

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

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Prepared By: Gregg County Auditor's Office

Laurie Woloszyn, County Auditor



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#### Gregg County, Texas



April 2, 2018

The Honorable District Judges of Gregg County and The Honorable Members of the Gregg County Commissioners Court:

In compliance with the statutory duties of the County Auditor as prescribed by Section 114.025 of the Local Government Code of the State of Texas, the Financial Statements of Gregg County, Texas (the "County"), are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to the requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. The report is prepared by the Gregg County Auditor's Office.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Patillo, Brown and Hill, LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the year ended September 30, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report in presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principals require a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The financial statements are presented in three sections: introductory, financial and compliance. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the County's organizational chart and a list of officials. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found in the financial section. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the report of the independent auditors.

#### PROFILE OF GREGG COUNTY

Located in northeast Texas, the County was inhabited by Caddo Tribes until the early 1800's and partly by Cherokee immigrants until 1839. The County was settled by farmers from the southern United States after Texas achieved statehood in 1845 and the land area is 273 square miles. The construction of the railroad in the 1870's established the early towns that were to form the County. The 2010 person per square mile was 445.

In 1873, State Representative B. W. Brown introduced a bill to create the County from parts of Upshur and Rusk Counties. The county seat is Longview. The name for the County commemorated a leader named John Gregg, who was killed in action as a Confederate General.

Cotton was the early foundation of the economy, occupying about half of the County's cultivated acreage, and the use of the uncultivated acreage was timber for the sawmills. Late in the 1930's, the County was rescued from the Great Depression by the largest pool of petroleum ever discovered in the United States. The new wealth resulted in a multitude of civic improvements being initiated before drilling slacked off.

Beginning in 1964, the construction of Interstate Highway 20 confirmed the County's fortunate location on a natural east-west transportation artery. The economy that was based almost entirely on oil production and manufacturing has successfully diversified to sustain slow growth.

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The general governing body of the County is the elected five-member Commissioners' Court in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of the County's financial planning and control. All departments of the County are required to submit budget requests to the budget officer during May of each year. The Budget Officer uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget along with revenue estimates provided by the County Auditor. The proposed budget is then presented to the Commissioners' Court for review. The Commissioners' Court is required to hold public hearings of the proposed budget. The County is required to adopt a final budget by the first day of the new fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and function. All transfers of appropriations other than interdepartmental operating category transfers require Commissioners' Court approval.

The Commissioners' Court also sets the tax rates, establishes policies for County operations, and approves contracts for the County. The Commissioners' Court is responsible for approving financial commitments and appointment of various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners' Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has the responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners' Court for approval.

The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local governmental units. A primary service is the administration of justice, which includes the civil and criminal county and district courts, justices of the peace, constables, district attorney, investigators, clerks of the courts, sheriff, jail, security and emergency management. Other functions performed by the County include 1) the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges, either independently or in cooperation with other entities; 2) administration of public health services; 3) assistance to indigents; 4) the provision of juvenile, health, education and welfare services involving the care and correction of dependent or delinquent children; 5) property tax collections for multiple agencies: 6) administration of elections; and 7) depository of public records. The County also operates an airport for the benefit of its citizens.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these

objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived: and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

<u>Single Audit</u> As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the internal audit staff of the County.

The County is also required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of expenditures of federal awards, schedule of findings and questioned costs, and independent auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, is included in the compliance section of this report.

As a part of the County's single audit, described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the County has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the County's single audit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, did not identify any material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

<u>Local Economy</u> The County has diversified its economy from oil and gas and now includes manufacturing, medical and retail facilities. This diversification has lessened the effects of the recent economic downturn. Over the past decade, mineral values associated with the oil and gas industry have declined significantly and had an adverse affect on the county's tax base. The rise in property values over this time period, the addition of national retail stores within the county and expansions of existing companies have helped stabilize the overall tax base by substantially offsetting the mineral value decreases. Tax base valuations for the FY17 budget increased from \$8.51 billion to \$8.61 billion.

The 2016 population estimate is 123,745. The median household income for 2012-2016 was \$47,140. Housing units for 2016 were 51,829 compared with 51,648 in 2015. The homeownership rate, for 2012-2016 is 59.3%. The median value of owner-occupied housing units for the same time period was \$125,700. The December 2017 County unemployment rate of 4.1% was down from 5.7% in 2016 and compares favorably with the 4.1% statewide rate and with a 4.1% national rate.

<u>Budgetary Controls</u> The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in August with the final budget and setting of the tax rate approved by the Commissioners' Court following the hearings. Activities of the general fund, certain special revenue funds and debt service funds, if any, are included in the annual budget. Project length financial plans are adopted for capital projects funds. The budget is adopted at the categorical level for operating expenditures. In addition, the budget is approved at the position level to maintain control of salaries at the position level instead of the department level. The County maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end and are not appropriated as part of the following year's budget. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for all budgeted governmental funds.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Long-term Financial Planning The County has adopted several financial management policies to provide guidelines to insure its long-term financial health. The fund balance policy sets a minimum level for fund balance at 25% of the budgeted operating expenditures. Currently, the County is one of the few Texas counties that are not encumbered with major debt obligations. The County adhered to its goals of early retirement of all of its callable bonds and plans to continue this policy if any future debt service is required, which is not foreseen in the near future. The County will attempt to pay all capital improvement project costs on a cash basis. To further strengthen our long-term financial planning, The County annually updates and adopts its formal Capital Improvements Plan.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit The audit was designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The auditors' report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the single audit section.

Awards and Acknowledgements The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. This was the fifth year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another year.

The County, in 2014, was awarded the Leadership Circle "Platinum" Award by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, at the time the highest level of transparency. The Leadership Circle recognizes local governments across Texas that are striving to meet a high standard for financial transparency online by opening their books to the public; providing a clear, consistent picture of spending; and sharing information in a user-friendly format. The "Platinum" award recognizes local governments that go above and beyond providing financial transparency.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the County Auditor's office. We would also like to express our appreciation to all the officials and members of county offices who assisted in and contributed to the preparation of this annual report.

In addition, I express my appreciation to the District Judges, the County Judge and Commissioners' Court members, and all other County officials and employees who have given their support in planning and conducting the financial operation and management of the County in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Edwie Wolosyyn

Laurie Woloszyn Gregg County Auditor



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# **Gregg County Texas**

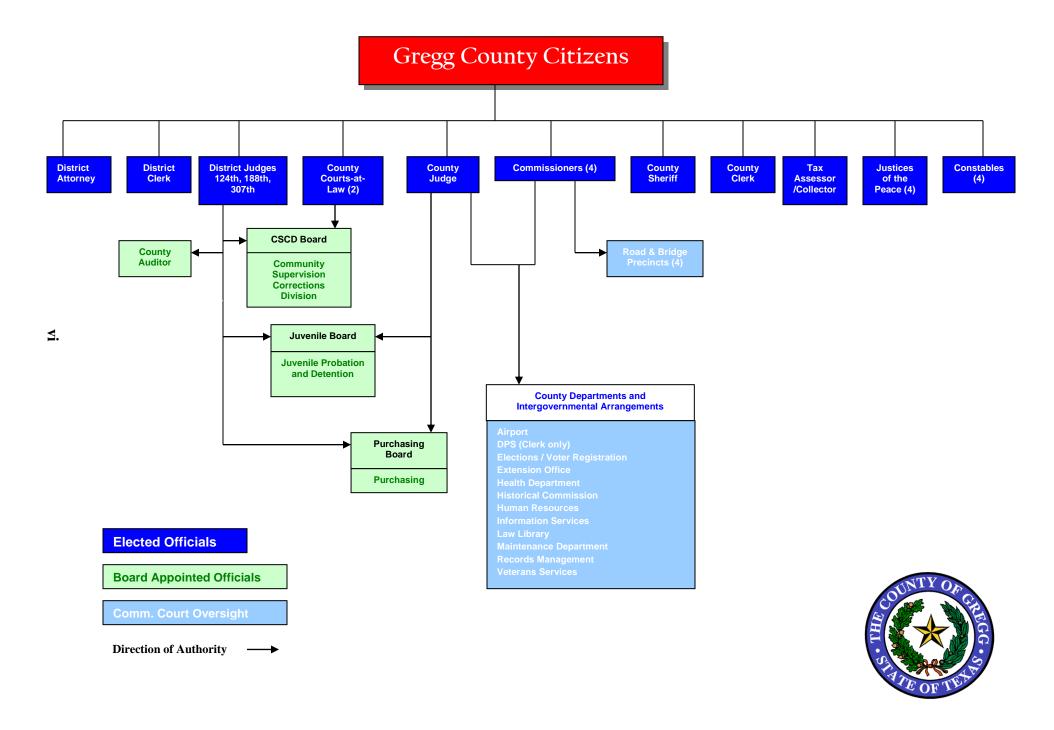
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2016** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# **Gregg County Organization Chart**





#### Gregg County, Texas Directory of Officials September 30, 2017

#### **Elected:**

Bill Stoudt County Judge

Ronnie McKinney

Commissioner, Precinct 1

Darryl Primo

Cary Boyd

Commissioner, Precinct 2

Commissioner, Precinct 3

John Mathis

Commissioner, Precinct 4

Carl Dorrough
Barbara Duncan
Connie Wade

District Attorney
District Clerk
County Clerk

Kirk Shields Tax Assessor Collector

Maxey Cerliano Sheriff

James Plumlee Constable, Precinct #1
Billy Fort Constable, Precinct #2
Daniel Morgan Constable, Precinct #3
Danny Craig, Jr Constable, Precinct #4

#### **Judicial**

Judge, 188th District Court **David Brabham** Judge, 124<sup>th</sup> District Court **Alfonso Charles Tim Womack** Judge, 307th District Court **Kent Phillips** Judge, County Court At Law #1 **Vincent Dulweber** Judge, County Court At Law #2 B. H. Jameson Justice of the Peace, Precinct #1 Justice of the Peace, Precinct #2 Tim Bryan Talyna Carlson Justice of the Peace, Precinct #3 **James Mathis** Justice of the Peace, Precinct #4

#### Appointed:

Laurie Woloszyn County Auditor

Gary Davis

Community Supervision Director

Bing Canion

Juvenile Probation Director

Kelli Davis

Purchasing Director

#### **Other County Officials**

Kevin MarshallVeterans Service OfficerRandy ReevesCounty Extension AgentLinda BaileyBudget Director

Kathryn Nealy Elections Administrator

Roy Miller Airport Manager

Lewis BrowneAdministrator/Health AuthorityRita FyffeHuman Resources DirectorDerold MillerInformation Services Director









#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court **Gregg County** Longview, Texas

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gregg County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

956.544.7778



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance*), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 2, 2018, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas April 2, 2018



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Gregg County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the notes to financial statements and our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-iv of this report.

The Gregg County Child Welfare component unit is not included in this discussion and analysis due to the immaterial nature of the program in relation to the County's finances.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2017 by \$131,475,415 (net position). Of this amount, \$53,811,155 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

- The County's total net position decreased by \$5,797,258 or 4%.
- As of September 30, 2017, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$63,000,154, a decrease of \$4,001,934 or 6% in comparison with the prior year. \$29,882,152 (47%) is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance). \$18,440,280 (29%) is fund balance assigned for capital projects, transportation and road improvements, public safety, drug court operations and other projects.
- At the end of fiscal year 2017, total unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$29,882,152 or 74% of total General Fund expenditures, compared to \$31,124,930 or 80% in 2016 and \$32,520,331 or 80% in 2015.
- Total revenue for governmental activities decreased \$1,599,563 or 3%, mostly due to a 13% decrease in Public Building revenue where it is found that that Contract Jail Revenue has fallen \$827,676 or 49% when compared to last year.
- Total expenses for the governmental activities increased by \$3,497,885 or 6%. The program
  to have the largest increase in expenses was transportation and roads at \$1,613,877 or 22%
  due to multiyear capital road project completions followed by Public Safety for a \$923,462
  increase.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements:** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, judicial, health and human services, public buildings and transportation and roads. The County does not report any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 – 16 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements:** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds:** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government wide financial statements. However unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 16 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Road and Bridge, Capital Improvement and Airport Capital Improvement Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 12 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 – 22 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds:** Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for self-funding for medical and dental insurance and print shop activities. Because both of these services exclusively benefit governmental rather that business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 – 25 of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds:** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 26 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27 – 44 of this report.

**Other Information:** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Additionally, the County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and for the Road and Bridge Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 45 – 67 of this report.

The combining and individual statements and schedules referred to earlier are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 68 – 87 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$131,475,415 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The County's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, is 50% of net position compared with 47% the last fiscal year. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position (9%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$53,811,155 (41%) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

#### **Gregg County's Net Position**

	Governmental Activities			
	2017	2016		
Current and other assets	\$ 101,452,308	\$ 91,962,477		
Capital assets	66,347,330	64,897,518		
Total assets	167,799,638	156,859,995		
Deferred outflows of resources	9,778,755	11,927,238		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	13,197,946 31,884,584 45,082,530	12,797,716 16,878,671 29,676,387		
Deferred inflows of resources	1,020,448	1,838,173		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	65,833,674 11,830,586	64,504,455 11,885,034		
Unrestricted	53,811,155	60,883,184		
Total net position	\$ <u>131,475,415</u>	\$ <u>137,272,673</u>		

**Governmental Activities:** Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$5,797,258 for a 4.2% decrease of the total net position of the County. As a comparison to the prior year, net position decreased by 0.4% in FY16.

#### **Gregg County's Changes in Net Position**

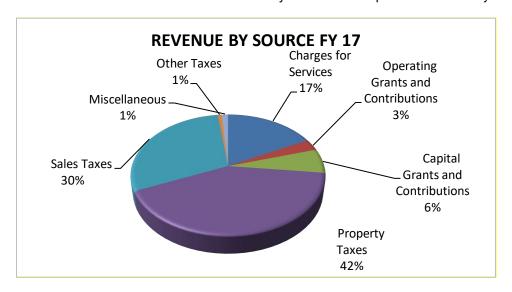
	Governmental Activities				
	2017			2016	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	9,023,744	\$	10,385,134	
Operating grants					
and contributions		1,570,400		1,743,595	
Capital grants					
and contributions		3,355,888		3,331,207	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		21,712,637		21,975,330	
Sales taxes		15,403,190		15,317,566	
Other taxes		375,282		360,457	
Investment earnings		440,265		578,646	
Miscellaneous	_	197,790	_	70,160	
Total revenues		52,079,196	_	53,762,095	
Expenses:					
General government		13,851,975		13,609,494	
Judicial		8,797,765		8,195,921	
Public safety		19,802,883		18,879,371	
Health and human					
services		2,875,016		2,969,427	
Public buildings		3,475,073		3,266,908	
Transportation and roads		9,063,627		7,449,750	
Interest on long-term debt	_	10,115		7,698	
Total expenses		57,876,454	_	54,378,569	
Change in net position	(	5,797,258)	(	616,474)	
Net position, beginning	_	137,272,673	_	137,889,147	
Net position, ending	\$	131,475,415	\$	137,272,673	

The net cost of County services increased \$5,007,769 or 12.8% compared to a 5% increase in FY16.

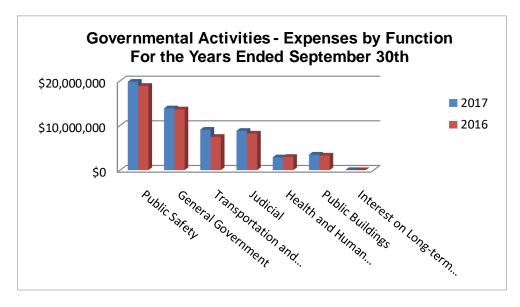
#### Net Cost of Governmental Activities for Gregg County By Function for the Fiscal Years Ended September 30

	Net Cost of Services			
Function/Program	2017		2016	
General Government	\$(	7,497,091)	\$(	7,698,261)
Judicial	(	6,904,465)	(	6,247,247)
Public Safety	(	18,219,511)	(	16,863,467)
Health and Human Services	(	2,474,776)	(	2,591,739)
Public Buildings	(	2,260,737)	(	1,176,800)
Transportation and Roads	(	6,559,727)	(	4,333,421)
Interest on long-term debt	(	10,11 <u>5</u> )	(	7,698)
Total	\$ <u>(</u>	43,926,422)	\$ <u>(</u>	38,918,633)

Property taxes and sales taxes account for 72% of the County's revenue compared to 70% last year.



The following chart provides a comparison of government-wide expenses by function for the current and previous years. Total expenses increased \$3,261,798 or 6% in fiscal year 2017.



Key elements of the analysis of government-wide revenues and expenses reflect the following:

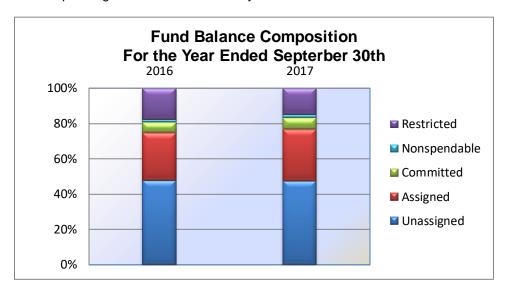
- Program revenues for governmental activities of \$13,950,032 equaled 24% of total governmental activities expenses of \$57,876,454. As expected, general revenues of \$38,129,164 provided the additional support and coverage for expenses. Program revenues consist of charges for services, operating grants and capital grants. General revenues consist mainly of sales and property taxes, which are not attributable to a specific program.
- Over 34% of the expenses are for public safety (\$19,802,883) reflecting the continuing demands on law enforcement. This program provided 3% (\$1,583,372) of the total governmental activities revenues for the year.
- The next largest category of expenses for governmental activities is general government, which equals \$13,851,975 or 24% of total expenses. General government provided 12% or \$6,354,884 of the governmental revenue.

- Judicial expenses for the County for the year accounted for 15% or \$8,797,765 of the expenses while this category provided for 4% or \$1,893,300 of the governmental activities revenue.
- Transportation and Roads accounted for \$9,063,627 or 16% of the governmental activities expenses while this category provided 5% or \$2,503,900 of total government revenue.
- Capital Grant Revenues and Contributions comprised 6% of total governmental activities revenue, 100% of which was in the general government program. Operating grants and contributions accounts for 3% of total governmental revenue distributed throughout all programs.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.



At the end of fiscal year 2017, the County's *governmental funds* reported combined ending fund balances of \$63,000,154, a decrease of \$4,001,934 (6%) in comparison with the prior year. Unassigned fund balance accounts for 47% or \$29,882,152 of the total. An additional \$18,440,280 (29%) is assigned fund balance and is constituted mostly of CIP funds. Committed fund balance total is \$4,076,286 or 6% of total fund balance and would require a Commissioners' Court order to use for any other purpose. \$9,502,857 or 15% of the total ending fund balance is reporting as restricted fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable to indicate it is not available for new spending because it has already been used: 1) to purchase inventories (\$1,085,707); and 2) for prepaid expenditures (\$12,872).

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of fiscal year 2017, the General Fund had an ending fund balance of \$30,687,874 with 3% restricted for other uses.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance of \$29,882,152 represents 74% of total General Fund expenditures.

The General Fund balance decreased by \$2,402,094 (7%) during the 2017 fiscal year. The decrease can be attributed to cash transferred to fund capital improvement projects and a 4% increase in total expenditures while a slight decrease (1.5%) in revenues.

#### General Fund Highlights:

- Property tax revenue decreased \$173,131 or less than 1% from the prior year due to the slight value decline from \$8.61 billion to \$8.50 billion.
- Sales tax revenues increased 3.6% or \$481,266 compared to FY16 collections.
- Actual total expenditures of \$40,322,184 were \$1,750,724 or 4% under final budget appropriations and are \$1,648,146, or 4% higher than FY16 actual expenditures.
- Actual total revenues of \$40,694,142 were 1.2% or \$466,281 above estimated revenues for FY17.
- Total General Fund revenues decreased by \$1,330,373, or 1.5% compared to a 1.7% decrease
  last year and is mostly attributed to the decrease in the rents and commissions from contracted jail
  space (49%). Justice of the Peace fine collections also decreased 11%.
- Total other financing sources or uses were \$2,774,052 due to transfers to other funds primarily to fund capital building and road and bridge projects.
- Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:
  - An increase of \$52,000 in the expected budgeted revenue due to budget amendments.
  - A decrease of \$128,993 in expenditure appropriations mostly due to budget transfers.
- The County continued to share costs with other entities for joint infrastructure projects within the County:
  - During FY17 the projects consisted of the intersection of SH259/Hawkins Parkway for \$400,000, which will be reimbursed by NETRMA in the future and a joint project with TXDOT and the city of Longview for \$1,999,910 for the upgrade of FM2206 Harrison Road.

