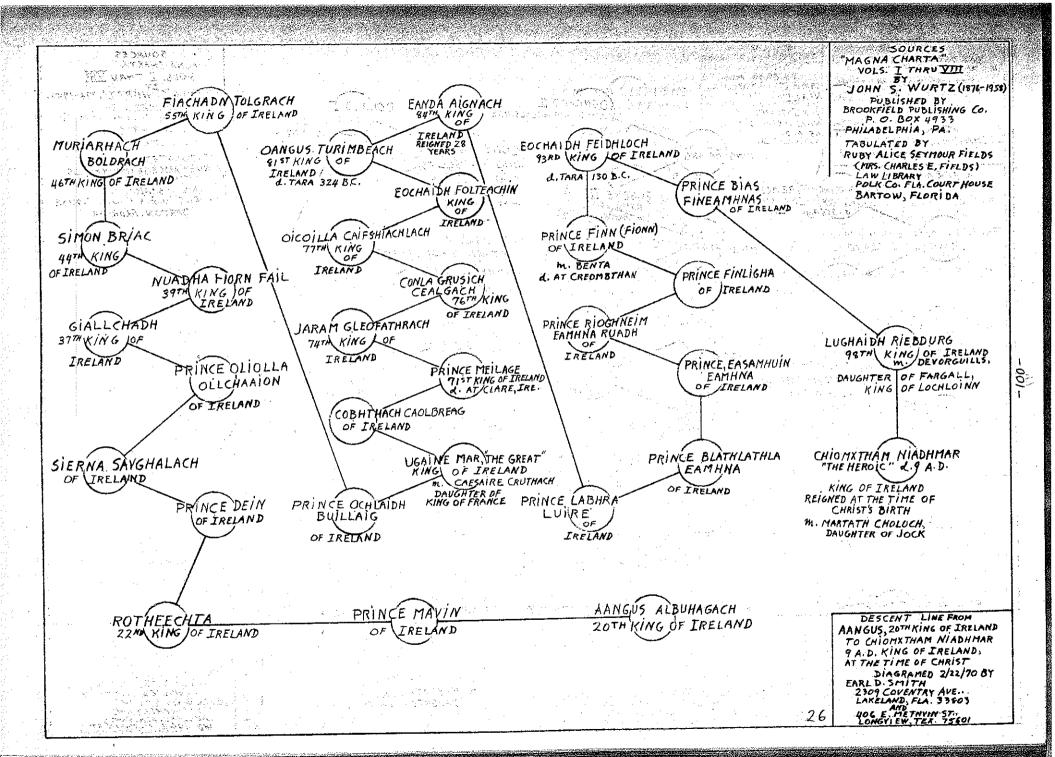
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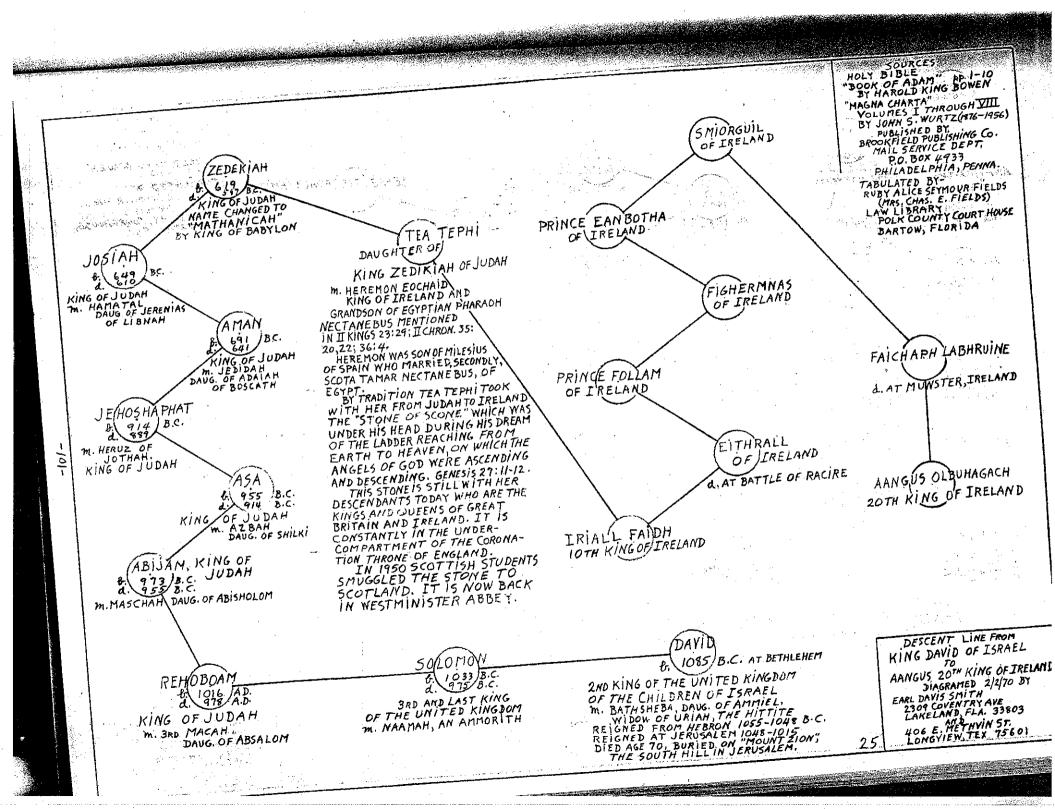


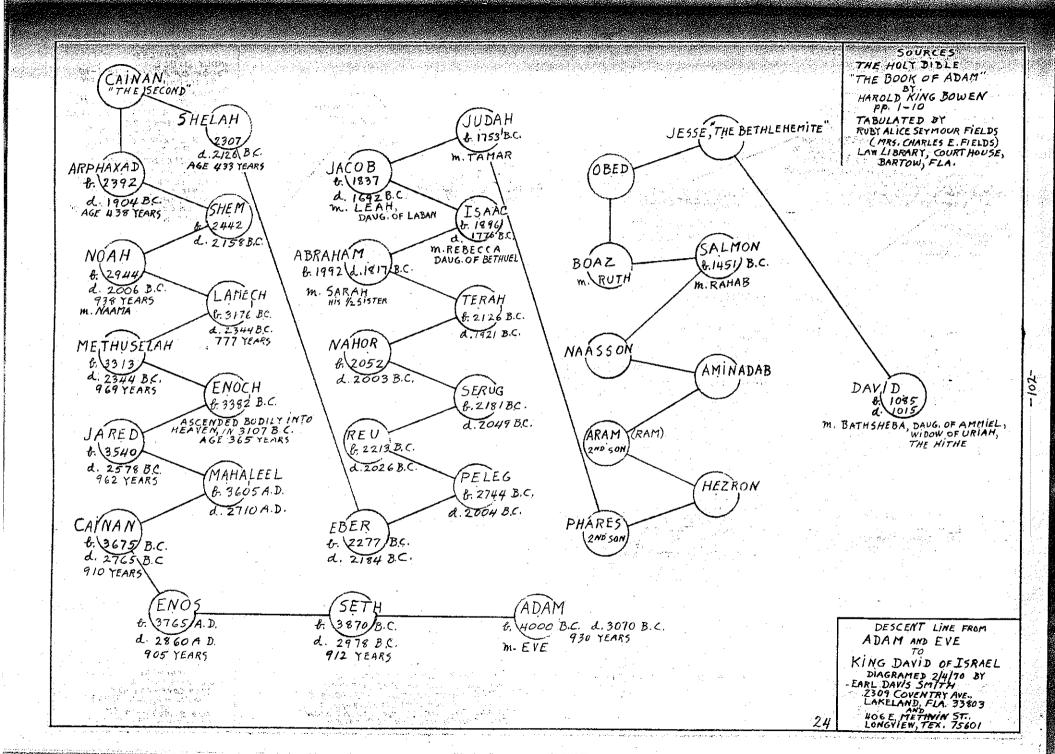












John Tyson Smith. Born October 29, 1845, he moved with his parents and eleven siblings to a 230-acre farm in eastern Upshur County in 1885. He served under General John B. Magruder in the Civil War. He built a house at 412 N. Center Street in Longview in 1872. Smith was elected County Judge of Gregg County in 1887 and served five consecutive terms, through 1898. In the late years of his term he also served as County Superintendent of Schools. After public office Smith entered the business of store building and renting in Longview and adjacent Longview Junction. Some of these buildings stand today. The second story of one of his downtown buildings was converted into a theater and from 1902 through 1915 he owned and operated the Smith Upstairs Opera House. His memory was honored in 1978 with an Official Texas Historical Grave Marker. There is an Official Texas Historical Marker for Methvin on the Gregg County Courthouse lawn. He died May 16, 1916.