#### Road and Bridge Fund Highlights:

- The Road and Bridge Fund had an ending fund balance of \$4,638,205, an increase of \$77,290. Of the ending fund balance, \$1,080,428 or 23% is nonspendable for inventories and \$68,959 or 1.5% is assigned for other projects. The remaining balance of \$3,488,818 or 75% is restricted for use on road and bridge projects.
- Road and Bridge FY17 revenue decreased 14% or \$594,724 from the prior year. A \$443,604 decrease in tax revenue mostly due to the final phase of shifting motor vehicle sales tax of \$274,761 or 62% of the decrease to the general fund and a \$91,534 decrease in misdemeanor and felony fine revenue. The Road and Bridge revenue did see an increase in the category for motor vehicle registrations which increased \$267,914 or 21% from FY16.
- Donation of RAP from TXDOT valued at \$485,363 is accounted for as 13% of revenue.
- Total FY17 Road and Bridge operating expenditures decreased \$457,399 or 9% compared to an increase of \$1,290,617 in FY16.
- Other financing sources include \$960,000 received from the General Fund, insurance recoveries
  of \$98,976 and the sale of capital assets for \$22,286.
- Road projects where costs are over \$100,000 are capitalized and accounted for in the Road and Bridge Capital Projects Fund instead of the Road and Bridge Fund. Both funds should be reviewed in conjunction for the proper analysis of all road and bridge expenditures.
- Final expenditures were \$174,606 over the final budgeted appropriations due to the donated material usage adjustment at year end.

- Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:
  - An increase of \$307,093 in expenditure appropriations.
  - The year ended with no budget changes for revenues.
- The FY17 Road and Bridge capital expenditures were \$1,879,254. Total Road and Bridge infrastructure added is \$2,350,784 for the completion of FY17 and any multi-year projects.
- Major road or bridge projects completed this year include the following:
  - Fritz Swanson/Rabbit Creek Bridge
  - Knox Lee Bridge
  - o Tyron Road/Hawkins Pky Intersection upgrade
  - Pleasant Green Phase I
  - Massey Rock Road
  - o Old Hwy 135
  - o Sam Page Road
  - o River Road Phase II

#### **Capital Improvement Fund Highlights:**

The County adopts a five year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) annually designating funds for major facility and infrastructure improvements. Only individual projects adopted by Commissioners Court as part of each budget are considered "approved" projects. Unexpended fund balance rolls forward to the next budget year on contracted projects only. During each subsequent year estimates are used for planning purposes and are reevaluated for approval during each annual budget process. The Court identifies capital projects, updates the five year plan and sets aside available funds with the desire to minimize future debt impact. The CIP develops a clearer path for future capital improvements.

- Major capital projects completed during the year are as follows:
  - Countywide ADA compliance upgrades for the 124<sup>th</sup>, 188<sup>th</sup>, and 307<sup>th</sup> Courts, the Auditor's office, the Hot Check department, the Sheriff 5<sup>th</sup> floor, the North Jail, and Purchasing.
  - Fire Alarm System
  - Terminal Roof Replacement
  - Courthouse Ceiling and Fire Alarm safety system
  - Precinct 1 Shop/Training/Paint Shop
- Construction in Progress at County buildings at year-end includes:
  - Remainder of the Courthouse Roof and Window Sealing project
  - Precinct 3 Training Facility
  - o Juvenile Building Renovations
- Future projects included in the CIP are:
  - County Court Renovations and Courthouse parking facilities
  - Voting Machines

#### Airport Capital Improvement Fund Highlights:

- Major infrastructure project completions for the year include the following:
  - Perimeter road construction phase 2 & 3 at a cost of \$4,901,570 and funded 90% by the FAA.
- Major construction in progress or planned in the near future at the airport include the following:
  - o Master Plan update
  - Airfield Drainage improvements
  - Rehab Lights & Taxiways B,C,D,E,G,K
  - Airport infrastructure: design and construction of runway 13/31, airport computerized access controls and design and construction of ARFF station.
- Other financing sources included \$298,357 received from other funds for required grant match.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The County adopted its' Capital Asset Policy in 2003. Depreciation policies were adopted to include useful life and classification by function. In FY16 the Court approved the increase in the infrastructure threshold from \$25,000 to \$100,000. Standard capitalization thresholds are established for each major class of asset and are as follows:

Building/improvements	\$ 25,000
Improvements other than building	25,000
Infrastructure	100,000
Machinery, equipment and other assets	5,000
Construction in progress	25,000

The County is reporting retroactive infrastructure assets in accordance with GASB 34 requirements. The method used to value the infrastructure is the estimated historical cost based on the average age of the infrastructure system.

**Capital Assets:** As of September 30, 2017, the County's investment in capital assets amounts to \$66,347,330 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, building improvements, machinery and equipment, construction in progress and airport infrastructure.

	Governmental Activities				
		2017		2016	
Land	\$	1,318,940	\$	1,318,939	
Construction in progress		5,062,068		6,659,545	
Buildings and improvements		26,109,935		26,134,611	
Machinery and equipment		3,787,486		4,125,127	
Infrastructure		30,068,901		26,659,294	
Total	\$	66,347,330	\$	64,897,516	

Major capital assets purchased during FY17 include the following:

- General Fund purchases of various law enforcement vehicles (\$266,022) and seven jail washers and dryers (\$84,000).
- Road and Bridge purchased a 2018 dump truck (\$107,454), obtained new leases for three dump trucks, an asphalt distributor trailer (\$22,250), and a diesel generator (\$22,825).

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 36 of this report.

**Long-term Debt:** The County has no bonded indebtedness at this time. Long-term liabilities at the end of the fiscal year total \$13,197,946, which is for an accrual for compensated absences of \$1,195,624 (9%), capital lease payables of \$513,656 (4%) and a net pension liability of \$11,488,666 (87%).

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 on page 37 of this report.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient and economic uses of the County's resources, as well as a means to accomplish the highest priority objectives. Through the budget, the County Judge and the Commissioners set the direction of the County, allocate its resources and establish its priorities.

In considering the County budget for FY18, the Court considered the following:

- An increase in the tax base valuation was realized from \$8.51 billion in the prior year to \$8.61 billion for FY18. Additionally, Gregg County maintained as of December, 2017, an unemployment rate of 4.1%, comparable with both the state rate and national rate.
- Sales tax revenue is expected to increase with a hopeful economy and some expected growth with the tax reform law and government investment in infrastructure in FY18.

- There is no plan to issue debt in the FY18 budget year or in the near future. The County's debt position continues to remain favorable. The Commissioner's Court also continues to fund major capital projects on a cash pay-as-you-go basis.
- The tax rate approved to fund the FY18 budget was .2625 per \$100 valuation, the same as the prior year. This rate has been adopted since 2012. This rate will adequately fund the FY18 budget.
- Budgeted revenue County-wide for FY18 is \$49,996,074 and the budgeted expenditures are \$54,965,802. Total ending fund balance for all funds is estimated at \$48,051,453. Reserves continue to fund capital projects on the "pay-as-you-go" the Commissioners Court encourages. Additionally, other financing sources are budgeted at \$7,411,800 and other financing uses are budgeted at \$8,087,550. Transfers consist mainly for large capital projects.
- Major new capital improvements budgeted for FY18 include completion of the renovations of the courthouse roof and a major window sealing project. Major capital road improvements are budgeted for N White Oak Road, S. Industrial Blvd, W. Goforth, Old Hwy 135, Pleasant Green Road and Blackberry Road. Additionally, the Juvenile Building is scheduled for major renovations during the year.
- The Court continues to look at the feasibility of easing the parking shortage for the public conducting business at the courthouse and any other options available for the public.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances and show the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Laurie Woloszyn, Auditor's Office, 101 E. Methvin, Ste. 306, Longview, TX 75601 or visit the County's website at <a href="https://www.co.gregg.tx.us">www.co.gregg.tx.us</a>.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Primary	Component
	Government	Unit
	Governmental	
	Activities	Child Welfare
ASSETS	Φ 0.500.70	o
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,530,79	
Investments Receivables (net of allowances for	80,317,95	0 -
uncollectibles):		
Taxes	578,23	5 -
Accounts	5,683,22	
Interest	195,59	
Due from other governments	4,039,62	
Inventory	1,094,00	
Prepaid expenses	12,87	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		
Land	1,318,94	0 -
Construction in progress	5,062,06	8 -
Buildings and improvements	54,182,29	
Equipment	20,219,98	
Infrastructure	90,088,78	
Less: accumulated depreciation	( 104,524,74	7)
Total capital assets	66,347,33	0 -
Total assets	167,799,63	8 275,028
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	9,778,75	<u> </u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,778,75	5 -
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	30,125,00	5 6,373
Due to other governments	43,70	
Accrued liabilities	1,715,87	5 -
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year	1,505,91	5 -
Due within more than one year	11,692,03	1 -
Total liabilities	45,082,53	0 6,373
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,020,44	8 -
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,020,44	8 -
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	65,833,67	4 -
Archive restoration	447,68	6 -
Transportation and roads	5,567,38	2 -
Public safety operations	477,64	8 -
Bail bond board operations	41,97	3 -
Judicial operations	126,70	
Airport improvements	170,36	
Court technology and security	418,13	
Records management and preservation	911,56	
Voting and elections	19,40	
Health and human services operations	26,05	
Vehicle inventory tax administration	8,22	
Permanent improvements	3,615,43	
Unrestricted	53,811,15	
Total net position	\$ <u>131,475,41</u>	5 \$ 268,655

#### **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	<u>Ex</u>	penses	fo	Charges or Services	G	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and ontributions
Primary government: Governmental activities:								
General government Judicial Public safety Health and human services Public buildings Transportation and roads Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Total primary government	19	3,851,975 3,797,765 9,802,883 2,875,016 3,475,073 9,063,627 10,115 7,876,454	\$	2,923,510 1,428,754 1,423,690 33,871 1,214,336 1,999,583 - 9,023,744 9,023,744	\$	75,486 464,546 159,682 366,369 - 504,317 - 1,570,400 1,570,400	\$	3,355,888 - - - - - - 3,355,888 3,355,888
Component unit: Child Welfare Board		103,184	_	20,745	_	76,500	_	<u>-</u>
Total component unit	\$	103,184	\$	20,745	\$	76,500	\$	-

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property

Sales

Alcoholic beverage

Other

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

III INCLI	OSILIOTI
Primary	Component
Government	Unit
Governmental	Child
Activities	Welfare
\$( 7,497,091)	\$ -
( 6,904,465)	-
( 18,219,511)	-
( 2,474,776)	-
( 2,260,737)	-
( 6,559,727)	-
( 10,115)	
( 43,926,422)	
( 43,926,422)	_
( 10,0=0,1==)	
	( 5,939)
	( 5,939)
21,712,637	-
15,403,190	-
268,852	-
106,430	-
440,265	-
197,790	
38,129,164	
( 5,797,258)	( 5,939)
137,272,673	274,594
\$ <u>131,475,415</u>	\$ 268,655

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		General		Road and Bridge	<u>lı</u>	Capital mprovement
ASSETS Cash and each equivalents	\$	1 201 625	\$	408,865	\$	5,633,113
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Ф	1,391,625 55,738,595	Φ	3,362,113	Φ	16,193,601
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		33,730,393		3,302,113		10,193,001
Accounts		3,262,523		2,058,197		_
Taxes		493,867		31,500		6,609
Interest		134,377		9,756		40,125
Due from other funds		917,889		-		-
Due from other governments		2,680,571		_		_
Inventories		3,173		1,080,428		-
Prepaid items		12,872				-
Total assets		64,635,492		6,950,859	-	21,873,448
LIABILITIES		0.,000,.02		0,000,000	-	
Accounts payable		29,404,702		147,696		153,582
Due to other governments		38,427		335		100,002
Accrued liabilities		942,324				-
		942,324		105,566		-
Due to other funds				- 050.507	-	450,500
Total liabilities		30,385,453		253,597		153,582
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		421,907		26,910		5,649
Unavailable revenue - court fines		3,140,258		2,032,147		<u>-</u> _
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,562,165		2,059,057	·	5,649
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items		12,872		-		-
Inventories		3,173		1,080,428		-
Restricted for:		-, -		,,		
Archive restoration		447,686		-		-
Transportation and road improvements		19,507		3,488,818		-
Public safety operations		-		-		-
Bail bond board operations		41,973		-		-
Judicial operations		-		-		-
Airport improvements		-		-		-
Court technology and security		-		-		-
Records management and preservation		-		-		-
Voting and elections		-		-		-
Health and human services operations		13,619		-		-
Vehicle inventory tax administration		-		-		-
Permanent improvements		-		-		3,609,788
Committed for:						
Airport operations		-		-		-
Donations to healthcare organizations Assigned for:		-		-		-
Capital projects						18,104,429
Transportation and road improvements		72,052		-		10,104,429
Public Safety		156,358		_		_
Drug Court Operations		38,482		_		_
Other projects		-		68,959		_
Unassigned		29,882,152		-		_
Total fund balances		30,687,874		4,638,205	_	21,714,217
		00,001,014		7,000,200		21,117,211
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	•	04.00= 400	•	0.050.050	Φ.	04 070 446
of resources and fund balances	\$	64,635,492	\$	6,950,859	\$	21,873,448

Airport Capital	Total Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
Improvement	Funds	Funds
\$ - -	\$ 1,966,286 3,993,649	\$ 9,399,889 79,287,958
- -	281,302 46,259 10,346	5,602,022 578,235 194,604
-	10,540	917,889
1,258,453 -	100,603 2,106	4,039,627 1,085,707
1 259 452	6 400 551	12,872 101,118,803
1,258,453	6,400,551	101,116,603
279,380	107,121	30,092,481
-	4,942	43,704
-	87,275	1,135,165
808,705	109,184	917,889
1,088,085	308,522	32,189,239
_	39,528	493,994
_	263,011	5,435,416
-	302,539	5,929,410
	<del></del>	
		40.070
-	- 2,106	12,872 1,085,707
_	2,100	1,000,707
-	-	447,686
-	- 477 640	3,508,325
-	477,648	477,648 41,973
_	94,501	94,501
170,368	-	170,368
- -	357,361	357,361
-	741,526	741,526
-	19,402	19,402
-	12,436	26,055
-	8,224	8,224
-	-	3,609,788
-	1,106,846	1,106,846
-	2,969,440	2,969,440
_	_	18,104,429
<u>-</u>	- -	72,052
-	-	156,358
-	-	38,482
-	-	68,959
<u>-</u>		29,882,152
170,368	5,789,490	63,000,154
\$1,258,453	\$ <u>6,400,551</u>	\$ <u>101,118,803</u>



## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet		\$	63,000,154
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.			66,337,740
Certain receivables will not be collected soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and are, therefore, deferred in the funds.  Property taxes  Court fines and fees	493,994 5,435,416		5,929,410
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Interest payable Compensated absences Capital leases	( 5,038 ( 1,195,624 ( 513,656 ( 2,730,359	) )	
Net pension liability  An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charges the costs of certain capital assets to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		, _	4,444,677) 652,788
Net position of governmental activities		\$	131,475,415

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		General		Road and Bridge	lr	Capital nprovement
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Current property	\$	18,023,309	\$	1,150,319	\$	239,253
Delinquent property		441,890		28,064		6,552
Alcoholic beverage		268,852		-		-
Bingo		106,430		-		-
Sales		13,868,846		-		-
Motor vehicle sales		1,534,344		4 500 040		-
Licenses and permits		75,260		1,536,012		-
Intergovernmental		831,061		504,318		-
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		3,167,366 397,899		4,734 423,141		-
Investment earnings		257,691		29,467		114,395
Rents and commissions		1,353,324		25,407		-
Miscellaneous		367,870		867		-
Total revenues		40,694,142		3,676,922		360,200
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		8,836,864		-		-
Judicial		7,970,105		-		=
Public safety		16,469,654		-		-
Health and human services		2,443,522		-		-
Public buildings		2,061,398		4 544 000		=
Transportation and roads		2,399,910		4,511,898		-
Debt service: Principal		596		_		393,063
Interest and fiscal charges		257		_		8,906
Capital outlay		139,878		168,996		4,115,514
Total expenditures		40,322,184		4,680,894		4,517,483
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		371,958	(	1,003,972)	(	4,157,283)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				_		
Transfers in	,	59,000		960,000	,	1,843,500
Transfers out	(	2,897,921)		-	(	357,357)
Sale of capital assets		29,926		22,286		364,298
Insurance recoveries		30,250		98,976		12,889
Capital lease		4,693				509,559
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(</u>	2,774,052)		1,081,262		2,372,889
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	2,402,094)		77,290	(	1,784,394)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		33,089,968		4,560,915		23,498,611
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	30,687,874	\$	4,638,205	\$	21,714,217

	Airport Capital mprovement		otal Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G ——	Total overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$	1,688,706	\$	21,101,587
	-		41,119		517,625
	-		-		268,852
	-		-		106,430
	-		-		13,868,846
	-		-		1,534,344
	-		-		1,611,272
	3,355,888		599,211		5,290,478
	82,878		397,163		3,652,141
	-		87,706		908,746
	-		28,549		430,102
	-		532,607		1,885,931
	-		115,374		484,111
	3,438,766		3,490,435	-	51,660,465
	_		1,319,236		10,156,100
	_		333,982		8,304,087
	-		1,322,769		17,792,423
	_		325,630		2,769,152
	_		-		2,061,398
	-		99,851		7,011,659
	-		-		393,659
	-		-		9,163
	3,737,118		110,455		8,271,961
	3,737,118		3,511,923		56,769,602
(	298,352)	(	21,488)	(	5,109,137)
	298,357		144,347		3,305,204
	-	(	49,926)	(	3,305,204)
	-	`	4,122	`	420,632
	-		30,204		172,319
	-		-		514,252
	298,357		128,747		1,107,203
	5		107,259	(	4,001,934)
	170,363		5,682,231		67,002,088
\$	170,368	\$	5,789,490	\$	63,000,154



# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	se:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$(	4,001,934)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.		9,011,026
Depreciation on capital assets is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(	6,787,214)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.	(	765,654)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		370,922
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	,	514.050)
Capital lease issuance Principal payment on capital leases	(	514,252) 393,659
Current year changes in certain long-term liabilities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences liability		168,789
Certain pension expenditures are not expensed in the government-wide financial statements and are recorded as deferred resource outflows.	(	1,779,184)
Accrued interest reported as an expense in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(	952)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain capital assets to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental activities.	(	1,892,464)
	<u>\</u>	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	5,797,258)

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	
Current assets:	Φ 400.000
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 130,903
Interest receivable	1,030,000 990
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	81,203
Inventory	8,298
Total current assets	1,251,394
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Equipment	49,288
Less: accumulated depreciation	( 39,698)
Total capital assets	9,590
Total noncurrent assets	9,590
Total assets	1,260,984
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	32,524
Accrued liabilities	575,672
Total current liabilities	608,196
Total liabilities	608,196
NET POSITION	
Net investment in	
capital assets	9,590
Unrestricted	643,198
Total net position	\$ 652,788

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 6,258,268
Total operating revenues	6,258,268
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	26,572
Fringe benefits	14,745
Materials and supplies Insurance consultant	16,192 25,000
Claims	7,284,775
Administrative	785,264
Depreciation	8,347
Total operating expenses	8,160,895
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	( 1,902,627)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Interest and investment revenue	10,163
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	10,163
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	( 1,892,464)
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	2,545,252
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$652,788

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Go	overnmental Activities
		Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash receipts from interfund charges for print shop services Cash receipts from interfund charges for self-insurance services Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees for salaries and benefits  Net cash used by operating activities	\$ ( <u>(</u>	36,836 6,195,871 7,696,561) 41,302) 1,505,156)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from sale and maturities of securities  Earnings on investments  Net cash used by investing activities		1,546,362 14,501 1,560,863
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		55,707
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		75,196
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	130,903
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)  to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$(	1,902,627)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in assets:		8,347
Inventory Accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	(	1,794 25,561)
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		27,227 385,664
Net cash used by operations	\$ <u>(</u>	1,505,156)

#### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

## **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

ASSETS Cash and investments	\$8,480,706
Total assets	\$ <u>8,480,706</u>
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$8,480,706
Total liabilities	\$ 8,480,706



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements of Gregg County, Texas (the "County") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. These notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements of the County. The following is a discussion of the more significant accounting policies utilized by the County.

#### A. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity," establishes criteria which should be considered and evaluated along with other judgmental factors before a decision is made to include one governmental unit with another governmental unit for the purpose of issuing basic financial statements. The five criteria considered were (1) financial accountability, (2) appointment of a voting majority, (3) imposition of will, (4) financial benefit to or a burden on a primary government, and (5) financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

In evaluating how to define the County for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision on whether or not to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in the preceding paragraph.

**Discretely presented component unit** – For reporting purposes, the Gregg County Child Welfare Board has been presented as a discretely presented component unit. The Gregg County Child Welfare Board is responsible for providing additional assistance to foster children in the care of the State. The Gregg County Commissioners' Court appoints the Board and has the ability to exercise control over the Board. Separately issued financial statements are available for the Gregg County Child Welfare Board and can be obtained by contacting the Gregg County, Texas County Auditor's office, 101 E. Methvin, Suite 306, Longview, TX 75601.

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's Enterprise Funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has one discretely presented component unit. While the Child Welfare Board is not considered to be a major component unit, it is nevertheless shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> uses property taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenue and fines and forfeitures to fund the operation, construction and maintenance of roads and bridges.

The <u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> accounts for activities associated with the County's Capital Improvement Plan. This plan encompasses future capital asset acquisition and construction.

The <u>Airport Capital Improvement Fund</u> accounts for federal grant funding used for capital improvements for the East Texas Regional Airport.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> account for insurance/risk management services and print services provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for situations where the County's role is strictly custodial in nature. Most of these funds are held for legal reasons. Those reasons vary from funds held in trust for minors, to funds placed in escrow awaiting a decision and order by the presiding court. Additional funds were on hand at year-end for tax collections for other governmental entities for fees collected on their behalf. As a result, all assets reported in an agency fund are offset by a liability to the party or entity on whose behalf the assets are held.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, and agency funds have no measurement focus, but utilize the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales and other taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and government securities.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments for the County are reported at fair value.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance of the uncollected balance for court fines and fees receivable is currently 25% for CSCD, 35% for Court Collections, 40% for County Clerk – Civil, and 90% for Justices of the Peace. The property tax allowance is calculated by year as a percentage of the outstanding levy. The allowance for property taxes for the current year, with this calculation, is approximately 60% of the uncollected balance at September 30, 2017.

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

All inventories are stated at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventory items are recognized as expenditures in governmental funds when consumed rather than when purchased (consumption method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and \$25,000 for buildings and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	20
Equipment	3 - 15
Infrastructure (streets and drainage)	16

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation and sick leave benefits are accumulated by County employees according to formulas adopted by the Commissioners' Court. The County's policy requires vacation time to be used within 14 months of being earned. Upon termination or retirement, employees are paid for any unused vacation time. The County's policy allows for accumulation of sick leave up to 60 days and provides for payment of sick leave accruals only upon retirement. At September 30, 2017, a liability has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements for accrued vacation time as well as the portion of accumulated sick leave expected to be paid.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

 Pension contributions after the measurement date – These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.

- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five year period.
- Difference in expected and actual actuarial assumptions in the pension plan This
  difference is deferred and amortized over the average remaining service life for all active,
  inactive, and retired members.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- The difference in expected and actual economic experience in the pension plan is deferred and recognized over the average remaining service life for all active, inactive, and retired members.
- The County has one type of item that arises only under the modified accrual basis of
  accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable
  revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental
  funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and court fines.
  These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that
  the amounts become available.

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority – in the County's case, by resolution of the Commissioners' Court. Prior to the end of the fiscal year, the Commissioners' Court can commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the Commissioners' Court remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commissioners' Court may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### **Fund Balance Flow Assumption**

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available, the County considers unrestricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of unassigned funds, then assigned funds, and finally committed.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred inflows/outflows and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider unrestricted net position to have been depleted before restricted net position is applied.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

#### E. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### **Program revenues**

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied on October 1 of each year and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year.

#### **Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service funds are charges to other funds for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### 2. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs—other than quoted prices included within Level 1—that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Investment pools are not categorized as to investment risk since specific securities relating to the County cannot be identified. The County's investment pool is TexPool, a local government investment pool established in conformity with the Inter-local Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. The Texas State Comptroller oversees the operations of the investment pool, with a third party managing the daily operations of the pool under contract. The fair value of the County's position in TexPool is the same as the value of the pool's shares.

The County is required by state statute to seek formal bids for depository services. The Investment Policy includes collateral requirements in compliance with state statute and is made part of the Depository Contract. Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (The Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes and requires the County to invest its funds under a written investment policy (the "Investment Policy") that primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity. It also addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity along with quality and capability of investment personnel. The investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policy and the Court further limits certain investment instruments allowed under Texas law. Investments are held by the County's agent in the County's name. The County records all interest revenue earned from investment activities in the respective funds.

The County's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved annually by Commissioners' Court. The Court appoints an investment committee to review the investment policy and submit changes for approval. The appointment of the County's investment office is also done annually by resolution. The investment officer is authorized to invest in investment instruments provided they meet the guidelines of the investment policy. The investment policy includes a list of authorized investment instruments, and a maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment by source of funds. In addition, the investment policy includes an "investment strategy" that specifically addresses investment options and describes the priorities of preservation and safety of principal (suitability), liquidity, maturity, marketability, diversification and yield.

The investment officer submits an investment report quarterly to Commissioners' Court as specified by Chapter 2256 of the Government Code. The report details the investment position of the County and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment policy and Texas State Statute.

The County's demand deposits are either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized with securities held by an independent third party bank as the County's agent, in the name of Gregg County at September 30, 2017. Collateral other than the FDIC insurance is comprised of various governmental agencies' issues with a rating of AAA by Standard & Poor's. The County's collateral agreements require the market value of securities held by its agents exceed the total amount of cash and investments held by our depository less FDIC. All of the County's deposits are insured or collateralized at September 30, 2017.

As of September 30, 2017, the County held the following fair value measurements:

									Weighted
				Fair Value	Measurer	nent	Using	Percent	Average
								of Total	Maturity
		9/30/2017		(Level 1)	(Level	2)	(Level 3)	Portfolio	(Days)
Primary government									
Cash and cash equivalents									
Cash deposits - County	\$	9,530,792							
Cash deposits - Agency funds	_	7,982,029							
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	17,512,821							
Investments measured at net asset									
value per share:									
Investment pools:									
TexPool		33,770,000						42%	40
Investments by fair value level:							\$ -		
Money Markets and CDs		2,476,276		-	2,476	,276	-	3%	221
State and Municipal Bonds		2,031,780		2,031,780		-	-	3%	221
Federal Farm Credit Bank		7,970,385			7,970	,385	-	10%	480
Federal Home Loan Bank		3,185,622		-	3,185	,622	-	4%	532
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		15,939,826		997,240	14,942	,586	-	20%	426
Federal National Mortgage Association	_	15,442,746	_	2,544,291	12,898	,455		19%	686
Total investments	_	80,816,635	_	5,573,311	41,473	,324			
Total cash and investments of									
the primary government	\$_	98,329,456	\$_	5,573,311	\$ <u>41,473</u>	,324	\$		
Portfolio w eighted average maturity (days)									313
Component unit									
Cash deposits	\$_	275,028							
Total cash and investments									
of the reporting entity	\$_	98,604,484							

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the investment policy limits investment maturities. General, Capital Improvement, and Road and Bridge Funds are limited to 60% of available fund balance which must remain within one year expected maturity; 40% may be invested past one year within a limit of two years. All other funds with the exception of the Health Care Fund must stay within a one-year maturity. The Health Care Fund may be entirely invested to the two-year limit.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. On September 30, 2017, the total carrying amount of the County's deposits was fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the County's name, in money market instruments, or was covered by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterpart to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County has limited credit risk, in conformance to state statutes and County policy, by investing in only the safest types of securities as permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act, using approved brokers and investing with different issuers. In addition, the County limits its exposure to credit risk by fully insured or collateralized deposits, regulated mutual funds and individually approved investment pools. The investment portfolio of the County is diversified to avoid incurring undue concentration in securities of one type on September 30, 2017, but the policy does not restrict the concentration of investments with one specific issuer by an explicit amount.

The County's investments as of September 30, 2017, were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency
TexPool	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
Municipal securities	AA+	Standard & Poor's
U. S. Agency Securities:		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+	Standard & Poor's
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+	Standard & Poor's
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	AA+	Standard & Poor's
Federal National Mortgage Association	AA+	Standard & Poor's

All significant legal and contractual provisions for investments were complied with during the year. Investments at year-end are representative of the types of investments maintained by the County during the year.

#### Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds, nonmajor funds in the aggregate, and internal service funds including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

								Airport					
				Road		Capital		Capital	Ν	lonmajor	Internal		
		General	aı	nd Bridge	lmp	provement	<u>Im</u>	provement		Funds	Service	Total	
Receivables:													
Taxes	\$	1,280,110	\$	81,648	\$	17,130	\$	=	\$	119,903	\$ -	\$ 1,498,7	791
Accounts		7,898,315	2	2,993,158		-		=		540,451	81,203	11,513,1	127
Interest		134,376		9,756		40,125		=		10,346	990	195,5	593
Due from other													
governments	_	2,680,571	_	-	_	-	_	1,258,453	_	100,603		4,039,6	327
Gross receivables		11,993,372	3	3,084,562		57,255		1,258,453		771,303	82,193	17,247,1	138
Less: allowance for													
uncollectibles	(	5,422,034)	(	985,109)	(	10,521)	_	-	(	332,793)		( 6,750,4	157)
Net total receivables	\$_	6,571,338	\$ 2	2,099,453	\$_	46,734	\$	1,258,453	\$_	438,510	\$ <u>82,193</u>	\$_10,496,6	81

## **Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,318,940	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,318,940
Construction in progress	6,659,545	7,447,562	( 9,045,039)	5,062,068
Total assets not being depreciated	7,978,485	7,447,562	( 9,045,039)	6,381,008
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	52,389,613	1,792,684	-	54,182,297
Equipment	19,923,762	1,192,971	( 896,748)	20,219,985
Infrastructure	82,836,432	7,252,355		90,088,787
Total capital assets being depreciated	155,149,807	10,238,010	( 896,748)	164,491,069
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	( 26,255,000)	( 1,817,362)	-	( 28,072,362)
Equipment	( 15,798,636)	( 1,135,450)	501,587	( 16,432,499)
Infrastructure	( 56,177,138)	( 3,842,748)		( 60,019,886)
Total accumulated depreciation	( 98,230,774)	( 6,795,560)	501,587	( 104,524,747)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	56,919,033	3,442,450	( 395,161)	59,966,322
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$64,897,518	\$ 10,890,012	\$ <u>( 9,440,200)</u>	\$ 66,347,330

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

\$	3,037,854
	9,095
	391,412
	1,280,638
_	2,076,561
\$	6,795,560
	\$ _ \$

#### Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2017, is as follows:

#### Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount				
General Airport Capital Improvement Nonmajor governmental:		\$	808,705				
	Grant		103,787				
	VIT Operating		861				
	District Attorney		4,536				
		\$	917,889				

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. These amounts also include balance of working capital loans made to nonmajor governmental funds which the general fund expects to collect in the subsequent year.

#### Interfund transfers:

		Transfer In									_	
		Road Capital Capital Nonmajor										
		General	а	nd Bridge	Ir	nprovement	Im	nprovement	Go	overnmental		Total
Transfer out:												
General	\$	-	\$	960,000	\$	1,843,500	\$	-	\$	94,421	\$	2,897,921
Capital Improvement		59,000		-		-		298,357		-		357,357
Nonmajor governmental	_		_		_	-	_		_	49,926	_	49,926
Total transfers out	\$_	59,000	\$_	960,000	\$	1,843,500	\$_	298,357	\$_	144,347	\$_	3,305,204

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### Debt

#### Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending	С	ue Within
	Balance			Additions	Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Governmental activities			_		•					
Capital leases payable	\$	393,063	\$	514,252	\$	393,659	\$	513,656	\$	510,408
Compensated absences		1,364,413		1,119,531		1,288,320		1,195,624		995,507
Net pension liability		11,040,240		3,148,146		2,699,720	_	11,488,666		
Governmental activity										
long-term liabilities	\$	12,797,716	\$	4,781,929	\$	4,381,699	\$	13,197,946	\$	1,505,915

For compensated absences and the net pension liability, the General Fund normally liquidates approximately 80% of this liability. The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund liquidates approximately 15% of the liability with the remaining liability being liquidated by nonmajor governmental funds.

#### **Lease Obligations**

The County entered into lease agreements for four Mack dump trucks to be used by the Road and Bridge precincts of the County valued at \$509,559. This machinery has 10-year estimated useful lives. The equipment has a 5-year estimated useful life. This agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, is recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2017, were as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Governi	mental Activities
2018	\$	525,653
Total minimum lease payments		525,653
Less: Interest portion		11,997
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	513,656

#### Other Information

#### **Risk Management**

The County and/or employees of the County are defendants in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

The County provides for the management of risks through a combination of self-insurance and traditional insurance. The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2017, the County was covered under a general liability insurance plan. Additionally, the County has commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, public official liability, law enforcement liability, property and employee life and accident insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage, nor did any settlement exceed coverage in the past three years.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

**Plan Description.** The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

All full and part time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

**Benefits Provided.** TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2016, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	348
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	537
Active employees	622
	1,507

**Contributions.** The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 10.94% in both calendar years 2016 and 2017. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2017, were \$2,805,690, and were equal to the required contributions.

**Net Pension Liability.** The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 3.0% per year
Overall payroll growth 4.9% per year

Investment rate of return 8.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members The RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for males

with a two-year set-forward and the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for females with a four-year setback, both projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale after

that

Service retirees, beneficiaries and

non-depositing members

The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with a one-year setforward for males and no age adjustment for females.

Disabled retirees RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2014 with

scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with no age adjustment for

males and a two-year set-forward for females.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2016, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2012, except for mortality assumptions. Mortality assumptions were updated for the 2016 valuation to reflect projected improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2017 information for a 7 to 10 year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	13.50%	4.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index $^{(3)}$	16.00%	7.70%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.00%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	4.70%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI EM Standard (net) Index	7.00%	5.70%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.60%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	3.70%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	3.83%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	10.00%	8.15%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	3.00%	6.70%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NA REIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FTSE EPRA/NA REIT Global Real Estate Index	2.00%	3.85%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.60%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (5)	6.00%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	20.00%	3.85%

<sup>(1)</sup> Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2017 TCDRS Board meeting.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statue. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 2.0% per Cliffwater's 2017 capital market assumptions.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balance at 12/31/2015	\$	122,707,690	\$	111,667,450	\$	11,040,240
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		3,531,610		-		3,531,610
Interest on total pension liability (1)		9,867,996		-		9,867,996
Effect of plan changes <sup>(2)</sup> Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		- 90,665		-		- - 90,665
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions	(	352,568)	(	352,568)		-
Benefit payments	(	4,975,180)	(	4,975,180)		-
Administrative expenses		-	(	89,747)		89 <u>.</u> 747
Member contributions		-		1,836,277	(	1,836,277)
Net investment income		-		8,259,029	(	8,259 <u>,</u> 029)
Employer contributions		-		2,833,558	(	2,833,558)
Other (3)	_		_	202,728	(	202,728)
Balance at 12/31/2016	\$_	130,870,213	\$_	119,381,547	\$	11,488,666

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage-higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		7.1%		8.1%		9.1%
Total pension liability	\$	147,609,109	\$	130,870,213	\$	116,914,306
Fiduciary net position		119,381,547		119,381,547		119,381,547
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	28,227,562	\$	11,488,666	\$ <u>(</u>	2,467,241)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

<sup>(2)</sup> No plan changes valued.

<sup>(3)</sup> Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 3017, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,512,200. At September 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1,020,448	\$	67,999		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		673,481		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		6,875,316		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date				2,161,959		
Total	\$	1,020,448	\$	9,778,755		

\$2,161,959 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

For The Year	
Ended September 30,	
2018	\$ 2,085,276
2019	2,290,277
2020	2,067,916
2021	 152,879
Total	\$ 6,596,348

#### New Accounting Principles

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not yet effective at September 30, 2017.

- GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions
- GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements
- GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues (an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73)
- GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- GASB Statements No. 85, Omnibus 2017
- GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues
- GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

The County will implement the new GASB pronouncements in the fiscal year no later than the required effective date. The County believes that the above listed new GASB pronouncements will not have a significant financial impact to the County or in issuing its financial statements.

#### **Tax Abatements**

The County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the provisions of the Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act found in Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code. The Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act provides governing bodies the power to establish Enterprise Zones and Reinvestment Zones for the abatement of ad valorem taxes assessed against real property or tangible personal property located on the real property provided that certain conditions as detailed in the Law are met. The goal of tax abatement is to provide long term significant positive impact on the community and to utilize area contractors and work force to the maximum extent feasible by developing, redeveloping and improving real property.

The County entered into a Tax Abatement Agreement with a Company whereby the Company would be eligible for abatement of real property Ad Valorem taxes pertaining to the real property being purchased by the Company. The Company and an affiliate would be eligible for abatement of personal property ad valorem taxes for tangible personal property to be located on the real property. The Tax Abatement Agreement also provided the Company with the right to assign its interest to another entity if the entity has executed a Sale/Leaseback Agreement for the Real Property only. The companies were granted a 100% Ad Valorem Property Tax Exemption on added value, to construct a new facility on real property located within the city limits or extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Kilgore and to locate personal property on the real property. The term of the exemption will be for the period of time of ten years, beginning January 1, 2008. After the term expires the full value of the improvements shall be included on the tax roll and assessed appropriately and the agreement shall terminate. The abatement of taxes under this agreement for fiscal year 2017 was \$62,300.

The County entered into a Tax Abatement Agreement with a Company whereby the Company would be eligible for abatement of real and personal property Ad Valorem taxes. The company was granted a 25% Ad Valorem Property Tax Exemption, to construct or lease within the Zone improvements to the Real Property and/or purchase certain tangible Personal Property for use in the Zone or on location outside of the Zone so long as the taxable sites of such Personal Property is in the Zone. The abatement of taxes under this agreement for fiscal year 2017 was \$5,158.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		d Amounts	Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts		Negative)
Taxes:					
Current property	\$ 17,997,478	\$ 17,997,478	\$ 17,928,903	\$(	68,575)
Current penalty and interest	85,000	85,000	94,406	* (	9,406
Delinquent property	381,267	381,267	345,795	(	35,472)
Delinquent penalty and interest	70,000	70,000	96,095	`	26,095
Alcoholic beverage	260,000	260,000	268,852		8,852
Bingo	90,000	90,000	106,430		16,430
Sales	12,700,000	12,700,000	13,868,846		1,168,846
Motor vehicle sales	1,635,000	1,635,000	1,534,344	(	100,656)
Total taxes	33,218,745	33,218,745	34,243,671		1,024,926
Licenses and permits:					
Alcoholic beverage licenses	40,000	40,000	33,060	(	6,940)
Sexually oriented businesses	12,000	12,000	13,200	(	1,200
Bail bond applications	1,500	1,500	4,000		2,500
Sewage disposal systems	27,000	27,000	25,000	(	2,000)
Total licenses and permits	80,500	80,500	75,260	(	5,240)
·					,
Intergovernmental: Juvenile salary supplement	5,000	5,000	30,000		25,000
State supplement - court at law	150,000	150,000	168,000		18,000
State supplement - assistant prosecutors	27,500	27,500	40,960		13,460
State - indigent defense	115,000	115,000	87,631	(	27,369)
State - juror reimbursement	42,000	42,000	35,734	(	6,266)
State - commercial waste management fees	200	200	213	'	13
State - district attorney	4,317.00	4,317.00	4,317		-
City of Lakeport - sewer fees	1,000	1,000	1,200		200
Fiscal service fee	15,337	15,337	15,156	(	181)
Social security incentive payment	-	-	48,400	'	48,400
Drug enforcement task force	3,500	3,500	19,760		16,260
Sabine Valley deputy	103,000	103,000	-	(	103,000)
Sabine ISD resource officer	42,500	42,500	39,452	ì	3,048)
City of Longview - prisoner care	297,608	297,608	297,608	`	-
State - Title IV-E Legal Reimbursement	12,500	12,500	21,365		8,865
Child welfare board reimbursement	6,500	6,500	8,276		1,776
ATF Task Force	- -	- -	12,989		12,989
Total intergovernmental	825,962	825,962	831,061	_	5,099

### **GENERAL FUND**

		<b>5</b>						ariance with inal Budget
		Budgete	d Am		-	Actual		Positive
REVENUES (Continued)		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Charges for services:								
Sheriff	\$	372,500	\$	372,500	<b>\$</b>	359,137	\$(	13,363)
Constable # 1	Ψ	36,500	Ψ	36,500	Ψ	50,120	Ψ(	13,620
Constable # 2		44,000		44,000		51,905		7,905
Constable # 3		22,000		22,000		32,897		10,897
Constable # 4		22,000		52,000		52,952		952
County clerk		790,000		790,000		783,401	(	6,599)
County clerk - bond administrative fee		5,000		5,000		4,588	(	412)
County clerk - archival fee		95,459		95,459		99,970	'	4,511
County clerk - electronic trans fee		3,900		3,900		4,748		848
Sheriff - bond administrative fee		2,100		2,100		1,585	(	515)
District clerk - bond administrative fee		50		50		-	(	50)
District clerk - archival fee		19,500		19,500		20,292	'	792
District clerk - electronic trans fee		23,500		23,500		36,101		12,601
Tax assessor - collector		740,000		740,000		668,935	(	
Tax collection contract fees		258,000		258,000		267,182	'	9,182
District attorney		30,000		30,000		20,816	(	
District attorney  District clerk		309,000		309,000		327,006	'	18,006
Justice of the Peace # 1		21,000		21,000		30,282		9,282
Justice of the Peace # 2		17,500		17,500		19,885		2,385
Justice of the Peace # 3		11,000		11,000		11,305		305
Justice of the Peace # 4		16,500		16,500		15,515	1	985)
Trial fees		20		20		-	(	20)
Jury		8,300		8,300		10,437	'	2,137
Probate judge education fees		2,500		2,500		3,249		749
Other arrest fees		78,000		78,000		72,214	(	5,786)
Judges fee - probate		3,300		3,300		3,519	'	219
State fees		85,000		85,000		74,936	(	10,064)
State fees - TP - judicial efficiency		3,200		3,200		3,525	'	325
State fees - drug court program		19,000		19,000		18,249	(	751)
Court reporter service fees		38,500		38,500		38,479	(	21)
DRO fees		225		225		230	'	5
Guardianship fee		11,000		11,000		12,240		1,240
Parking lot fees		5,600		5,600		5,093	(	
Computer services		6,500		6,500		6,500	'	-
Family protection fees		9,000		9,000		7,458	(	1,542)
Defensive driving fees		28,000		28,000		28,574	'	574
Child safety fees		1,400		1,400		1,571		171
Traffic fees		5,500		5,500		4,768	1	732)
Video fees		5,500		5,500		4,700	(	671)
Inmate reimbursement		11,500		11,500		12,873	'	1,373
	_				_		_	
Total charges for services		3,139,554	_	3,191,554	_	3,167,366	7	24,188)

### **GENERAL FUND**

								riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	d A		-	Actual	Positive	
REVENUES (Continued)		Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
Fines and forfeitures:								
	\$	120,000	\$	120,000	\$	93,093	\$(	26,907)
Justice court fines - JP 2	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	68,425	Ψ(	1,575)
Justice court fines - JP 3		163,000		163,000		143,626	ì	19,374)
Justice court fines - JP 4		92,000		92,000		92,755	`	755
Total fines and forfeitures	_	445,000	_	445,000	_	397,899	7	47,101)
Total lines and follertures	_	110,000	_	110,000	_	001,000	7	17,101
Investment earnings:								
Interest		225,000		225,000		407,766		182,766
Unrealized gains (losses)		-		-	(	150,075)	(	150,075)
Total investment earnings	_	225,000	_	225,000		257,691		32,691
rotal investment earnings	_	220,000	_	220,000	_	207,001	_	02,001
Rent and commissions:								
BorgWarner Automotive		35,000		35,000		30,989	(	4,011)
A & M Tower, Inc.		12,000		12,000		12,333		333
Community buildings		30,000		30,000		24,885	(	5,115)
Other rent		26,100		26,100		26,384		284
Royalties		12,000		12,000		14,213		2,213
Telephone coin stations		320,000		320,000		275,219	(	44,781)
Federal - jail lease		1,650,000		1,650,000		861,217	(	788,783)
Contract jail revenue		50,000		50,000		-	(	50,000)
Concession sales		-		-		53,299		53,299
Vending machine sales		-		-		6,863		6,863
Longview Community Center	_	36,000	_	36,000	_	47,922		11,922
Total rent and commissions	_	2,171,100	_	2,171,100	_	1,353,324	(	817,776)
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous		70,000		70,000		367,870		297,870
Total miscellaneous	_	70,000	_	70,000		367,870		297,870
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	<u> </u>	-	·		<u> </u>
Total revenues	_	40,175,861	_	40,227,861	_	40,694,142	_	466,281

#### **GENERAL FUND**

		Budgete	d Ar	mounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
		Original		Final	-				
EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>						,	
General government:									
County clerk - administration:									
Salaries	\$	725,398	\$	725,398	\$	689,012	\$	36,386	
Fringe benefits		340,437		340,437		326,066		14,371	
Operating	_	61,664	_	61,664	_	51,471	_	10,193	
Total county clerk - administration	_	1,127,499	_	1,127,499	_	1,066,549	_	60,950	
County clerk - archive restoration:									
Salaries		46,922		46,922		44,216		2,706	
Fringe benefits		18,635		18,635		17,847		788	
Operating	_	67,564	_	67,564	_	1,204	_	66,360	
Total county clerk - archive restoration	_	133,121	_	133,121	_	63,267	_	69,854	
Telecommunications:									
Salaries		49,829		49,829		44,986		4,843	
Fringe benefits		9,315		9,315		8,566		749	
Operating	_	150	_	150	_	106	_	44	
Total telecommunications	_	59,294	_	59,294	_	53,658	_	5,636	
Purchasing:									
Salaries		198,092		198,962		193,822		5,140	
Fringe benefits		76,490		76,920		74,330		2,590	
Operating	_	20,710	_	25,710	_	19,133	_	6,577	
Total purchasing	_	295,292	_	301,592	_	287,285	_	14,307	
Human resources:									
Salaries		154,040		154,040		149,224		4,816	
Fringe benefits		58,420		58,420		56,651		1,769	
Operating	_	15,537	_	15,537	_	15,537	_		
Total human resources		227,997		227,997	_	221,412	_	6,585	

#### **GENERAL FUND**

_	Budgete	d An	nounts	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
_	Original		Final		Amounts	(1	Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)							
General government: (Continued)							
Nondepartmental - general government:		•		•		•	00.050
Fringe benefits	,	\$	93,887	\$	35	\$	93,852
Operating	3,015,180	_	2,534,508	_	2,416,650		117,858
Total nondepartmental -							
general government	3,223,780	_	2,628,395	_	2,416,685		211,710
County judge:							
Salaries	182,068		182,068		182,067		1
Fringe benefits	63,887		63,887		60,450		3,437
Operating	18,512		18,512	_	6,530		11,982
Total county judge	264,467	_	264,467	_	249,047	_	15,420
Postal services:							
Operating	30,600		13,600	_	11,579		2,021
Total postal services	30,600	_	13,600	_	11,579		2,021
Concession operations:							
Operating			-	_	31,467	(	31,467)
Total concession operations		_		_	31,467	(	31,467)
Elections:							
Salaries	194,060		197,060		185,167		11,893
Fringe benefits	70,510		70,510		65,058		5,452
Operating	120,120		120,120	_	107,493		12,627
Total elections	384,690	_	387,690	_	357,718		29,972
County auditor:							
Salaries	576,024		576,024		548,929		27,095
Fringe benefits	216,535		216,535		199,085		17,450
Operating	25,290		25,290	_	23,804		1,486
Total county auditor	817,849	_	817,849	_	771,818		46,031

#### **GENERAL FUND**

		Budgete	dΔr	mounts		Actual		ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Original	J AI	Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	_	Original		ı ıııaı		Amounts		(ivegative)
General government: (Continued)								
Tax assessor-collector:								
Salaries	\$	1,067,788	\$	1,077,058	\$	1,059,111	\$	17,947
Fringe benefits	•	482,992	•	483,370	Ť	464,417	•	18,953
Operating		199,670		189,468		178,081		11,387
Capital outlay		-		4,693		4,693		<u>-</u>
Total tax assessor-collector	_	1,750,450		1,754,589	_	1,706,302	_	48,287
Information services:								
Salaries		377,825		377,825		377,822		3
Fringe benefits		168,870		169,290		167,177		2,113
Operating		932,442		927,022		915,497		11,525
Capital outlay		-		5,000		5,000		-
Total information services	_	1,479,137	_	1,479,137	_	1,465,496	_	13,641
Agricultural extension service:								
Salaries		83,965		83,965		77,964		6,001
Fringe benefits		53,680		53,680		46,553		7,127
Operating	_	20,425	_	20,425	_	19,757	_	668
Total agricultural extension service	_	158,070	_	158,070	_	144,274	_	13,796
Total general government	_	9,952,246	_	9,353,300	_	8,846,557	_	506,743
Judicial:								
Court of civil appeals:								
Salaries		16,008		16,009		16,009		-
Fringe benefits	_	1,225	_	1,225	_	1,225	_	
Total court of civil appeals	_	17,233		17,234		17,234		

#### **GENERAL FUND**

		d Amounts	_ Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Judicial: (Continued)				
County court-at-law no. 1:		<b>A</b> 075 404	074440	Φ 4.000
	\$ 275,121	\$ 275,121		
Fringe benefits	86,487	86,487	80,595	5,892
Operating	15,020	16,245	13,609	2,636
Total county court-at-law no. 1	376,628	377,853	368,323	9,530
County court-at-law no. 2:				
Salaries	261,773	261,773	260,272	1,501
Fringe benefits	83,827	83,827	78,756	5,071
Operating	11,290	11,290	10,529	761
Total county court-at-law no. 2	356,890	356,890	349,557	7,333
Attorney general master:				
Operating	1,050	1,050	40	1,010
Total attorney general master	1,050	1,050	40	1,010
124th district court:				
Salaries	108,930	108,930	107,329	1,601
Fringe benefits	40,035	40,035	39,299	736
Operating	18,594	18,969	15,509	3,460
Total 124th district court	167,559	167,934	162,137	5,797
188th district court:				
Salaries	102,877	102,877	102,876	1
Fringe benefits	39,040	39,040	38,663	377
Operating	19,354	19,354	10,811	8,543
Total 188th district court	161,271	161,271	152,350	8,921

### **GENERAL FUND**

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND **CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL** (Continued)

		Budgete	d Aı	mounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Judicial: (Continued) 307th district court:							•	
Salaries	\$	95,241	\$	95,241	\$	94,240	\$	1,001
Fringe benefits		37,435		37,435		36,663		772
Operating	_	17,750	_	18,125	_	11,013	_	7,112
Total 307th district court	_	150,426	_	150,801	_	141,916	_	8,885
Judicial:								
Operating expenditures	_	1,915,000	_	2,100,000	_	1,903,525	_	196,475
Total judicial	_	1,915,000	_	2,100,000	_	1,903,525	_	196,475
District clerk:								
Salaries		668,439		668,439		631,413		37,026
Fringe benefits		319,967		319,967		296,406		23,561
Operating	_	53,450	_	53,450	_	52,339	_	1,111
Total district clerk	-	1,041,856	_	1,041,856	_	980,158	_	61,698
District clerk archive restoration:								
Operating		25,000		25,000		24,327		673
Total district clerk archive restoration	_	25,000	_	25,000	_	24,327	_	673
Justice of the peace no. 1:								
Salaries		250,591		250,591		237,054		13,537
Fringe benefits		115,627		115,627		107,886		7,741
Operating	_	60,500	_	60,500	_	47,450	_	13,050
Total justice of the peace no. 1	_	426,718	_	426,718	_	392,390	_	34,328
Justice of the peace no. 2:								
Salaries		134,173		134,173		127,523		6,650
Fringe benefits		55,012		55,012		52,759		2,253
Operating	_	34,887	_	34,887	_	30,135	_	4,752
Total justice of the peace no. 2	_	224,072	_	224,072	_	210,417	_	13,655

#### **GENERAL FUND**

·	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Judicial: (Continued)				
Justice of the peace no. 3:				
	\$ 159,985			
Fringe benefits	69,487	69,487	64,509	4,978
Operating	34,621	34,621	31,986	2,635
Total justice of the peace no. 3	264,093	264,093	246,357	17,736
Justice of the peace no. 4:				
Salaries	142,832	142,832	140,579	2,253
Fringe benefits	65,707	65,707	64,046	1,661
Operating	47,050	47,050	37,952	9,098
Total justice of the peace no. 4	255,589	255,589	242,577	13,012
District attorney:				
Salaries	1,856,182	1,856,182	1,826,286	29,896
Fringe benefits	650,332	650,332	628,593	21,739
Operating	102,135	108,294	103,318	4,976
Total district attorney	2,608,649	2,614,808	2,558,197	56,611
Bail bond board:				
Salaries	3,600	3,600	-	3,600
Fringe benefits	685	685	-	685
Operating	1,665	1,665	627	1,038
Total bail bond board	5,950	5,950	627	5,323
Collections office:				
Salaries	141,933	141,933	140,757	1,176
Fringe benefits	65,615	65,615	60,822	4,793
Operating	13,945	49,465	18,394	31,071
Total collections office	221,493	257,013	219,973	37,040
Drug Court Contributions:				
Operating	114,000			
Total Drug Court Contributions	114,000			
Total judicial	8,333,477	8,448,132	7,970,105	478,027

#### **GENERAL FUND**

_	Budgete Original	d A	mounts Final	=	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	J						
Public safety:							
Constable no. 1:							
Salaries \$	44,626	\$	44,626	\$	44,625	\$ 1	
Fringe benefits	19,477		19,477		19,081	396	
Operating	4,500	_	4,500	_	2,856	1,644	
Total constable no. 1	68,603	_	68,603	_	66,562	2,041	
Constable no. 2:							
Salaries	44,626		44,626		44,625	1	
Fringe benefits	19,337		19,337		18,602	735	
Operating	6,453	_	6,453	_	4,778	1,675	
Total constable no. 2	70,416	-	70,416	_	68,005	2,411	
Constable no. 3:							
Salaries	63,926		63,926		59,466	4,460	
Fringe benefits	22,912		22,912		19,960	2,952	
Operating	13,491	_	15,991	_	15,670	321	
Total constable no. 3	100,329	-	102,829	_	95,096	7,733	
Constable no. 4:	44.000		44.000		44.005	4	
Salaries	44,626		44,626		44,625	1	
Fringe benefits	19,482		19,482		18,117	1,365	
Operating	8,730	-	8,730	_	7,442	1,288	
Total constable no. 4	72,838	-	72,838	_	70,184	2,654	
Sheriff - corrections:							
Salaries	7,771,552		7,946,942		7,908,723	38,219	
Fringe benefits	3,481,872		3,363,943		3,314,235	49,708	
Operating	1,733,100		1,726,236		1,704,600	21,636	
Capital outlay		_	120,752	_	120,548	204	
Total sheriff - corrections	12,986,524	-	13,157,873	_	13,048,106	109,767	
Contract jail operations:							
Salaries	1,636,913		1,696,120		1,647,559	48,561	
Fringe benefits	792,620		777,952		731,441	46,511	
Operating	338,150	-	338,150	_	213,901	124,249	
Total contract jail operations	2,767,683	-	2,812,222	_	2,592,901	219,321	

### **GENERAL FUND**

		Budgeted Original	d A	mounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Criminal Justice Center operations:	Φ	057.004	Φ	000 004	Φ	040.050	Φ	40.004
Salaries Fringe benefits	\$	257,834 129,775	\$	263,834 129,775	\$	246,953 118,044	\$	16,881 11,731
Operating		71,650		71,650		69,283		2,367
Total Criminal Justice Center operations		459,259	-	465,259	-	434,280	_	30,979
·		.00,200	_	.00,200	-	,		20,0.0
Department of Public Safety:		75.000		2 500		2 2/1		150
Operating		75,000	_	3,500	-	3,341		159
Total Department of Public Safety	_	75,000	_	3,500	-	3,341	_	159
DPS hangar:								
Operating		8,685	_	8,685	_	3,527		5,158
Total DPS hangar	_	8,685	_	8,685	_	3,527	_	5,158
Parks and wildlife:								
Operating		1,215	_	2,415	_	1,900		515
Total parks and wildlife	_	1,215	_	2,415	_	1,900		515
Pre-trial services:								
Salaries		27,862		27,862		21,937		5,925
Fringe benefits		14,940		14,940		11,927		3,013
Operating	_	1,260	_	1,260	_	1,259		1
Total pre-trial services	_	44,062	_	44,062	_	35,123		8,939
Juvenile board:								
Salaries		116,613		116,613		116,613		-
Fringe benefits		51,051	_	55,743	_	54,564	_	1,179
Total juvenile board	_	167,664	_	172,356	_	171,177		1,179
Total public safety	_	16,822,278	_	16,981,058	_	16,590,202	_	390,856

#### **GENERAL FUND**

		Budgeted	d A	mounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Health and human services: Veterans services:		-					
Salaries	\$	67,265	\$	67,265	\$	67,265	\$ -
Fringe benefits		32,140		32,140		31,807	333
Operating	_	13,466	_	13,466	_	12,972	494
Total veterans services	_	112,871	_	112,871	_	112,044	827
Civil defense:							
Operating		23,150		23,150		22,766	384
Total civil defense	_	23,150	_	23,150		22,766	384
911 Addressing:			_		_		
Salaries		55,400		55,400		55,400	_
Fringe benefits		21,780		21,779		12,138	9,641
Operating		13,365		13,365		10,116	3,249
Total 911 addressing	_	90,545		90,544		77,654	12,890
Health:							
Salaries		349,999		350,239		320,469	29,770
Fringe benefits		154,820		154,820		143,435	11,385
Operating	_	981,403	_	1,062,308	_	1,014,366	47,942
Total health	_	1,486,222	_	1,567,367	_	1,478,270	89,097
Historical commission:							
Operating	_	14,580	_	14,580	_	2,131	12,449
Total historical commission	_	14,580	_	14,580	_	2,131	12,449
Contributions:							
Operating	_	637,658	_	751,658	_	750,657	1,001
Total contributions	_	637,658	_	751,658	_	750,657	1,001
Total health and human services	_	2,365,026	_	2,560,170	_	2,443,522	116,648
Courthouse building:							
Salaries		549,684		550,164		530,234	19,930
Fringe benefits		284,620		284,620		269,424	15,196
Operating		655,850		646,213		527,106	119,107
Capital outlay	_		_	9,637	_	9,637	
Total courthouse building	_	1,490,154	_	1,490,634	_	1,336,401	154,233
Jail building:							
Operating		366,800		360,800	_	341,449	19,351
Total jail building	_	366,800		360,800	_	341,449	19,351
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		_		_		

#### **GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				_	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)								
Service center building:								
Operating	\$	43,500	\$	43,500	\$_	29,613	\$	13,887
Total service center building		43,500		43,500	_	29,613		13,887
Longview Whaley Street community building	<b>j</b> :							
Salaries		80,643		80,636		71,658		8,978
Fringe benefits		26,865		26,872		23,957		2,915
Operating		38,397		38,397	_	31,795		6,602
Total Longview Whaley Street								
community building		145,905		145,905	_	127,410		18,495
Judson community building:								
Operating		5,810		5,810		4,691		1,119
Total Judson community building		5,810		5,810	_	4,691		1,119
West Harrison volunteer fire department buil	lding:							
Operating		2,120		2,120		1,556		564
Total West Harrison volunteer								
fire department building		2,120		2,120	_	1,556		564
Greggton community building:								
Salaries		-		2,678		2,433		245
Fringe benefits		-		513		439		74
Operating		37,670		34,479	_	22,652		11,827
Total Greggton community building		37,670		37,670	_	25,524		12,146
Gladewater Commerce Street building:								
Operating		11,840		11,840	_	11,514		326
Total Gladewater Commerce							-	
Street building		11,840		11,840	_	11,514		326

#### **GENERAL FUND**

	Budge	ted Amounts	_ Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Public buildings: (Continued) Liberty City office/community building: Operating	\$ 33,45	7 \$ 19,171	\$ 6,468	\$ 12,703
Total Liberty City office/ community building	33,45		6,468	12,703
Hugh Camp Memorial Park: Operating Total Hugh Camp Memorial Park	25,33 25,33		· —	6,850 6,850
Olivia R. Hilburn community building: Operating Total Olivia R. Hilburn	13,41			2,982
community building  Kilgore office and community building:	13,41			2,982
Salaries	33,10			1
Fringe benefits Operating	17,25 23,11			205 3,340
Total Kilgore office and community building	73,47	3 79,800	76,254	3,546
Kilgore South Street building: Operating	25			47
Total Kilgore South Street building  Elderville community building:	25	_		47
Operating	21,67			7,451
Total Elderville community building	21,67	5 21,675	14,224	7,451

#### **GENERAL FUND**

	Dudgeted	Amounto	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
-	Budgeted Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Oligiliai	ı ınaı	Amounts	(Negative)
Longview Eastman Road building:	42.020	40.000	40.040	2.044
Operating	13,830	13,830	10,016	3,814
Total Longview Easton Road building	13,830	13,830	10,016	3,814
M. A. Smith Criminal Justice Center: Operating	43,650	49,650	48,804	846
Total M. A. Smith Criminal Justice Center	43,650	49,650	48,804	846
Total public buildings	2,328,874	2,329,395	2,071,035	258,360
Transportation and road:				
Operating	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,399,910	90
Total transportation and road	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,399,910	90
Total transportation and roads	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,399,910	90
Debt service - principal:				
Capital lease		596	596	
Total debt service - principal		596	596	
Debt service - interest:				
Capital lease		257	257	
Total debt service - interest	<del>-</del>	257	257	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	42,201,901	42,072,908	40,322,184	1,750,724

#### **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

				Variance with
	Rudgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
	<u> </u>			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$( 2,026,040)	\$ <u>( 1,845,047)</u>	\$371,958	\$ 2,217,005
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in:				
Capital projects fund		59,000	59,000	
Total transfers in		59,000	59,000	
Transfers out:				
Grant fund	( 95,750)	( 95,750)	( 66,986)	28,764
Road and bridge fund	( 100,000)	( 960,000)	( 960,000)	-
Capital projects fund	( 1,540,000)	( 1,843,500)	( 1,843,500)	-
Airport special revenue fund		( 27,435)	( 27,435)	
Total transfers out	( 1,735,750)	( 2,926,685)	( 2,897,921)	28,764
Sale of capital assets	25,000	25,000	29,926	4,926
Insurance recoveries	-	30,250	30,250	-
Capital lease		4,693	4,693	
Total other financing sources (uses)	( 1,710,750)	( 2,807,742)	( 2,774,052)	33,690
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 3,736,790)	( 4,652,789)	( 2,402,094)	2,250,695
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	33,089,968	33,089,968	33,089,968	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 29,353,178	\$ 28,437,179	\$ 30,687,874	\$ 2,250,695

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### **ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Taxes:						
Current property Current penalty and interest Delinquent property Delinquent penalty and interest Total taxes	\$ 1,144,800 5,000 24,251 10,500 1,184,551	\$ 1,144,800 5,000 24,251 10,500 1,184,551	\$ 1,144,266 6,053 21,951 6,113 1,178,383	\$( 534) 1,053 ( 2,300) ( 4,387) ( 6,168)		
Licenses and permits:  Motor vehicle registration  Weight permits  Total licenses and permits	1,220,000 21,500 1,241,500	1,220,000 21,500 1,241,500	1,515,118 20,894 1,536,012	295,118 ( 606) 294,512		
Intergovernmental: Lateral road Donation of RAP Total intergovernmental	18,000 - 18,000	18,000 - 18,000	18,955 485,363 504,318	955 485,363 486,318		
Charges for services:						
Reimb - capital project overhead  Total charges for services	<u> </u>		4,734 4,734	4,734 4,734		
Fines and forfeitures: Misdemeanor fines Felony fines Civil/BF fines Total fines and forfeitures	320,000 130,000 30,000 480,000	320,000 130,000 30,000 480,000	270,103 134,074 18,964 423,141	( 49,897) 4,074 ( 11,036) ( 56,859)		
	460,000	460,000	423,141	( 56,659)		
Investment earnings: Interest Unrealized gains (losses) Total investment earnings	10,000	10,000	34,703 ( 5,236) 29,467	24,703 ( 5,236) 19,467		
Miscellaneous:						
Miscellaneous  Total miscellaneous	1,000 1,000	1,000 1,000	867 867	( 133) ( 133)		
Total revenues	2,935,051	2,935,051	3,676,922	741,871		
EXPENDITURES Transportation and roads: Administration:						
Salaries Fringe benefits Operating	266,811 88,723 58,000	266,811 88,723 58,000	260,691 86,390 55,563	6,120 2,333 2,437		
Total administration	413,534	413,534	402,644	10,890		

#### **ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND**

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)  Transportation and roads: (Continued)  Road and bridge - general:  Operating	\$1,600	\$1,600	\$ <u>        -        </u>	\$ <u>1,600</u>	
Total road and bridge - general	1,600	1,600		1,600	
Road and bridge - precinct no. 1: Salaries Fringe benefits Operating Capital outlay Total road and bridge - precinct no. 1	703,029 293,910 290,782  1,287,721	703,029 293,910 301,212 153,207 1,451,358	657,498 254,153 576,304 153,171 1,641,126	45,531 39,757 ( 275,092) 36 ( 189,768)	
Road and bridge - precinct no. 2: Salaries Fringe benefits Operating Total road and bridge - precinct no. 2	36,485 16,445 28,215 81,145	36,485 16,444 28,215 81,144	35,871 16,129 5,702 57,702	614 315 22,513 23,442	
Road and bridge - precinct no. 3: Salaries Fringe benefits Operating Capital outlay Total road and bridge - precinct no. 3	687,844 293,245 369,355  1,350,444	687,844 293,245 486,877 12,860 1,480,826	659,017 277,647 528,198 12,860 1,477,722	28,827 15,598 ( 41,321) - 3,104	
Road and bridge - precinct no. 4: Salaries Fringe benefits Operating Capital outlay Total road and bridge - precinct no. 4	606,919 259,685 198,147 - 1,064,751	606,919 259,685 208,257 2,965 1,077,826	595,021 246,225 257,489 2,965 1,101,700	11,898 13,460 ( 49,232)  ( 23,874)	
Total transportation and roads	4,199,195	4,506,288	4,680,894	( 174,606)	
Total expenditures	4,199,195	4,506,288	4,680,894	(174,606)	

#### **ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	( 1,264,144)	( 1,571,237)	( 1,003,972)	567,265	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in:	400,000	000 000	000 000		
General fund  Total transfers in	100,000 100,000	960,000 960,000	960,000 960,000	<u> </u>	
Sale of capital assets Insurance recoveries Total other financing sources and (uses)	3,500 - 103,500	3,500 98,976 1,062,476	22,286 98,976 1,081,262	18,786  18,786	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 1,160,644)	( 508,761)	77,290	586,051	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	4,560,915	4,560,915	4,560,915		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$3,400,271	\$4,052,154	\$ 4,638,205	\$586,051	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY SCHEDULES

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2017** 

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. State law provides that amendments approved by the Commissioners Court may be made to the original budget provided that funds are available for the added expenditures. Reported budget amounts reflect the budget as originally adopted and all budget amendments and transfers approved by the Commissioners Court.

The County uses encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. All open purchase orders lapse at year-end and are subject to re-appropriation in the subsequent year's budgetary process.

Budgetary comparison schedules are presented as required supplementary information for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund. The budgetary comparison schedules included in the required supplementary information present a comparison of budgetary data to actual results of operations for the General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund. Comparisons of budgetary data to actual results of operations for the Capital Improvement Fund (major capital projects fund), Airport Capital Improvement Fund (major capital projects fund), Airport Fund (nonmajor special revenue), Law Enforcement Fund (nonmajor special revenue), Court Technology and Security Fund (nonmajor special revenue), Records Management and Preservation Fund (nonmajor special revenue), Voting and Elections Fund (nonmajor special revenue), Law Library Fund (nonmajor special revenue), and Health Care Fund (nonmajor special revenue) are presented as supplementary information.

The following nonmajor special revenue funds do not have legally adopted budgets; therefore, no budgetary comparison schedules are presented: Grant Fund, Code Enforcement Fund, VIT Operating Fund, District Attorney Fund, and Sheriff Fund.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Plan Year Ended December 31	2016	2015	2014	
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic	\$ 3,531,610 9,867,996 - -	\$ 3,307,965 9,364,860 ( 483,308) 1,346,961	\$ 3,352,760 8,831,106 - -	
(gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds	90,665	( 1,630,892)	( 820,005)	
of contributions	( 5,327,748)	( 5,430,771)	( 4,930,501)	
Net change in total pension liability	8,162,523	6,474,815	6,433,360	
Total pension liability - beginning	122,707,690	116,232,875	109,799,515	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ <u>130,870,213</u>	\$ <u>122,707,690</u>	\$ <u>116,232,875</u>	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions  Member contributions  Investment income net of investment expenses	\$ 2,833,558 1,836,277 8,259,029	\$ 2,700,427 1,727,961 ( 264,690)	\$ 2,687,677 1,719,683 7,228,206	
Benefit payments refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	( 5,327,747) ( 89,748)	( 264,690) ( 5,430,771) ( 80,839) ( 123,434)	( 4,930,501) ( 84,645) ( 155,736)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	7,714,097	( 1,471,346)	6,464,684	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	111,667,450	113,138,796	106,674,112	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	119,381,547	111,667,450	113,138,796	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ <u>11,488,666</u>	\$ <u>11,040,240</u>	\$ 3,094,079	
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	91.22%	91.00%	97.34%	
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 25,900,948	\$ 24,685,154	\$ 24,566,896	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	44.36%	44.72%	12.59%	

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### **SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	0	Actuarially Determined Ontribution	Actual Employer ontribution	De	tribution ficiency xcess)	y Covered		Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$	2,661,394	\$ 2,661,394	\$	-	\$	24,561,424	10.8%
2015		2,675,491	2,675,491		-		24,456,039	10.9%
2016		2,756,645	2,756,645		-		25,197,850	10.9%
2017		2,805,690	2,805,690		-		25,773,377	10.9%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are

calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are

eported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 13.6 years (based on contribution rate calculated in

12/31/2016 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career

including inflation.

**Investment Rate of Return** 8.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation.

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are

assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement

for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality In the 2015 actuarial valuation, assumed life

expectancies were adjusted as a result of adopting a new projection scale (110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale) for 2014 and later. Previously Scale AA had been used. The base table is the RP-2000 table

projected with Scale AA to 2014.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule No changes in plan provisions are reflected in the

Schedule of Employer Contributions.

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Airport Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the East Texas Regional Airport.

**Law Enforcement Fund** – This fund is used to account for law enforcement revenues and expenditures restricted by federal and state statutes.

Court Technology and Security Fund – This fund accounts for the fees collected from defendants in criminal cases pursuant to the Code of Criminal Procedure §102.0169, §102.017, and §102.0173. Proceeds are used to cover the costs of continuing education and training for the judges and clerks on technological enhancements and for the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements including computer systems, networks, hardware, and software, imaging systems, electronic kiosks, and docket management systems.

**Records Management and Preservation Fund** – This fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements related to the record management and preservation program. Resources from this fund are used to manage, organize, promote, implement, preserve, and maintain county records.

**Voting and Elections Fund** – This fund is used to account for activities related to voting and elections within the County which are restricted by federal and state statutes.

**Grant Fund** – This fund is used to account for activities related to federal, state, and local grants received by the County.

**Law Library** - This fund accounts for fees collected pursuant to Local Government Code §323.023 for the operations of the law library.

**Health Care Fund** – This fund is used to account for the federal and state funding received for health care activities.

**Code Enforcement Fund** – This fund is used to account for the activities related to code enforcement.

**VIT Operating Fund** – This fund is used to account for the vehicle inventory tax functions of the County tax office.

**District Attorney Fund** – This fund accounts for all receipts and disbursements related to the discretionary funding of the District Attorney.

**Sheriff Fund** – This fund is used to account for the inmate welfare activities at the County jail as well as asset forfeitures. These funds are restricted by statute.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

			Special	Revenue		
	Airport	Law Enforcemen	Court Technology t and Security	Records Management and Preservation	Voting and Elections	Grant
	Aliport	Lillorcemen	and Security	Fieservation	LIECTIONS	Giani
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,872		\$ 356,777	\$ 744,651	\$ 21,905	\$ 111,598
Investments Receivables (net of allowance	1,106,043	-	-	-	-	-
for uncollectibles):						
Accounts	8,150	) -	62,114	173,727	_	3,000
Taxes	46,259		-	-	_	-
Interest	2,686		_	<u>-</u>	_	_
Due from other governments	3,660		-	_	-	96,943
Inventory	2,106	· -	-	_	-	-
Total assets	1,258,776	71,701	418,891	918,378	21,905	211,541
LIABILITIES						<del></del>
	35,591	F	752	2,661	2 502	4 461
Accounts payable  Due to other governments	4,864	•	732	2,001 78	2,503	4,461
Accrued liabilities	69,841		_	4,071	-	12,607
Due to other funds	-	_	_	-	_	103,787
Total liabilities	110,296	56,112	752	6,810	2,503	120,855
	110,230	50,112	132	0,010	2,505	120,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - court fines	-	-	60,778	170,042	-	-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	39,528	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Total deferred inflows of resources	39,528	<u> </u>	60,778	170,042		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	2,106	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for:						
Public safety operations	-	15,589	-	-	-	68,572
Judicial operations	-	-	-	-	-	9,678
Court technology and security	-	-	357,361	-	-	-
Records management and preservation	-	-	-	741,526	-	-
Voting and elections	-	-	-	-	19,402	-
Health and human services operations VIT operations	-	-	-	-	-	12,436
Committed for:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Airport operations	1,106,846		_	_	_	_
Donations to healthcare organizations	-	, -	_	<u>-</u>	_	_
Total fund balances	1,108,952	2 15,589	357,361	741,526	19,402	90,686
	1,100,932			741,320	10,402	50,000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	<b>#</b> 4.050.77	о ф. 74.704	<b>440.004</b>	Φ 040.070	Ф 04.00 <b>5</b>	Φ 044.544
resources and fund balances	\$ <u>1,258,776</u>	§ \$ <u>71,701</u>	\$ 418,891	\$ 918,378	\$ 21,905	\$ 211,541

Special Revenue

	Law Health Library Care																						Code Enforcement		VIT Operating		District Attorney		Sheriff		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	64,044 -	\$	74,174 2,887,606	\$	197,615 -	\$	9,085 -	\$	28,992 -	\$	195,872 -	\$	1,966,286 3,993,649																			
	34,311		-		-		-		-		-		281,302																			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		46,259																			
	-		7,660		-		-		-		-		10,346																			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		100,603																			
_	-	_	-		-		-		-		-	_	2,106																			
	98,355	_	2,969,440	_	197,615		9,085		28,992	_	195,872	_	6,400,551																			
	5,041		-		_		-		-		-		107,121																			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,942																			
	756		-		-		-		-		-		87,275																			
	<u> </u>	_	=		-		861		4,536			_	109,184																			
	5,797	_	-				861		4,536		-	_	308,522																			
	32,191		_		_		_		<u>-</u>		-		263,011																			
	-		-		-		-		-		=		39,528																			
	32,191	_	-		-	_		_	-	_	-	_	302,539																			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,106																			
	-		_		197,615		-		-		195,872		477,648																			
	60,367		-		-		-		24,456		-		94,501																			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		357,361																			
	=		-		-		-		-		-		741,526																			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		19,402																			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		12,436																			
	-		-		-		8,224		-		-		8,224																			
	-		- 2.060.440		-		-		-		-		1,106,846																			
	-	_	2,969,440				-		-	_	-	_	2,969,440																			
	60,367	_	2,969,440		197,615		8,224		24,456		195,872	_	5,789,490																			
\$	98,355	\$	2,969,440	\$	197,615	\$	9,085	\$	28,992	\$	195,872	\$	6,400,551																			

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Special R	evenue		
	Airport	Law Enforcement	Court Technology and Security	Records Management and Preservation	Voting and Elections	Grant
REVENUES						
Current property taxes	\$ 1,688,706	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Delinquent property taxes	41,119	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	25,560	-	-	-	-	493,137
Charges for services	16,140	-	75,458	189,071	6,835	-
Fines and forfeitures	=	-	=	=	=	-
Interest	10,461	-	-	-	-	-
Rent and commissions	253,599	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	105			111		114,514
Total revenues	2,035,690		75,458	189,182	6,835	607,651
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,118,626	-	-	167,074	23,155	-
Judicial	=	-	6,388	31,793	=	173,526
Public safety	944,757	-	-	-	-	94,370
Health and human services	-	-	-	-	-	305,630
Transportation and roads	-	-	-	-	-	99,851
Capital outlay						26,455
Total expenditures	2,063,383		6,388	198,867	23,155	699,832
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	( 27,693)		69,070	( 9,685)	( 16,320)	( 92,181)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	27,435	-	-	-	-	116,912
Transfers out	( 49,926)	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	4,122	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance recoveries	30,204	_	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,835		-	-		116,912
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	( 15,858)	-	69,070	( 9,685)	( 16,320)	24,731
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,124,810	15,589	288,291	751,211	35,722	65,955
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$_1,108,952	\$15,589	\$357,361	\$_741,526	\$19,402	\$90,686

#### Special Revenues

Law Library		Health Care		Code Enforcement		VIT Operating		District Attorney		Sheriff		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,688,706
	-		-		-		-		-		-		41,119
	-		57,739		-		-		22,775		-		599,211
	77,738		-		-		6,792		18,011		7,118		397,163
	-		-		45,379		-		18,876		23,451		87,706
	-		17,221		193		12		-		662		28,549
	-		-		-		-		-		279,008		532,607
_	194	_	-		-		-	_	403		47	_	115,374
_	77,932	_	74,960	_	45,572		6,804	_	60,065	_	310,286	_	3,490,435
	_		_		-		10,381		_		-		1,319,236
	70,937		_		_		-		51,338		_		333,982
	-		_		25,277		_		-		258,365		1,322,769
	_		20,000		,		_		-		-		325,630
	-		-		-		-		-		-		99,851
	_		-		-		-		-		84,000		110,455
_	70,937	_	20,000		25,277		10,381	_	51,338		342,365	_	3,511,923
-		_			-,						,,,,,,,		
	6,995		54,960		20,295	(	3,577)		8,727	(	32,079)	(	21,488)
			_		_		_		_				
	-		-		-		-		-		=		144,347
	-		-		-		-		-		-	(	49,926)
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,122
	_		_		-		-		_		-		30,204
_	-		-		-		-		-		-		128,747
	6,995		54,960		20,295	(	3,577)		8,727	(	32,079)		107,259
-	53,372	_	2,914,480		177,320		11,801	-	15,729		227,951	_	5,682,231
\$_	60,367	\$	2,969,440	\$	197,615	\$	8,224	\$	24,456	\$	195,872	\$	5,789,490

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts	W E	/ariance rith Final Budget -
		Original	Final		Budgetary Basis		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Current property taxes	\$	241,623	\$	241,623	\$	239,254	\$(	2,369)
Delinquent property taxes	φ	8,702	φ	8,702	Φ	6,552	Φ(	2,369) 2,150)
Investment earnings		64,500		64,500		114,395	(	49,895
Miscellaneous		-		-		, 1		, 1
Total revenues	_	314,825	_	314,825	_	360,202		45,377
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal		393,075		393,075		393,063		12
Interest and fiscal charges		8,920		8,920		8,906		14
Capital outlay	_	3,760,662	_	4,250,992	_	4,115,516		135,476
Total expenditures	_	4,162,657	_	4,652,987	-	4,517,485		135,502
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	3,847,832)	(	4,338,162)	<u>(</u>	4,157,283)		180,879
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	,	1,540,000	,	1,843,500	,	1,843,500		-
Transfers out Sale of capital assets	(	60,000) 364,310	(	762,290) 364,310	(	357,357) 364,298	,	404,933 12)
Insurance recoveries		304,310		12,889		12,889	(	- 12)
Capital lease		_		511,215		509,559	(	1,656)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	1,844,310	_	1,969,624	-	2,372,889		403,265
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	2,003,522)	(	2,368,538)	(	1,784,394)		584,144
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		23,498,611	_	23,498,611	_	23,498,611		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING		21,495,089	\$_	21,130,073	\$_	21,714,217	\$	584,144

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### AIRPORT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original Final				Budgetary Basis		Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	540,000	\$	3,574,127	\$	3,355,888	\$(	218,239)	
Charges for services	_	92,000	_	92,000	_	82,878	(	9,122)	
Total revenues	_	632,000	_	3,666,127	_	3,438,766	(	227,361)	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay	_	600,000	_	3,971,251	_	3,737,118		234,133	
Total expenditures	_	600,000	_	3,971,251	_	3,737,118		234,133	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	32,000	<u>(</u>	305,124)	<u>(</u>	298,352)		6,772	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		60,000		397,125		298,357	(	98,768)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	60,000	_	397,125	_	298,357	(	98,768)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		92,000		92,001		5	(	91,996)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	170,363	_	170,363	_	170,363			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$_	262,363	\$	262,364	\$_	170,368	\$ <u>(</u>	91,996)	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **AIRPORT FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original		Final		Budgetary Basis		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES  Current property taxes Delinquent property taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment earnings Rents and commissions Miscellaneous		693,958 44,712 20,000 14,400 3,300 230,500	\$	1,693,958 44,712 20,000 14,400 3,300 230,500	\$	1,688,706 41,119 25,560 16,140 10,461 253,599 105	\$(	5,252) 3,593) 5,560 1,740 7,161 23,099 105
Total revenues	2,	006,870		2,006,870	_	2,035,690		28,820
EXPENDITURES  Current: General government Public safety Capital outlay  Total expenditures		179,339 964,019 14,500 157,858	<u>-</u>	1,242,007 965,989 7,500 2,215,496	_	1,118,626 944,757 - 2,063,383	<u>-</u>	123,381 21,232 7,500 152,113
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	150,988)	(_	208,626)	(	27,693)		180,933
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers in  Transfers out Sale of capital assets Insurance recoveries  Total other financing sources (uses)	(	50,000) - - 50,000)	(	27,435 50,000) - 30,204 7,639	(	27,435 49,926) 4,122 30,204 11,835	<u>-</u>	- 74 4,122 - 4,196
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	200,988)	(	200,987)	(	15,858)		185,129
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	1,	124,810		1,124,810	_	1,124,810		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	923,822	\$	923,823	\$_	1,108,952	\$	185,129

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	Budge Original	ted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	\$	_ \$	\$	\$		
EXPENDITURES Current: Judicial Total expenditures	3,552 3,552		-	3,552 3,552		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 3,552	2) ( 3,552)	-	3,552		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	15,589	15,589	15,589			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>12,037</u>	<u> </u>	\$ <u>15,589</u>	\$ <u>3,552</u>		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **COURT TECHNOLOGY AND SECURITY FUND**

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 77,600	\$ 77,600	\$ 75,458	\$ <u>( 2,142)</u>		
Total revenues	77,600	77,600	75,458	( 2,142)		
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Judicial	67,820	69,758	6,388	63,370		
Public safety	7,470	7,470	-	7,470		
Capital outlay	33,500	31,562		31,562		
Total expenditures	108,790	108,790	6,388	102,402		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 31,190)	( 31,190)	69,070	100,260		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	288,291	288,291	288,291			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>257,101</u>	\$ <u>257,101</u>	\$ <u>357,361</u>	\$ <u>100,260</u>		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION FUND**

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Original Final		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ <u>190,600</u>	\$ <u>190,600</u>	\$ <u>189,071</u>	\$ <u>( 1,529</u> )
Total revenues	190,600	190,600	189,182	( 1,418)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	201,857	201,857	167,074	34,783
Judicial	74,265	74,265	31,793	42,472
Total expenditures	276,122	276,122	198,867	77,255
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 85,522)	( 85,522)	( 9,685)	75,837
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	751,211	751,211	751,211	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>665,689</u>	\$ <u>665,689</u>	\$ <u>741,526</u>	\$ 75,837

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **VOTING AND ELECTIONS FUND**

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original Final		Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$6,835	\$6,835
Total revenues			6,835	6,835
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	<u> </u>	9,580	23,155	( 13,575)
Total expenditures		9,580	23,155	( 13,575)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	( 9,580)	( 16,320)	( 6,740)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	35,722	35,722	35,722	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>35,722</u>	\$ <u>26,142</u>	\$ <u>19,402</u>	\$ <u>( 6,740)</u>

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **LAW LIBRARY FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual mounts	wi Bı	ariance th Final udget -
	Original		Final		Budgetary Basis			ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	77,738	\$	2,738
Miscellaneous		150		150		194		44
Total revenues		75,150		75,150	_	77,932		2,782
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Judicial		73,287		73,287		70,937		2,350
Total expenditures		73,287		73,287	_	70,937		2,350
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,863		1,863		6,995		5,132
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	53,372	_	53,372		53,372		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$_	55,235	\$	55,235	\$	60,367	\$	5,132

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### **HEALTH CARE FUND**

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 57,739	\$ 12,739
Investment earnings	14,000	14,000	17,221	3,221
Total revenues	59,000	59,000	74,960	15,960
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Health and human services	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
Total expenditures	20,000	20,000	20,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	39,000	39,000	54,960	15,960
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	2,914,480	2,914,480	2,914,480	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 2,953,480	\$ 2,953,480	\$ 2,969,440	\$ <u>15,960</u>

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

*Internal Service Funds* are used to account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis.

**Print Shop Fund** – This fund was established in 2001 and accounts for printing functions provided to County departments. Operational costs associated with the print shop are supported by charges to user departments.

**Self-insurance Fund** – This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to employee insurance benefits. The County provides health and dental benefits for full-time employees. The County transitioned to a self-funded medical plan out of the traditional fully-insured model in fiscal year 2001 to help lower costs and maintain stability in premiums.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

	Print Shop	Self- Insurance	Totals
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,566	\$ 80,337	\$ 130,903
Investments	-	1,030,000	1,030,000
Interest receivable	-	990	990
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	1,882	79,321	81,203
Inventory	8,298	4 400 040	8,298
Total current assets	60,746	1,190,648	1,251,394
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Equipment	49,288	-	49,288
Less accumulated depreciation	( 39,698)		( 39,698)
Total capital assets	9,590		9,590
Total noncurrent assets	9,590	<u> </u>	9,590
Total assets	70,336	1,190,648	1,260,984
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	723	31,801	32,524
Accrued liabilities	1,401	574,271	575,672
Total liabilities	2,124	606,072	608,196
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	9,590	-	9,590
Unrestricted	58,622	584,576	643,198
Total net position	\$ 68,212	\$ 584,576	\$652,788

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

	Print Shop	Self- Insurance	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 38,181	\$ 6,220,087	\$ 6,258,268
Total operating revenues	38,181	6,220,087	6,258,268
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	26,572	-	26,572
Fringe benefits	14,745	-	14,745
Materials and supplies	16,192	-	16,192
Insurance consultant	-	25,000	25,000
Claims	-	7,284,775	7,284,775
Administrative	-	785,264	785,264
Depreciation	8,347	<u> </u>	8,347
Total operating expenses	65,856	8,095,039	8,160,895
OPERATING LOSS	( 27,675)	( 1,874,952)	( 1,902,627)
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Investment earnings	<del>-</del>	10,163	10,163
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	( 27,675)	( 1,864,789)	( 1,892,464)
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	95,887	2,449,365	2,545,252
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ <u>68,212</u>	\$ 584,576	\$ 652,788

### **COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

		Print		Self-		
		Shop		Insurance		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash receipts from interfund charges for print shop services	\$	36,836	\$	-	\$	36,836
Cash receipts from interfund charges for self-insurance services		-		6,195,871		6,195,871
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(	14,174)	(	7,682,387)	(	7,696,561)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(	41,302)	_		(	41,302)
Net cash used by						
operating activities	(	18,640)	(	1,486,516)	(	1,505,156)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from sale and maturities of securities		-		1,546,362		1,546,362
Investment earnings		-	_	14,501		14,501
Net cash flows provided by						
investing activities	_		_	1,560,863	_	1,560,863
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH						
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(	18,640)		74,347		55,707
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		69,206	_	5,990	_	75,196
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	50,566	\$_	80,337	\$_	130,903
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET						
CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating loss	\$(	27,675)	\$(	1,874,952)	\$(	1,902,627)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash used by operating activities:		0.047				0.047
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		8,347		-		8,347
(Increase) decrease in assets:						
Inventory		1,794		_		1,794
Accounts receivable	(	1,345)	(	24,216)	(	25,561)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	`	,	`	,	`	,
Accounts payable		224		27,003		27,227
Accrued liabilities		15	_	385,649	_	385,664
Net cash used by						
operating activities	\$ <u>(</u>	18,640)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,486,516)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,505,156)

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS AGENCY FUNDS

**Agency funds** are used to account for short-term custodial collections of resources on behalf of another individual, entity, or government.

<u>Tax Office Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for funds held by the Tax Office as an agent for other taxing entities. Collections are initially accounted for here and subsequently submitted to the appropriate State, County or other taxing entity. It is also used to account for interest earned on the Vehicle Inventory Tax for the Tax Assessor-Collector to defray the cost of administration of the prepayment procedure.

<u>County Clerk Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of fees and other costs by the County Clerk and the distribution of those monies or interest earnings and principal cash established by the Court for various reasons within the Court's jurisdiction. Upon completion and court order, the latter funds are remitted to the appropriate individuals.

<u>District Clerk Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of fees and other costs by the District Clerk and the distribution of those monies or interest earnings and principal cash established by the Court for various reasons within the Court's jurisdiction. Upon completion and court order, the latter funds are remitted to the appropriate individuals.

<u>Sheriff Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies of County inmates held in escrow on their behalf. The monies are disbursed to the jail commissary and other parties upon direction from the inmates. This fund is also used to account for various monies collected or deposited with the County associated with activities such as bail bonds of individuals, restitution and attorneys' fees awarded by the Courts and seizures pending. The monies are disbursed to the parties for whom the assets are held by order of the Courts.

<u>District Attorney Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for restitution payable to victims and temporarily holds fees collected on hot checks.

<u>Code Forfeiture Pending Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies seized in criminal cases. The funds are held until their disposition, primarily as forfeitures to law enforcement agencies and the District Attorney's office, as established by court order.

<u>State Fees Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection and payment of State fees that are included in court costs of civil and criminal cases.

<u>Gregg/Harrison First Call Warning Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for donations and payments of funding for software to run a First Call Warning system. The fund has been inactive in recent years.

<u>Juvenile Probation Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for funds held by the County for the Gregg County Juvenile Probation Department or the Gregg County Juvenile Detention Center.

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

	Tax Assessor- Collector		District Clerk	Sheriff
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$_2,538,791	\$743,760	\$ 3,113,511	\$ 405,758
Total assets	\$ <u>2,538,791</u>	\$ <u>743,760</u>	\$ <u>3,113,511</u>	\$ <u>405,758</u>
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$ 2,538,791	\$743,760	\$ 3,113,511	\$_405,758
Total liabilities	\$ 2,538,791	\$ 743,760	\$ <u>3,113,511</u>	\$ 405,758

District Attorney	Code Forfeiture Pending	State Fees	Gregg/ Harrison First Call Warning	Juvenile Probation	Totals
\$ 71,203	\$ 69,877	\$ 233,711	\$ <u>10,107</u>	\$_1,293,988	\$ 8,480,706
\$ 71,203	\$69,877	\$ 233,711	\$ <u>10,107</u>	\$ <u>1,293,988</u>	\$8,480,706
\$ 71,203	\$ 69,877	\$ 233,711	\$ <u>10,107</u>	\$_1,293,988	\$ 8,480,706
\$ 71,203	\$ 69,877	\$ <u>233,711</u>	\$ <u>10,107</u>	\$ 1,293,988	\$ 8,480,706

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Balance End of Year	
TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR				
Assets:  Cash and investments	\$ 2,508,229	\$ 244,357,464	\$ 244,326,902	\$ 2,538,791
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 2,508,229	\$ <u>244,357,464</u>	\$ <u>244,326,902</u>	\$ 2,538,791
COUNTY CLERK Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 788,254	\$ 1,468,033	\$1,512,527	\$ 743,760
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ <u>788,254</u>	\$1,468,033	\$ <u>1,512,527</u>	\$ 743,760
DISTRICT CLERK				
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 3,430,446	\$ 2,186,157	\$ 2,503,092	\$ 3,113,511
Liabilities: Due to others	\$3,430,446	\$ 2,186,157	\$ 2,503,092	\$ 3,113,511
SHERIFF				
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ <u>262,421</u>	\$1,865,579	\$1,722,242	\$ <u>405,758</u>
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ <u>262,421</u>	\$ <u>1,865,579</u>	\$1,722,242	\$ <u>405,758</u>
DISTRICT ATTORNEY Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 57,722	\$ 429,447	\$ 415,966	\$ 71,203
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ <u>57,722</u>	\$\$29,447	\$ <u>415,966</u>	\$ <u>71,203</u>

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Balance Beginning of Year	Additions		Deductions			Balance End of Year
CODE FORFEITURE PENDING								
Assets: Cash and investments	\$_	102,078	\$_	33,744	\$_	65,945	\$_	69,877
Liabilities: Due to others	\$_	102,078	\$ <u>_</u>	33,744	\$_	65,945	\$ <u>_</u>	69,877
STATE FEES								
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ <u>_</u>	254,328	\$_	1,072,517	\$ <u>_</u>	1,093,134	\$_	233,711
Liabilities: Due to others	\$_	254,328	\$_	1,072,517	\$_	1,093,134	\$_	233,711
GREGG / HARRISON FIRST CALL WA	RNI	NG						
Cash and investments	\$_	10,107	\$_		\$ <u>_</u>		\$	10,107
Liabilities: Due to others	\$_	10,107	\$ <u></u>	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>_</u>		\$ <u></u>	10,107
JUVENILE PROBATION								
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ <u>_</u>	635,380	\$_	5,697,959	\$ <u>_</u>	5,039,351	\$ <u></u>	1,293,988
Liabilities: Due to others	\$_	635,380	\$_	5,697,959	\$_	5,039,351	\$ <u></u>	1,293,988
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$_	8,048,965	\$_	257,110,900	\$_	256,679,159	\$_	8,480,706
Liabilities: Due to others	\$_	8,048,965	\$_	257,110,900	\$_	256,679,159	\$ <u>_</u>	8,480,706



#### STATISTICAL SECTION

#### (Unaudited)

This portion of the Gregg County, Texas, comprehensive annual financial report presents multiple years of data to provide a historical perspective for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information and for assessing the County's overall financial health.

#### **Contents**

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain information to assist readers in understanding and assessing how the County's financial position has changed over time.

Table 1.1 – Net Position by Component

Table 1.2 – Changes in Net Position

Table 1.3 – Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Table 1.4 - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain trend information that is intended to assist readers in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its own source revenues.

Table 2.1 – Assessed Value and Estimated Taxable Value of Property

Table 2.2 – Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments

Table 2.3 – Principal Taxpayers and Chart

Table 2.4 – Property Tax Levies and Collections

Table 2.5 – Revenue by Source

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader in understanding and assessing the County's debt burden and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Table 3.1 – Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Table 3.2 – Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Table 3.3 – Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Table 3.4 – Legal Debt Margin Information

#### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules contain economic and demographic information to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Table 4.1 – Demographic and Economic Statistics

Table 4.2 – Principal Employers and Chart

#### **Operating Information**

Operating information is intended to provide statistical information about the County's operations and resources to assist readers in understanding how the information relates to the services and activities performed by the County.

Table 5.1 – County Employees by Function and Chart

Table 5.2 – Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Table 5.3 – Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Table 5.4 – Insurance Information

#### Table 1.1 NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2008		2009		2010		2011
Governmental activities:								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	58,405,677	\$	64,771,730	\$	63,282,308	\$	63,355,158
Debt service		265,955		-		-		<u>-</u>
Archive restoration		687,010		682,131		766,580		743,251
Transportation and road improvements Public safety operations		-		-		-		- -
Judicial operations		_		_		_		_
Bail bond board operations		-		-		-		-
Airport operations		-		-		-		-
Court technology and security		-		-		-		-
Records management and preservation		-		-		-		-
Voting and elections  Health and human services operations		-		-		-		-
Vehicle inventory tax administration		-		-		-		-
Permanent improvements		_		-		_		-
Unrestricted	_	49,150,046	-	56,637,636	_	63,683,421	_	66,288,684
Total governmental activities net position	\$_	108,508,688	\$_	122,091,497	\$_	127,732,309	\$_	130,387,093
Business-type activities:								
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities net position	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	-
Primary government:								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	58,405,677	\$	64,771,730	\$	63,282,308	\$	63,355,158
Debt service		265,955		-		-		-
Archive restoration		687,010		682,131		766,580		743,251
Transportation and road improvements		-		-		-		-
Public safety operations Bail bond board operations		_		-		-		-
Judicial operations		-		-		-		-
Airport operations		-		-		-		-
Court technology and security		-		-		-		-
Records management and preservation		-		-		-		-
Voting and elections		-		-		-		-
Health and human services operations		-		-		-		-
Vehicle inventory tax administration Permanent improvements		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted	_	49,150,046	_	56,637,636	_	63,683,421	_	66,288,684
Total primary government net position	\$_	108,508,688	\$_	122,091,497	\$_	127,732,309	\$_	130,387,093

Fiscal Year

	2012		2012		FISCS	li i e			2016		2017
	2012	. —	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	59,664,989	\$	58,814,064	\$	58,218,734	\$	63,174,980	\$	64,504,455	\$	65,833,674
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	813,419		475,923		506,979		549,472		415,018		447,686
	4,789,161		5,447,169		7,664,128		6,608,420		5,488,768		5,567,382
	606,516		527,863		561,196		584,247		467,702		477,648
	131,596		139,605		164,282		126,653		110,549		126,704
	-		29,439		34,820		36,169		38,600		41,973
	170,363		197,781		203,040		170,363		170,363		170,368
	210,598		239,711		313,465		344,102		345,819		418,139
	702,052		755,926		919,572		932,554		912,570		911,568
	35,366		24,643		23,195		25,158		35,722		19,402
	56,341		71,209		29,250		33,771		22,797		26,055
	-		-		1,589		2,673		11,801		8,224
	4,272,310		4,659,594		4,573,899		4,959,943		3,865,325		3,615,437
_	62,548,344	_	61,863,595	_	63,043,040	_	60,350,642	_	60,883,184	_	53,811,155
\$_	134,001,055	\$_	133,246,522	\$_	136,257,189	\$_	137,899,147	\$_	137,272,673	\$_	131,475,415
\$	313,158	\$	298,645	\$	490,770	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
*	49,553	(	6,125)	(	93,857)	*	_	•	_	•	-
_		<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>		_		_		_	_
\$_	362,711	\$_	292,520	\$_	396,913	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-
\$	59,978,147	\$	59,112,709	\$	58,709,504	\$	63,174,980	\$	64,504,455	\$	65,833,674
	- 813,419		- 475,923		- 506,979		- 549,472		- 415,018		- 447,686
	4,789,161		5,447,169		7,664,128		6,608,420		5,488,768		5,567,382
	606,516		527,863		561,196		584,247		467,702		477,648
	-		29,439		34,820		36,169		38,600		41,973
	131,596		139,605		164,282		126,653		110,549		126,704
	170,363		197,781		203,040		170,363		170,363		170,368
	210,598		239,711		313,465		334,102		345,819		418,139
	702,052		755,926		919,572		932,554		912,570		911,568
	35,366		24,643		23,195		25,158		35,722		19,402
	56,341		71,209		29,250		33,771		22,797		26,055
	-				1,589		2,673		11,801		8,224
	4,272,310		4,659,594		4,573,899		4,959,943		3,865,325		3,615,437
_	62,597,897	_	61,857,470	_	62,949,183	_	60,350,642	_	60,883,184	_	53,811,155
\$_	134,363,766	\$_	133,539,042	\$_	136,654,102	\$_	137,889,147	\$_	137,272,673	\$_	131,475,415

#### **Table 1.2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		ıl Year			
	2008	2009	2010	2011	
EXPENSES					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 9,543,171	\$ 10,545,040	\$ 11,102,197	\$ 12,066,388	
Judicial	5,931,707	6,506,628	6,485,552	6,926,043	
Public safety	13,189,470	14,596,497	14,826,537	14,857,301	
Health and human services	2,363,996	2,780,822	2,952,009	3,566,125	
Public buildings	2,941,860	2,440,792	2,864,443	2,921,703	
Transportation and roads	6,259,955	8,604,974	7,531,204	10,119,148	
Interest on long-term debt	28,459	22,629	18,506	12,105	
Total expenses, governmental activities	40,258,618	45,497,382	45,780,448	50,468,813	
· · ·					
Business-type activities:  Longview community center	_	_	_	_	
-	-				
Total expenses, business-type activities		<del></del>			
Total expenses, primary government	\$ <u>40,258,618</u>	\$ <u>45,497,382</u>	\$ 45,780,448	\$ 50,468,813	
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 2,870,400	\$ 3,125,963	\$ 2,795,666	\$ 2,867,886	
Judicial	1,924,753	1,872,257	1,837,417	1,788,901	
Public safety	1,485,239	1,527,640	1,444,761	1,306,073	
Health and human services	81,403	60,446	175,972	124,161	
Public buildings	3,810,197	3,577,124	3,349,981	3,341,469	
Transportation and roads	2,089,882	2,235,650	2,018,074	1,752,571	
Operating grants and contributions	1,578,343	1,410,235	1,514,592	1,981,326	
Capital grants and contributions	5,937,901	7,301,696	1,099,734	1,263,850	
Total program revenue, governmental activities	19,778,118	21,111,011	14,236,197	14,426,237	
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Longview community center					
Total program revenue, business-type activities		<u> </u>			
Total program revenue, primary government	\$ <u>19,778,118</u>	\$ <u>21,111,011</u>	\$ 14,236,197	\$ <u>14,426,237</u>	
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE					
Governmental activities	\$( 20,480,500)	\$( 24,386,371)	\$( 31,544,251)	\$( 36,042,576)	
Business-type activities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total primary government net expense	\$( 20,480,500)	\$ <u>( 24,386,371</u> )	\$ <u>( 31,544,251)</u>	\$ <u>( 36,042,576</u> )	

Fiscal Year

					Fisca	al Yea	ır				
	2012	2	013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	11,829,723		,874,593	\$	12,848,089	\$	12,705,059	\$	13,609,494	\$	13,851,975
	7,263,692		,604,265		7,554,982		7,775,332		8,195,921		8,797,765
	15,617,020	15	,872,926		16,931,848		16,649,033		18,879,371		19,802,883
	2,938,243		,828,937		2,771,049		3,026,687		2,969,427		2,875,016
	3,021,237		,244,751		3,273,248		3,399,292		3,266,908		3,475,073
	6,551,074	13	,154,752		7,929,120		9,132,170		7,449,750		9,063,627
	1,250		590		74		5,242		7,698		10,115
_	47,222,239	55	,580,815	-	51,308,410		52,692,815		54,378,569		57,876,454
	111,194		148,929		159,406				_		
_					,	-	<del>-</del>			-	
_	111,194		148,929	_	159,406		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
\$	47,333,433	\$ <u>55</u>	,729,744	\$	51,467,816	\$	52,692,815	\$	54,378,569	\$	57,876,454
\$ 	2,787,306 1,706,448 1,393,005 196,892 2,773,416 2,079,088 1,245,358 380,331 12,561,844	1 1 2 1 1 2	,812,045 ,548,149 ,157,352 193,902 ,680,598 ,841,454 ,052,759 ,312,910 ,599,169	\$ 	2,825,010 1,630,996 1,239,998 178,194 2,118,869 2,040,208 1,014,974 3,274,049 14,322,298	\$	2,767,426 1,415,001 1,177,427 38,970 1,880,943 1,920,942 1,785,205 4,647,778 15,633,692	\$	2,752,922 1,446,437 1,880,271 39,331 2,090,108 2,176,065 1,743,595 3,331,207 15,459,936	\$	2,923,510 1,428,754 1,423,690 33,871 1,214,336 1,999,583 1,570,400 3,355,888 13,950,032
	54,936		63,738		50,633		_		_		_
_	54,936	-	63,738		50,633	_				-	
_	34,930	-	03,730		30,033	_		_			
\$_	12,616,780	\$ <u>13</u>	,662,907	\$	14,372,931	\$	15,633,692	\$	15,459,936	\$	13,950,032
\$( <u>(</u>	34,660,395) 56,258)	\$( 41 (	,981,646) 85,191)	\$( <u>(</u>	36,986,112) 108,773)	\$(	37,059,123)	\$(	38,918,633)	\$(	43,926,422)
\$ <u>(</u>	34,716,653)	\$ <u>(</u> 42	,066,837)	\$ <u>(</u>	37,094,885)	\$ <u>(</u>	37,059,123)	\$ <u>(</u>	38,918,633)	\$ <u>(</u>	43,926,422)

#### Table 1.2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2008	2009	2010	2011				
General revenue and other changes in net position								
Governmental activities								
Property taxes	\$ 18,953,528	\$ 20,864,871	\$ 21,372,685	\$ 21,302,750				
Sales taxes	16,392,118	15,831,322	15,129,279	16,912,110				
Alcoholic beverage taxes	205,875	211,389	214,451	203,001				
Other taxes	64,489	104,844	86,280	77,913				
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,339,856	1,052,855	250,028	260,974				
Gain on sale of assets	236,282	-	205,243	-				
Gain on insurance settlement Miscellaneous	86,227	8,730 -	7,097 -	25,612 -				
Transfers	( 90,000)	( 83,500)	( 80,000)	( 85,000)				
Total governmental activities	37,188,375	37,990,511	37,185,063	38,697,360				
Business-type activities								
Transfers								
Total business-type activities		-		-				
Total primary government	37,188,375	37,990,511	37,185,063	38,697,360				
Changes in net position								
Governmental activities	16,707,875	13,604,140	5,640,812	2,654,784				
Business-type activities			<u> </u>					
Total primary government	\$ <u>16,707,875</u>	\$ 13,604,140	\$5,640,812	\$2,654,784				

Fiscal Year

			Fiscal Year										
	2012	20	013		2014		2015		2016		2017		
\$	21,177,159 16,902,274 189,867 112,333 177,938		,660,737 ,981,037 190,613 116,369 137,628	\$	21,899,820 17,854,086 234,572 91,337 130,130	\$	22,016,974 16,542,149 245,031 98,421 236,805	\$	21,975,330 15,317,566 256,688 103,769 578,646	\$	21,712,637 15,403,190 268,852 106,430 440,265		
	37,865 - 95,890		98,775 - 56,954		- -		87,374 - 21,892		- - 70,160		- - 197,790		
<u>(</u>	418,969) 38,274,357	41,	15,000) ,227,113		213,166) 39,996,779		396,913 39,645,559	_	38,302,159		38,129,164		
_	418,969 418,969		15,000 15,000		213,166 213,166	<u>(</u>	396,913) 396,913)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
	38,693,326	41,	,242,113		40,209,945		39,248,646		38,302,159		38,129,164		
_	3,613,962 362,711	( (	754,533) 70,191)		3,010,667 104,393	<u>(</u>	2,586,436 396,913)	(	616,474)	(	5,797,258)		
\$	3,976,673	\$ <u>(</u>	824,724)	\$	3,115,060	\$	2,189,523	\$ <u>(</u>	616,474)	\$ <u>(</u>	5,797,258)		

# Table 1.3 FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_		ar					
		2008		2009	_	2010		2011
General fund	Ф	00 455 450	Φ	20 500 205	Φ	20 720 707	Φ.	
Unreserved Reserved	\$	23,155,150	\$	29,560,305	\$	20,726,797	\$	-
Nonspendable		752,131		760,327		849,537		- 41,219
Restricted		-		-		-		770,646
Assigned		-		-		-		29,136
_		_		_		_		27,494,970
Unassigned	_	22 007 204	_	20 220 622	_	04.570.004	-	
Total general fund	_	23,907,281	_	30,320,632	_	21,576,334	_	28,335,971
All other governmental funds								
Reserved		500,492		322,089		210,891		-
Unreserved reported in:								
Special revenue funds		7,990,568		6,828,868		10,265,799		-
Capital projects fund		14,053,088		14,708,331		27,172,920		-
Nonspendable		-		-		-		103,010
Restricted		-		-		-		9,326,086
Committed		-		-		-		2,687,276
Assigned		-		-		-		21,271,834
Unassigned	_		_		_		_	
Total all other governmental funds	_	22,544,148	_	21,859,288	_	37,649,610	_	33,388,206
Total governmental funds	\$_	46,451,429	\$_	52,179,920	\$_	59,225,944	\$_	61,724,177

Extracted from Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds

<sup>\*</sup>The fund balances reported prior to the GASB Statement 54 implementation are reported with reservations and designations as they were reported in those years.

Fiscal Year

	2012	20	13		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-	,	-		-		-		-		-
	27,517		23,827		7,216		3,260		7,963		16,045
	832,926		91,407		583,839		629,028		486,486		522,785
	256,442		17,040	_	450,410	_	598,796		1,470,589		266,892
_	32,672,039	38,42	22,086	34	1,676,637	3	2,520,331	3	1,124,930	_	29,882,152
_	33,788,924	39,2	54,360	_ 35	5,718,102	3	3,751,415	_ 3	3,089,968	_	30,687,874
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		<b>-</b>		-		-		-		<b>-</b>
	112,030		34,282		133,327		896,741		1,005,349		1,082,534
	10,724,171		83,420		2,428,031		1,631,632		9,110,706		8,980,072
	1,399,986	4,3	57,002		1,569,024		4,059,191		4,037,226		4,076,286
	20,033,666	13,02	29,616	18	3,344,340	1	7,800,616	1	9,758,839		18,173,388
(	718)		-		-				-	_	-
_	32,269,135	29,40	04,320	35	5,474,722	3	4,388,180	3	3,912,120	_	32,312,280
\$_	66,058,059	\$ 68,6	58,680	\$ <u>7</u>	1,192,824	\$ <u>6</u>	8,139,595	\$ <u>6</u>	7,002,088	\$_	63,000,154

#### Table 1.4 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
		2008		2009		2010		2011	
REVENUES		_		_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	35,625,377	\$	36,962,804	\$	37,149,062	\$	38,362,150	
Licenses and permits		1,302,467		1,339,496		1,291,763		1,237,844	
Intergovernmental		8,123,597		9,323,668		3,135,838		3,731,436	
Charges for services		4,033,578		3,935,251		3,810,630		3,774,549	
Fines and forfeitures		1,121,854		1,196,596		1,156,767		1,168,021	
Investment earnings		1,265,171		1,001,794		237,182		251,352	
Rents and commissions		788,573		1,081,838		965,940		1,033,682	
Miscellaneous	_	4,148,033	_	3,704,754		3,301,639	_	3,327,129	
Total revenues	_	56,408,650	_	58,546,201	_	51,048,821	_	52,886,163	
EXPENDITURES									
General government		8,721,700		9,024,350		8,667,764		9,404,049	
Judicial		6,090,503		6,600,583		6,503,219		6,887,259	
Public safety		13,535,782		15,132,278		14,677,211		14,585,933	
Health and human services		2,488,704		2,766,474		2,837,450		3,630,641	
Public buildings		2,213,314		2,782,000		2,029,427		2,082,011	
Transportation and roads		5,532,873		8,087,017		8,469,360		10,272,011	
Debt service									
Principal		949,404		391,117		408,879		507,108	
Interest		19,390		25,883		19,711		20,810	
Capital outlay	_	7,010,064	_	8,635,325		1,426,316		3,037,040	
Total expenditures	_	46,561,734	_	53,445,027	_	45,039,337	_	50,426,862	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENU	ES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	9,846,916	_	5,101,174	_	6,009,484	_	2,459,301	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)								
Transfers in	,	13,232,941		3,026,651		20,571,490		5,658,471	
Transfers out	(	13,232,941)	(	3,026,651)	(	20,571,490)	(	5,667,406)	
Issuance of capital lease	`	288,628	`	319,632	`	495,976	`	-	
Sale of capital assets		267,941		298,955		513,467		22,255	
Sale of right-of-way		-		-		20,000		-	
Insurance recoveries	_	86,227		8,730	_	7,097	_	25,612	
Total other financing									
sources and uses	_	642,796	_	627,317	_	1,036,540	_	38,932	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$_	10,489,712	\$_	5,728,491	\$_	7,046,024	\$_	2,498,233	
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES		2.4%		0.9%		0.9%		1.1%	

Fiscal Year

	0040		0040		FISCA	ı re		004/			0047
	2012	_	2013	_	2014	_	2015		2016		2017
Φ	00 504 740	Φ.	40.005.000	Φ.	40.075.700	Φ.	00 000 700	Φ.	07 000 500	Φ.	07 007 004
\$	38,594,743	\$	, ,	\$	40,075,700	\$	38,883,763	\$	37,680,522	\$	37,397,684
	1,398,039		1,342,638		1,391,051		1,318,187		1,368,688		1,611,272
	2,061,285		3,755,376		4,716,379		6,706,941		6,002,423		5,290,478
	3,713,143		3,754,191		3,675,306		3,657,872		3,762,203		3,652,141
	1,444,602		1,217,869		1,237,949		1,020,076		1,053,456		908,746
	171,354		137,628		128,868		230,099		566,938		430,102
	3,352,952		3,273,148		2,694,410		2,468,488		2,681,868		1,885,931
_	359,238		255,947		285,407		288,464	_	266,969	_	484,111
	51,095,356		54,632,483		54,205,070		54,573,890		53,383,067		51,660,465
				-							_
	9,325,778		10,270,374		10,139,547		10,242,264		10,732,178		10,156,100
	7,285,879		7,563,512		7,870,174		7,996,962		8,189,239		8,304,087
	15,429,054		16,140,745		16,782,174		16,404,214		17,735,449		17,792,423
	2,944,827		2,816,765		2,779,179		3,035,557		2,942,710		2,769,152
	2,130,553		2,214,203		2,220,231		2,283,921		2,068,225		2,061,398
	4,924,912		11,348,421		6,690,923		7,120,809		5,337,956		7,011,659
	4,924,912		11,340,421		0,090,923		7,120,009		3,337,930		7,011,039
	6,478		5,619		2,216		-		390,689		393,659
	1,250		590		74		-		8,853		9,163
	1,823,401		4,752,119		5,312,160		10,956,107		8,005,304		8,271,961
_	43,872,132		55,112,348	•	51,796,678	_	58,039,834		55,410,603		56,769,602
_	,			•		_		_		_	
_	7,223,224		( 479,865)		2,408,392	(	3,465,944)	(	2,027,536)	(	5,109,137)
	569,510		7,232,851		9,447,050		11,108,908		4,803,175		3,305,204
1	669,510)		( 7,247,851)		( 9,447,050)	(	11,202,765)	(	4,803,175)	(	3,305,204
(	-		( 7,247,001)		( 3,447,000)	(	390,689	(	393,063	(	514,252
	44,658		108,642		64,243		93,991		426,806		420,632
	44,036		100,042		04,243		93,991		420,000		420,032
	95,890		56,954		- 61,408		21,892		70,160		172,319
_	95,690		50,954	•	01,400	_	21,092	_	70,100	_	172,319
	40,548		150,596		125,651		412,715		890,029		1,107,203
_	70,040		130,330	•	123,031	_	712,113	_	030,028	_	1,101,203
\$_	7,263,772	\$	( 329,269)	\$	2,534,043	\$ <u>(</u>	3,053,229)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,137,507)	\$ <u>(</u>	4,001,934)
				•							
	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.8%		0.8%
	0.076		0.076		0.076		0.076		0.076		0.076

Table 2.1 ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Real Property Residential	Real Property Commercial and Industrial	Personal Property	All Other	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Total Estimated Adjusted Taxable Value	Ratio of Assessed to Taxable Value
2017	\$ 4,783,998,161	\$ 1,683,497,067	\$ 2,201,544,674	\$ 1,195,065,994	\$ 9,864,105,896	0.2625	\$ 8,613,348,448	87.32%
2016	4,703,337,968	1,680,887,027	2,245,585,257	1,114,605,868	9,744,416,120	0.2625	8,508,354,050	87.32%
2015	4,557,346,032	1,646,063,178	2,426,246,461	1,238,924,358	9,868,580,029	0.2625	8,651,079,813	87.66%
2014	4,465,741,722	1,558,361,232	2,510,554,165	1,345,006,507	9,879,663,626	0.2625	8,668,365,415	87.74%
2013	4,350,648,888	1,496,395,216	2,598,610,843	1,303,433,696	9,749,088,643	0.2625	8,551,471,159	87.72%
2012	4,272,847,976	1,482,068,047	2,625,917,889	1,366,234,962	9,747,068,874	0.2625	8,531,427,424	87.53%
2011	4,163,385,481	1,458,990,774	2,614,937,186	1,304,153,840	9,541,467,281	0.2650	8,274,304,580	86.72%
2010	4,030,009,115	1,429,187,433	2,525,788,590	1,382,082,118	9,367,067,256	0.2675	8,093,936,284	86.41%
2009	3,975,705,322	1,482,539,709	2,716,969,670	1,486,020,405	9,661,235,106	0.2675	8,359,720,810	86.53%
2008	3,779,194,424	1,361,951,056	2,434,480,540	1,594,889,649	9,170,515,669	0.2675	7,977,911,558	87.00%

Source: Gregg County Appraisal District

Note: The difference between total assessed value and total estimated adjusted taxable value is due to tax exemptions and exclusions.

#### **Table 2.2 PROPERTY TAX RATES**

#### **DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

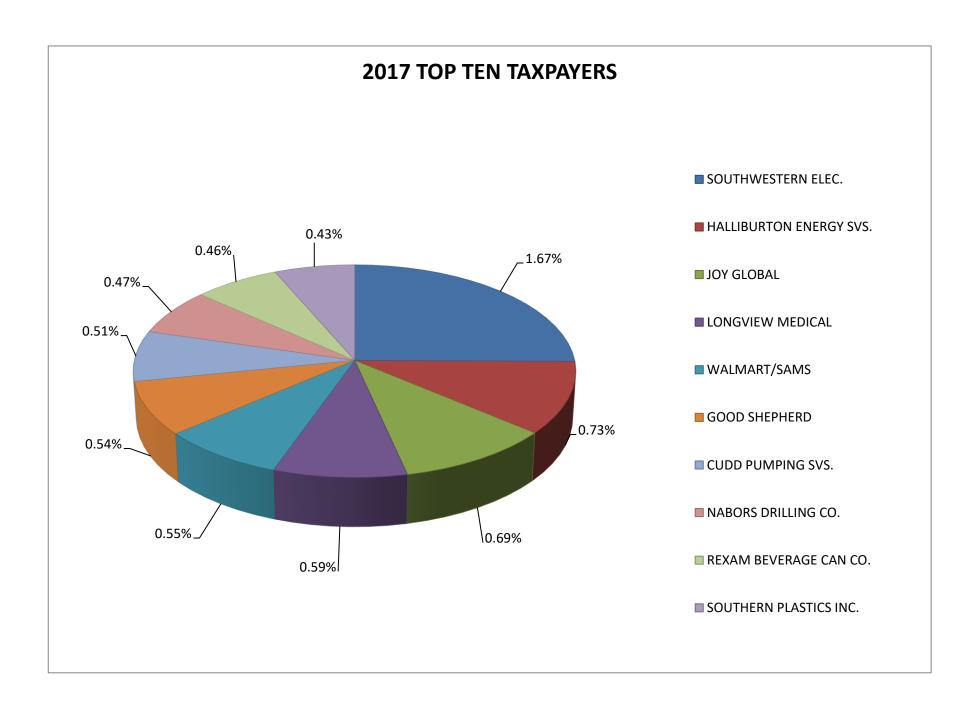
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Direct rates:										
Gregg County general rate	0.2622	0.2622	0.2622	0.2597	0.2572	0.2572	0.2572	0.2572	0.2572	0.2572
Gregg Co. special road										
and bridge rate	0.0053	0.0053	0.0053	0.0053	0.0053	0.0053	0.0053	0.0053	0.0053	0.0053
Total direct debt	0.2675	0.2675	0.2675	0.2650	0.2625	0.2625	0.2625	0.2625	0.2625	0.2625
Overlapping debt:										
City rates:										
Clarksville City	0.3678	0.4471	0.4649	0.4886	0.4196	0.4501	0.4501	0.5999	0.7399	0.6442
East Mountain	0.0903	0.8529	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1200	0.1200	0.1400	0.1334
Easton	0.1000	0.1000	0.0820	0.0794	0.0913	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500
Gladewater	0.5831	0.5831	0.6123	0.6426	0.6426	0.6445	0.6414	0.6563	0.7499	0.7500
Kilgore	0.4000	0.3924	0.3994	0.3900	0.4000	0.4200	0.4500	0.4731	0.5057	0.5390
Lakeport	0.2975	0.4011	0.6299	0.5915	0.6023	0.6275	0.6145	0.5820	0.5820	0.5799
Longview	0.4840	0.4840	0.4840	0.5009	0.5009	0.5009	0.5099	0.5099	0.5099	0.5099
Warren City	0.4560	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2403
White Oak	0.4800	0.4800	0.5200	0.5200	0.5200	0.5201	0.5317	0.5469	0.5868	0.5863
School districts:										
Gladewater ISD	1.0400	1.0400	1.1700	1.1700	1.1700	1.1700	1.4900	1.5650	1.5650	1.5650
Kilgore ISD	1.1210	1.1092	1.1092	1.3092	1.3092	1.3092	1.3092	1.3092	1.3092	1.3092
Longview ISD	1.2980	1.4202	1.5130	1.5130	1.5130	1.5130	1.5130	1.5130	1.5130	1.5130
Pine Tree ISD	1.3485	1.3785	1.3785	1.5110	1.5110	1.5500	1.5550	1.5550	1.5550	1.5550
Sabine ISD	1.0400	1.0400	1.0400	1.0400	1.0400	1.2928	1.2730	1.3014	1.3014	1.3014
Spring Hill ISD	1.5400	1.5400	1.5400	1.5400	1.6700	1.6700	1.6700	1.6700	1.6700	1.6700
White Oak ISD	1.2426	1.2457	1.2408	1.2439	1.2333	1.2432	1.2460	1.2360	1.2475	1.5030
Special district rates:										
Gregg Co. ESD #1	0.0983	0.0983	0.0983	0.0983	0.0983	0.0983	0.0983	0.0983	0.9829	0.0983
Gregg Co. ESD #2								0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
Kilgore Junior College	0.1640	0.1540	0.1540	0.1540	0.1540	0.1540	0.1540	0.1750	0.1750	0.1750
Total direct and overlapping rates	12.4185	13.5339	13.3039	13.6574	13.4880	14.0261	14.3886	14.7735	15.9958	15.2854

Source: Gregg County Appraisal District

# Table 2.3 - PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2017				2008				
Taxpayer	Total Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	
AEP Southwestern Elec Power Co./ AEP/SWEPCO/Southwestern Electric Power Co.	\$	164,276,730	1	1.67%	\$	99,637,630	3	1.09%	
Wal-Mart / Sam's		72,468,360	2	0.73%		83,602,720	4	0.91%	
Longview Medical Center/Longview Regional Hospital/Texas HCP Holding		68,114,430	3	0.69%		68,951,430	6	0.75%	
Halliburton Co./Halliburton Energy		58,144,430	4	0.59%		101,270,090	2	1.10%	
Joy Global Longview Operations LLC / Joy Global Surf Mng (fka P&H)		54,239,746	5	0.55%					
Good Shepherd/GAHC3 Longview TX Outpatient Mob II LLC/GSHS Inc.		53,217,610	6	0.54%					
Rexam Beverage Can Co		49,938,897	7	0.51%					
Nucor Steel Longview		46,339,034	8	0.47%					
Southern Plastics		45,754,540	9	0.46%					
Cudd Pumping Service/Cudd Presure Control (CPS)		42,708,840	10	0.43%		50,786,630	9	0.55% 0.00%	
Letourneau Inc						141,259,150	1	1.54%	
XTO Energy						82,730,680	5	0.90%	
BJ Services/BJ Dynacoil/BJ Coiltech						68,811,480	7	0.75%	
Exco Partners Operating						54,824,940	8	0.60%	
J-W Power Co.						47,729,500	10	0.52%	
Total	\$_	655,202,617		<u>6.64</u> %	\$_	799,604,250		<u>8.72</u> %	

Source: Gregg County Appraisal District



# Table 2.4 PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected Within

Fiscal Year of Levy							_	Total Collectio	ns to Date				
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy for Fiscal Year		Levy Collected	Percent of Original Levy	to Su	ustments Levy in bsequent Years	Total Adj. Levv	collections in ubsequent Years		Total Collections To Date	Percent of Adjusted Levy	elinquent Taxes 09/30/17	Delinquent Taxes to Total Adj. Levy
Teal	i isoai i cai		Ooncoled	Original Levy		TCars	 LCVy	 i cais	_	10 Date	LCVy	 00/00/17	LCVy
2008	\$ 19,129,114	\$	18,863,462	98.61%		25,132	\$ 19,154,246	\$ 229,243	\$	19,092,705	99.68%	\$ 61,541	0.32%
2009	21,017,998		20,727,939	98.62%		48,617	21,066,615	274,707		21,002,646	99.70%	63,969	0.30%
2010	21,713,885		21,571,949	99.35%		186,921	21,900,805	275,173		21,847,122	99.75%	53,683	0.25%
2011	21,259,861		21,016,555	98.86%		51,587	21,311,448	238,792		21,255,347	99.74%	56,101	0.26%
2012	21,541,094		21,294,083	98.85%		53,904	21,594,998	242,762		21,536,846	99.73%	58,152	0.27%
2013	22,022,808		21,567,906	97.93%	(	15,051)	22,007,757	302,693		21,870,599	99.38%	137,158	0.62%
2014	22,067,295		21,783,376	98.71%		40,406	22,107,701	188,955		21,972,330	99.39%	135,370	0.61%
2015	22,365,509		22,035,855	98.53%		9,311	22,374,820	182,499		22,218,354	99.30%	156,466	0.70%
2016	22,328,401		21,950,095	98.31%	(	1,297)	22,327,104	151,957		22,102,053	98.99%	225,051	1.01%
2017	21,970,434		21,583,173	98.24%		17,431	21,987,866	-		21,583,173	98.16%	404,693	1.84%

<sup>(1)</sup> Taxes are levied on assessed property values on January 1 of prior calendar year (i.e., in 2016, taxes are levied on calendar year 2015)

<sup>(2)</sup> Adjustments to the original levy include exonerations, tax relief, and supplemental assessments

<sup>(3)</sup> This table includes real estate taxes only and does not include penalty and interest

GREGG COUNTY, TEXAS

Table 2.5 GOVERNMENT REVENUE BY SOURCE

Fiscal Year	Taxes	Licenses and Permits	Inter- Governmental	Charges for Services	Fines and Forfeitures	Investment Earnings	Rents and Commissions	Miscellaneous	Totals
2017 \$	37,397,684	\$ 1,611,272	\$ 5,290,478	\$ 3,652,141	\$ 908,746	\$ 430,102	\$ 1,885,931	\$ 484,111 \$	51,660,465
2016	37,680,521	1,368,687	6,002,422	3,762,205	1,053,456	567,035	2,681,868	266,871	53,383,067
2015	38,883,763	1,318,187	6,706,941	3,657,872	1,020,076	230,099	2,468,488	288,464	54,573,890
2014	40,075,700	1,391,051	4,716,379	3,675,306	1,237,949	128,868	2,694,410	285,407	54,205,070
2013	40,895,684	1,342,638	3,744,387	3,784,071	1,217,868	137,629	3,273,148	226,012	54,621,437
2012	38,594,743	1,398,039	2,096,963	3,750,936	1,406,809	171,354	3,352,952	323,560	51,095,356
2011	38,362,150	1,237,844	3,731,436	3,774,549	1,168,021	251,352	1,033,682	3,327,129	52,886,163
2010	37,149,062	1,291,763	3,135,838	3,810,630	1,156,767	237,182	965,940	3,301,639	51,048,821
2009	36,962,804	1,339,496	9,323,668	3,935,251	1,196,596	1,001,794	1,081,838	3,704,754	58,546,201
2008	35,625,377	1,302,467	8,123,597	4,033,578	1,121,854	1,265,171	788,573	4,148,033	56,408,650

Source: Extracted from Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

# Table 3.1 RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	•		Notes Payable		Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income <sup>1</sup>	Per Capita <sup>1</sup>	
2017	\$	513,656	\$	-	\$	513,656	*		*
2016		393,063		-		393,063	0.01%	\$	3.18
2015		390,689		-		390,689	0.01%		3.15
2014		-		-		-	0.00%		-
2013		2,216		-		2,216	0.00%		0.02
2012		7,833		-		7,833	0.00%		0.06
2011		13,658		-		13,658	0.00%		0.11
2010		522,190		-		522,190	0.01%		4.28
2009		340,296		94,796		435,092	0.01%		3.64
2008		288,420		185,034		473,454	0.01%		4.02

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

<sup>\*</sup> Personal income and per capita income data unavailable

# Table 3.2 RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

The County has had no general bonded debt outstanding in the past ten fiscal years.



# Table 3.3 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Government Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt		
Direct Debt:					
Gregg County	\$ 513,656	100%	\$	513,656	
	513,656			513,656	
Overlapping Debt:					
Clarksville City, City of	2,537,266	99.96%		2,536,251	
Gladewater, City of	3,752,208	60.98%		2,288,096	
Kilgore College	907,610	64.77%		587,859	
Kilgore, City of	3,800,000	86.54%		3,288,520	
Kilgore Independent School District	50,643,014	71.69%		36,305,977	
Lakeport, City of	136,442	100.00%		136,442	
Longview, City of	71,723,007	94.89%		68,057,961	
Gladewater Independent School District	34,084,930	56.50%		19,257,985	
Longview Independent School District	223,800,604	100.00%		223,800,604	
Pine Tree Independent School District	67,325,855	100.00%		67,325,855	
Sabine Independent School District	19,185,317	100.00%		19,185,317	
Spring Hill Independent School District	44,472,270	100.00%		44,472,270	
White Oak Independent School District	22,563,504	100.00%		22,563,504	
Total Overlapping Debt	544,932,027			509,806,642	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ <u>545,445,683</u>		\$ <u></u>	510,320,298	

Note: (1) The percentage of overlapping debt is estimated using taxable assessed property values.

# Table 3.4 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt Limit	\$ 1,994,477,890	\$ 2,089,930,203	\$ 2,023,484,071	\$ 2,068,576,145
Total net debt applicable to limit				
Legal Debt Margin	\$ <u>1,994,477,890</u>	\$ 2,089,930,203	\$ <u>2,023,484,071</u>	\$ <u>2,068,576,145</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Fiscal Year

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 2,132,856,856	\$ 2,137,867,790	\$ 2,167,091,354	\$ 2,467,145,007	\$ 2,436,104,030	\$ 2,466,026,474
\$ <u>2,132,856,856</u>	\$ <u>2,137,867,790</u>	\$ <u>2,167,091,354</u>	\$ <u>2,467,145,007</u>	\$ <u>2,436,104,030</u>	\$ <u>2,466,026,474</u>
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

# Table 4.1 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Year	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)		Per Capita Income		Unemployment Rate
2017	*		*		*	4.5%
2016	123,745	\$	5,516,563	\$	44,580	6.6%
2015	124,108		5,791,380		46,664	5.0%
2014	123,204		6,149,459		49,913	4.3%
2013	123,024		5,897,052		47,934	5.5%
2012	122,658		5,759,320		46,954	5.6%
2011	123,081		5,319,858		43,222	6.8%
2010	121,906		4,885,931		40,079	7.2%
2009	119,637		5,051,999		42,228	7.1%
2008	117,665		5,157,005		43,828	4.0%

Sources: Texas Workforce Commission Bureau of Economic Analysis

\* Data unavailable

# Table 4.2 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

#### **CURRENT YEAR**

	2017		
		Percentage of Total	
		County	
Employer	Employees	Employees	
Christus Good Shepherd Health System	2,529	3.8%	
Eastman Chemical	1,463	2.2%	
Longview ISD	1,288	1.9%	
Wal-Mart	1,060	1.6%	
Longview Regional Medical Center	1,032	1.5%	
Trinity Rail, LLC	972	1.5%	
City of Longview	934	1.4%	
Pine Tree ISD	680	1.0%	
Diagnostic Clinic of Longview	608	0.9%	
Gregg County	550	0.8%	
Total	11,116	<u>16.6</u> %	

Source: Longview Economic Development Corporation

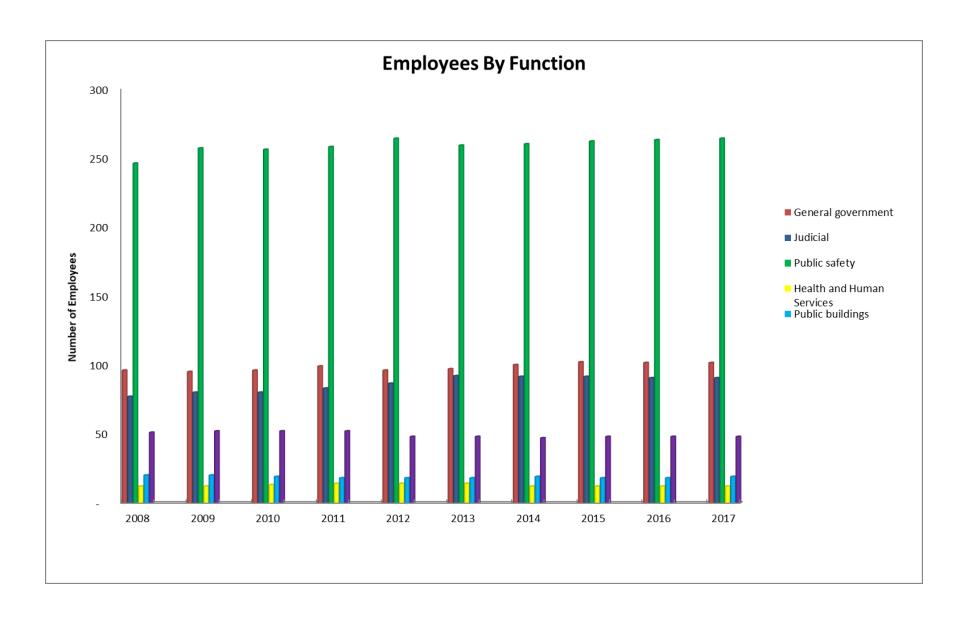
Notes: Percentage of total County employment is based on County employment of 66,905.

<sup>\*</sup> Information for 9 years prior was not available.

# Table 5.1 COUNTY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government	96	95	96	99	96	97	100	102	102	102
Judicial	77	80	80	83	87	92	92	92	91	91
Public safety	246	257	256	258	264	259	260	262	263	264
Health and Human Services	12	12	13	14	14	14	12	12	12	12
Public buildings	20	20	19	18	18	18	19	18	18	19
Transportation and roads	51	52	52	52	48	48	47	48	48	48
Totals	502	516	<u>516</u>	524	527	528	530	534	533	535

Source: Gregg County Budget



#### **Table 5.2 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government	·									
County Finance										
Accounts Payable Checks Processed	9,627	10,560	8,321	7,845	8,409	8,789	8,493	8,365	8,592	8,652
Tax Office (1)										
Motor vehicle registrations	128,732	128,189	127,751	129,604	133,481	133,761	134,302	131,334	129,890	128,866
Motor vehicle titles issued	47,626	39,293	39,992	45,622	49,178	49,411	48,757	47,843	45,630	45,020
Elections Office										
Registered Voters	71,799	67,977	68,612	64,458	66,464	65,680	66,146	65,678	68,833	67,696
Number of Elections Held	13	7	13	5	11	10	11	6	10	4
Judicial										
District Court level										
Civil & Family cases filed	3,838	3,583	4,076	3,319	3,064	3,417	3,297	3,091	3,253	3,004
Criminal cases filed	1,467	1,604	1,751	1,304	1,266	1,389	1,519	1,266	1,368	1,233
County Court level										
Probate/Mental Health cases filed	488	449	528	591	629	525	516	542	627	621
Statutory County Court level (2)										
Civil cases filed	564	469	413	1,181	1,174	1,180	1,117	1,195	1,108	1,083
Criminal cases filed	5,631	5,168	4,895	4,328	4,005	4,129	3,684	3,541	3,300	3,250
Law Enforcement/Corrections (3)										
Jail facilities										
Jail Book-ins	12,125	11,320	10,519	10,556	10,696	10,282	9,419	9,098	9,171	9,150
Law Enforcement										
Warrants executed	3,417	3,041	4,358	4,462	4,340	5,770	4,496	4,461	4,469	4,225
Civil process served	5,222	5,341	4,853	4,585	4,165	3,523	4,629	4,314	4,780	3,218
Health & Human Services										
Patients seen by Doctor	836	847	769	841	757	646	477	603	586	617
Patients seen by Nurse	1,583	2,584	2,266	2,501	2,848	2,354	2,032	2,433	2,676	2,764
Immunizations (# of shots)	6,346	7,781	7,142	11,158	7,504	5,440	5,254	5,077	4,962	4,374
Welfare Applicants	1,277	1,686	1,359	1,444	1,377	1,004	820	1,274	1,235	1,291
Transportation & Roads										
Miles of County Roads	279	281	281	281	281	281	281	281	281	281

Sources: County departmental and court statistical reports for state and local reporting requirements

<sup>(1)</sup> Tax Office data based on State Fiscal year

<sup>(2)</sup> Change in Texas OCA reporting requirements

<sup>(3)</sup> Law Enforcement data based on calendar year

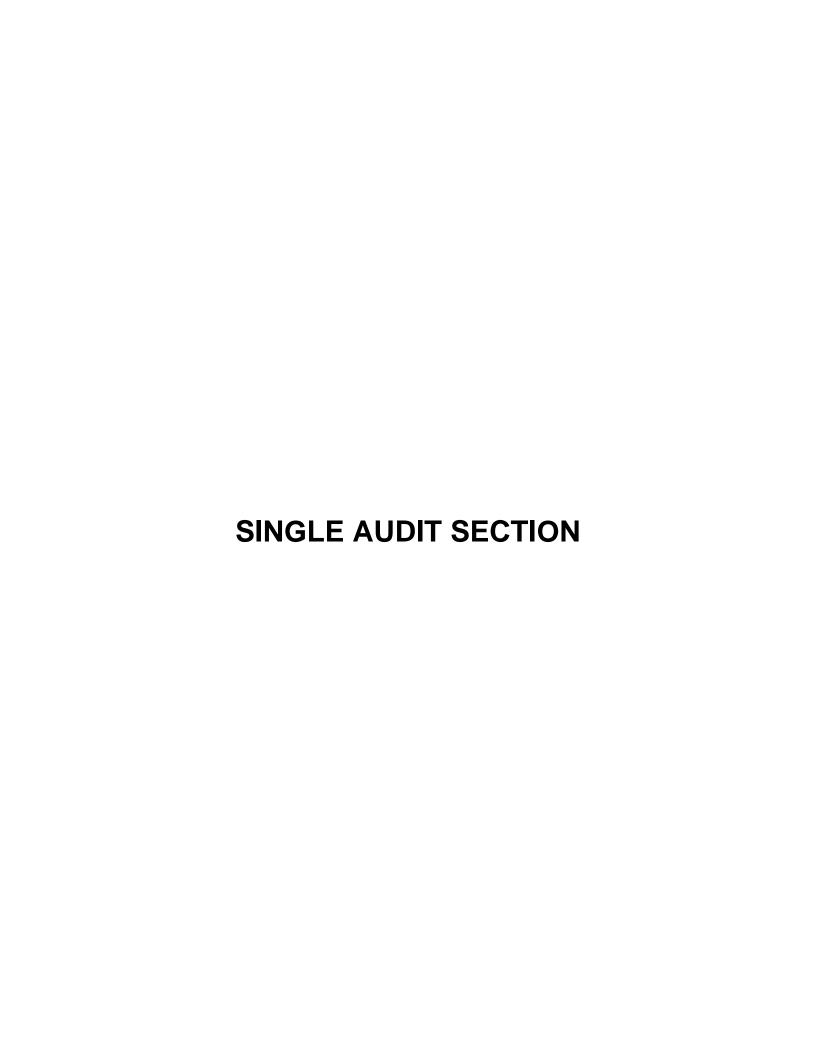
# Table 5.3 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government Vehicles	7	6	6	6	6	10	9	10	9	9
Judicial										
Vehicles	2	2	3	3	3	4	5	6	5	5
Video/sound system	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Law enforcement/corrections										
Vehicles	57	73	77	91	93	99	88	97	98	106
Transportation and roads										
Road and bridge vehicles	28	33	34	34	36	29	31	32	33	31
Road and bridge equipment	113	120	113	113	116	111	111	109	112	118
Public buildings										
Vehicles	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	3
Health and human services										
Vehicles	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Source: Gregg County depreciation schedules

# Table 5.4 SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Insuring Company	Type of Coverage	Policy From	Policy To	Summary of Coverage	Liability Limits	
Texas Public Entity Group Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	Property	10/01/16	10/01/17	Buildings Personal Property Valuable Papers	\$ 88,579,483 50,000 250,000	
Texas Public Entity Group Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	Commerical Crime	10/01/16	10/01/17	Employee Theft - per loss Computer Crime Funds Transfer Fraud Forgery	600,000 600,000 600,000 600,000	
Texas Public Entity Group Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	Auto	10/01/16	10/01/17	Liability Comprehensive	1,000,000 Actual cash value or cost of repair (lessor of)	
				Collision	Actual cash value or cost of repair (lessor of)	
Texas Public Entity Group Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	Cyber Theft	10/01/16	10/01/17	General Aggregate Crisis Management Security Breach Notification	1,000,000 50,000 50,000	
Texas Public Entity Group Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	Commercial General Liability	10/01/16	10/01/17	General Aggregate	400,000	
Texas Public Entity Group Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	Employee Benefits Liability	10/01/16	10/01/17	Aggregate Limit	3,000,000	
Tac Risk Management Pool	Public Officials Liability	10/01/16	10/01/17	Aggregate	2,000,000	
JamisonPro	State Judges Professional Liability	01/01/17	01/01/18	Damages / Claims Exp.	1,000,000	
Tac Risk Management Pool	Law Enforcement Liability	10/01/16	10/01/17	Aggregate	2,000,000	
Evanston Insurance Company Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	Gregg Co. Jail/Medical Services	12/15/16	12/15/17	Aggregate	3,000,000	
Admiral Insurance Company Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	Health Department	10/01/16	10/01/17	Aggregate	1,000,000	
Old Republic Insurance Company Agent: Rooker Downing & Booth	East Texas Regional Airport	10/01/16	10/01/17	Products Personal Injury Malpractice Hangar keepers Fire Damage	5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 50,000	
Nautilus Insurance Company	Storage Tank Systems	08/04/17	08/04/18	Clean up costs, Third	1,000,000	







# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Court Gregg County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gregg County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 2, 2018.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas April 2, 2018



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Court Gregg County, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Gregg County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance*). Those standards and the *Uniform Guidance* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas April 2, 2018

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Federal Grantor or Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
	U.S. Department of Justice			
FY 2016	Direct Programs: DEA 2016 State and Local Task Force Agreement	16.001	\$ 19,760	\$ -
2016-AP-BX-0331	State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	27,859	-
FY 2017	ATF Task Force	16.U01	12,989	-
	Total Direct Programs		60,608	-
	<u>-</u>			
	Passed through the Texas Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice Division:			
2929701	Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	35,616	-
2816503	Violence Against Women Formula Grant	16.588	62,176	-
2816504	Violence Against Women Formula Grant	16.588	8,747	
	Total CFDA 16.588		70,923	<del>-</del>
3117001	Body Camera Program	16.835	40,680	
	Total Passed through the Texas Office of the			
	Governor - Criminal Justice Division		147,219	
	Total U.S. Department of Justice		207,827	
	U.S. Department of Transportation			
	Direct Programs:			
3-48-0137-43	Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3,355,888	
	Total Direct Programs		3,355,888	
	Total U.S. Department of Transportation		3,355,888	

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Federal Grantor or Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
	Passed through Texas Department of State Health Services:			
537-18-0058-00001	Immunization Branch - Locals	93.268	\$ 14,493	\$ -
2016-001080-00	Immunization Branch - Locals	93.268	192,246	· <u> </u>
	Total Passed through Texas Department of			
	State Health Services		206,739	
	Passed through Texas Department of Family and			
	Protective Services:			
23938981	Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	21,365	-
23938980	Child Welfare Services Title IV-E	93.658	8,276	
	Total Passed through Texas Department of			
	Family and Protective Services		29,641	
	Total U.S. Department of Health and			
	Human Services		236,380	
	110.0			
	U.S. Department of Homeland Security Direct Programs:			
HSTS0216HSLR854	Law Enforcement Officer			
	Reimbursement Agreement Program	97.090	25,560	-
	Total Direct Programs		25,560	-
	Passed through Texas Department of			
	Public Safety:			
3061801	State Homeland Security Program 2014	97.067	42,726	_
3001001	Total Passed through Texas Department of	91.001	42,720	
	Public Safety		42,726	-
	·		68,286	
	Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		00,200	<del></del>
	Total Federal Awards		\$ 3,868,381	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

#### 1. GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal awards programs of Gregg County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note 1 of the financial statements.

#### 3. INDIRECT COSTS

The County has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the *Uniform Guidance*.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### **Summary of Auditors' Results**

Financial Statements:

Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements

noted?

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with the

Uniform Guidance None

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number: Name of Federal Program:
20.106 Airport Improvement Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Findings Related to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None



# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

None

